

08-CV-01846-CMP

United States  
Western District of Washington

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Lance P. McDermott  
Plaintiff,

vs.

John P. Potter, Postmaster  
General, United States Postal  
Service

Defendant

) Case No.:

AT SEATTLE  
CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
DEPUTY

CV8 1846 JCC

) Civil Action pursuant to Title  
) VII of the Civil Rights Act of  
) 1964, 42 U.S.C. section 1983  
) and section 2000e. The Age  
) Discrimination in Employment  
) Act of 1967, 29 U.S.C. section  
) 621, 633a, and the  
) Whistleblower Protection Act of  
) 1989, 31 U.S.C. section 3730(h)

28 December 2008

) Noted for consideration on 16  
) January 2009

### Declaration

The form of this personal action is *Trespass* for unlawful injury discrimination to my person and retaliation in violation of my Protected Activity rights. Count 1 - Officials and Agents of the United States Postal Service discriminated against me in regard to conditions of employment, training and promotion. Count 2 - Officials and Agents of the United States Postal Service retaliated against me for my participation in protected activities.

### Jurisdiction over the Person

1 Pursuant to the Postal Service Accountability Act of 2006  
2 incorporated in Title 39 section 409 Congress has removed the  
3 immunity of the United States Postal Service from suit and gave  
4 jurisdiction to the Federal Courts.

5 Subject Matter Jurisdiction

6 I am asserting my claim created by federal law pursuant to 28  
7 U.S.C.A. section 1331 that there are Federal Questions about my  
8 Federal Employer to be answered by the Federal Court.

9 Jurisdiction to Render Judgment

10 This action is brought pursuant to Title VII of the Civil  
11 Rights Act of 1964 for employment discrimination. Jurisdiction  
12 is conferred on the Court by 42 U.S.C. Section 1983 and section  
13 2000e-5. Equitable and other relief is sought under 42 U.S.C.  
14 Section 2000e-5(g). Whistleblower Protection Act of 1989 for  
15 employment retaliation.

16 Scope of Jurisdiction

17 The scope of the Court's jurisdiction is within the  
18 Constitution Article III section 2 and Congressional Statutes  
19 named in this pleading.

20 Standing

21 Notice of Intent to Sue, 8 January 2007 (exhibit 15), EEOC  
22 Decision, Right to File Civil Action, 2 October 2008 (exhibit 19)  
23 EEOC Decision, Right to File Civil Action, 10 November 2008  
24 (exhibit 80) and Notice of Intent to Sue, 22 November 2008  
25 (exhibit 87).

1 EEOC NOTICE Number 915.002 - "Standing is generally interpreted  
 2 broadly under employment discrimination laws to achieve the  
 3 statutory goal of equal employment opportunity. Hackett v.  
 4 McGuire Bros., Inc., 445 F.2d 442, 3 EPD Par. 8,276 (3d Cir.  
 5 1971) ("[t]he national public policy reflected . . . in Title VII  
 6 . . . may not be frustrated by the development of overly  
 7 technical judicial doctrines of standing or election of  
 8 remedies"). 6 Cf. McKennon v. Nashville Banner Publishing Co.,  
 9 115 S.Ct. 879, 885, 65 EPD Par. 43,368 (1995) (regarding the  
 10 ADEA: "[t]he disclosure through litigation of incidents or  
 11 practices which violate national policies respecting  
 12 nondiscrimination in the work force is itself important, for the  
 13 occurrence of violations may disclose patterns of noncompliance  
 14 resulting from a misappreciation of the Act's operation or  
 15 entrenched resistance to its commands, either of which can be of  
 16 industry wide significance")."

#### 11 Background

12 My original Equal Employment Opportunity complaints:

13 EEO Complaint with 3 exhibits (exhibit 1) filed 4 January 2006:

- 14 1. Age - I was given a 2005 Maintenance Grinch Award during a  
 15 Management held staff meeting and 18 cents on 23 December  
 16 2005 two days before Christmas (exhibit 38).

17 EEO Complaint with 3 exhibits (exhibit 2) filed 5 April 2006

- 18 2. Sex - Management did not post on the official bulletin  
 19 board in the P&DC facility the Supervisor Job Vacancy  
 20 Announcement the required 15 days and denied me the  
 21 opportunity to apply for a higher level position (exhibit  
 22 25).

23  
 24 I attended mediation on 15 May 2006 that resulted in no  
 25 agreement, (exhibit 28).

1 The two complaints were combined into one EEOC case #1E-981-  
2 0018-06. I received the Notice of Right to File and pre-  
3 investigation response dated 16 March 2006, (exhibit 22).

4 I received a Transmittal of Investigative File and Acknowledge  
5 letter, 1E-981-0018-06, dated 4 April 2006, (exhibit 74).

6 Equal Employment Opportunity Contract Investigator Mary  
7 Rogers started the formal investigation into my claims on 25 May  
8 2006, (exhibit 5).

9 I received a Partial Acceptance letter from the EEO  
10 Compliance and Appeals dated 9 May 2006, (exhibit 30).

11 I received a Revised Partial Acceptance letter from EEO  
12 Compliance dated 10 May 2006, (exhibit 31).

13 I sent a letter to EEOC on 22 May 2006, to try and correct  
14 the errors in the Acceptance letter in regards to sex/age  
15 allegations (exhibit 32).

16 I received a letter from the EEO contract investigator asking  
17 for an affidavit regarding the sex/age issue (exhibit 58)

18 The formal investigation was completed on 13 July 2006,  
19 (exhibit 6) producing a 2.5" thick report with hundreds of pages.

20 I filled out a Request for Hearing form on 3 August 2006,  
21 (exhibit 33).

22 I received a letter dated, 25 September 2006, from the  
23 Administrative Judge ordering the Postal Service to produce the  
24 complaint file, (exhibit 34).

25

1 I received a letter dated, 28 September 2006, from the EEO  
2 Services revealing that the file was sent on 14 August 2006,  
3 (exhibit 35).

4 I received an Acknowledgment and Order from EEOC  
5 Administrative Judge Steven R. Gaffin dated 13 November 2006,  
6 (exhibit 7).

7 I received an acknowledgment letter from USPS Law Department  
8 Attorney Richard C. Mosher and Notice of Deposition for 4  
9 December 2006, both dated 17 November 2006, (less than 20 days  
10 notice requirement) (exhibits 8).

11 I filed a Motion for Protection from the Deposition on 24  
12 November 2006, (within 10 days) (exhibit 9) with the  
13 Administrative Judge and contract Attorney. I sent a request for  
14 a settlement meeting and discovery documents to the Attorney on  
15 24 November 2006, (exhibit 57).

16 I received a recorded phone message from Attorney Mosher that  
17 "I'm already in Seattle" on 30 November 2006, @ 1:21pm on my home  
18 phone. I received a recorded phone call from Judge Gaffin that  
19 said "pretty routine" on 30 November 2006 @ 1:33pm. I received a  
20 recorded phone call from Attorney Mosher that said "since you  
21 never called me back" on 1 December 2006, (exhibits 10).

22 I called Judge Gaffin back on 1 December 2006, and complained  
23 about the ex parte communications. The Judge tried to call the  
24 Attorney for a conference call. I asked the judge if he had  
25 already made a decision on the Motion for Protection and he said

1 yes. I told him that the conference call was not necessary and  
2 he left a message with the Attorney. He orally denied my Motion.

3 I received an Order Denying the Motion for Protection dated 1  
4 December 2006, (exhibit 11). III Analysis and Order: - "I find  
5 that the complainant failed to certify that he conferred with the  
6 opposing party to attempt to resolve the discovery dispute.  
7 Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that complainant's motion for a  
8 protective order IS DENIED." 1. I did send a letter within the  
9 10 days required and the Certificate of Service. 2. The  
10 Attorney did not contact me until he was already in Seattle. 3.  
11 There is no EEOC Administrative or FRCP rule for me to make any  
12 other "certified" contact.

13  
14 I attended the deposition on 4 December 2006, (exhibit 12).

15 I received the Agency's Response to my request dated 24  
16 November 2006 for Discovery documents on, 22 December 2006, (28  
17 days later) that said "The Agency objects to producing documents  
18 for job vacancies that Complainant never applied for... which can  
19 have no possible relevance in this case except for pure  
20 harassment of management officials," (exhibit 13).

21 I received the Agency's First Set of interrogatories on 28  
22 December 2006, (exhibit 14).

23 I filed a Notice of Intent to Sue and Allegations of Process  
24 Discrimination, because the Postal Service had taken over 180  
25 days to process my complaint with the Equal Employment

1 Opportunity Commission (EEOC) with 13 exhibits on 8 January 2007,  
2 (exhibit 15) within the 10 day response limit.

3  
4 EEO Complaint with 5 exhibits (exhibit 3) filed on 3 May 2007:

5 3. Age - During a morning meeting a fellow employee directed  
6 foul, abusive and threatening language and gestures at me  
7 (exhibit 38).

8 4. Age - The Supervisor did nothing and the other employee  
9 was allowed to go to a training class the next week that was  
10 cancelled for me (exhibit 38).

11 5. Retaliation - For EEO activity case #551-2006-00173X,  
12 Jan 06 (exhibit 38).

13  
14 I attended mediation on 24 May 2007 with no agreement for EEO  
15 case #1E-981-0037-07, (exhibit 27).

16 I received a Notice of Final Interview for case #1E-981-0037-  
17 07 dated 27 July 2007, (exhibit 38).

18 I received a letter dated 23 November 2007, from National EEO  
19 Compliance & Appeals Programs, subject: Employee Rights and  
20 Remedies under Antidiscrimination Laws, with a copy of  
21 Publication 133, What You Need to Know about EEO, (exhibit 37).

22 On 27 February 2008 I was told by a fellow employee about a  
23 Tool & Parts Supervisor's job vacancy announcement had been  
24 posted on the PostalPEOPLE EAS Vacancy website that was not  
25 posted on the Official Bulletin Board. I noticed that it closed

1 that day on the 27<sup>th</sup> of February 2008 and I filled out my 991  
2 application (exhibit 23). I went to the Riverton Post Office  
3 after work (2:30pm) and placed it in the mailbox out front to be  
4 postmarked for the 27<sup>th</sup> of February, the closing day of the  
5 vacancy announcement. I received an undated letter from Human  
6 Resources contract Shared Service Center that the application was  
7 postmarked after the closing date, (exhibit 24).

8  
9 EEO Complaint with 1 exhibit (exhibit 4) filed on 29 March 2008:

10 6. Sex - Karen Black was given preferential treatment when  
11 given training and assigned to a temporary higher level EAS  
12 (supervisor) position in Tools & Parts (exhibit 25).

13 7. Sex - Management did not post the job vacancy  
14 announcement on the employee bulletin boards in all  
15 facilities in the recruitment area as required by 39 CFR  
16 243.2(a), handbook EL 312.223 & 321.2, Handbook EL-350.3,  
17 and ELM 612.231 & 334.33 the job vacancy announcement  
18 (exhibit 25).

19 8. Sex - I mailed my 991 before the closing of the position  
20 (exhibit 23). The undated letter I received (exhibit 24)  
21 stated that the 991 was not received before the posting  
22 was closed.

23 9. Sex - Karen Black was given assistance and preferential  
24 treatment by management before being selected for the  
25



1 Supervisor (permanent) position in Tool & Parts (exhibit  
2 25).

3 10. Retaliation - Prior EEO activity case number 1E-981-  
4 0018, Aug 06, and 1E-981-0037, Apr 08 (exhibit 4).

5  
6 Effective April 1, 2008, all EAS job vacancy announcements are  
7 to be posted on eCareer (Exhibit 55, pg 3).

8 I had Mediation on 4 April 2008 with no agreement for case  
9 #1E-981-0022-08, (exhibit 26).

10 I received a Notice of Right to File and pre-investigation  
11 inquiry response dated 10 April 2008, for case #1E-981-0022-08,  
12 (exhibit 25).

13 I received Notice of Right to File EEO case # 1E-981-0044-08  
14 dated 2 Jun 08, (exhibit 54).

15 I received Dismissal of Formal EEO Complaint 1E-981-0044-08,  
16 18 Jun 08, with the EEO Dispute Resolution Specialist's Inquiry  
17 report (exhibit 55).

18 I received Acknowledgement of Complaint dated 23 June 2008,  
19 (Exhibit 29). The two new EEO complaints were combined into case  
20 #1E-981-0044-08 by the contract EEO Investigative Services.

21 I received a Motion for a Decision without a Hearing by the  
22 Administrative Judge from the new Attorney Michael R. Tita dated  
23 11 June 2008 for EEOC agency #1E-981-0018-06 for the closed  
24 administrative complaint (exhibit 16)

1 I filed a Motion for a Decision with the Administrative Judge  
2 for 1E-981-0018-06 on 24 June 2008, (exhibit 17).

3 I received a Decision by the Administrative Judge without a  
4 Hearing for 1E-981-0018-06 dated 1 July 2008, (exhibit 52).

5 I also filed a Petition for Remedy with the EEO Commission on  
6 24 June 2008 for #1E-981-0018-06, (exhibit 18).

7 I received acknowledgement from the EEOC dated 7 July 2008  
8 and request for statement in support of the Petition of 1E-981-  
9 0018-06, (exhibit 60).

10 I received an Agency's Brief in for #1E-981-0018-06  
11 Opposition and Motion to dismiss dated 14 July 2007(?), (exhibit  
12 36).

13 I filed an Appeal with 31 exhibits for EEO #1E-981-0018-06  
14 with the EEO Commission on 23 July 2008, (exhibit 53).

15 I filed a Supporting Statement with 15 exhibits for #1E-981-  
16 0018-06 on 23 July 2008, (exhibit 64).

17 I filed an Appeal of the Administrative Judge's decision with  
18 8 exhibits for EEO #1E-981-0044-08 with the EEO Commission on 23  
19 July 2008, (exhibit 56).

20 I received an Agency's Response to Complainant's Appeal of  
21 Decision by an Administrative Judge without a Hearing, #1E-981-  
22 0018-06, dated 4 Aug 08, (exhibit 78).

23 I filed a Statement in Opposition for EEO # 1E-981-0018-06  
24 and 1E-981-0044-08 on 13 August 2008 with the EEOC Office of  
25 Federal Operations (exhibit 21).

1 I filed a Statement in Opposition to Agency's Response for  
2 #1E-981-0018-06/1E-981-0044-08 with two exhibits on 13 August  
3 2008 (exhibit 65).

4 I filed a Motion in Opposition to agency's Motion to Dismiss  
5 #1E-981-0018-06 on 23 July 2008, (exhibit 66).

6 I received an Agency's Response for my Appeal and Supporting  
7 Statement from the Attorney dated 4 August 2008, (exhibit 68).

8 I received Acknowledge and Request for Supporting Statement  
9 for the Appeal of #1E-981-0044-08 from the EEOC dated 19 August  
10 2008, (exhibit 61).

11 I sent a Supporting Statement for 1E981001806 and 1E981004408  
12 to the EEOC on 2 September 2008, (exhibit 67).

13 I received a Motion to Strike Supporting Statements for EEO  
14 #1E-981-0018-06 dated 5 September 2008, (exhibit 62).

15 I sent a Motion to Combine Complaints #1E981004408 and  
16 #1E981001806 dated 11 September 2008, (exhibit 63).

17 I received a copy of a letter from the EEO Services Analyst  
18 29 September 2008 for #1E-981-0044-08 to Director of EEOC Office  
19 of Federal Operations stating "On appeal, Complainant provides no  
20 substantive evidence that would persuade the commission to  
21 disturb the Agency's July 14, 2008, decision," (exhibit 20).

22 I received a Decision from the EEO Commission for the Appeal  
23 of the Administrative Judge's 14 July 2008 Decision for #1E-981-  
24 0018-06 on 2 October 2008, (exhibit 19). "Complainant has not  
25 presented any material facts in dispute and he does not argue

1 that the AJ made improper credibility determinations... Moreover,  
2 complainant offers only conjecture..."

3 I received a Decision and Notice of Right to Sue from the EEO  
4 Commission Office of Federal Operations for appeal of #1E-981-  
5 0044-08 dated 10 November 2008 (exhibit 80). "The Commission  
6 finds that the agency has mischaracterized complaint's claim."

7 I received a Copy of EEOC's Compliance Letter to the Agency  
8 dated 13 November 2008 (exhibit 106) to direct "your agency to  
9 accept the complainant's complaint for processing."

10 I received an Acknowledge and Acceptance of Remanded Claim  
11 from the EEO Investigative Service Office for EEO #1E-0044-08,  
12 dated 14 November 2008 (exhibit 86). "In or around April 2008,  
13 Complainant was excluded from consideration..."

14 I sent a letter back to the EEO Investigative Service of  
15 Disagreement and Notice of Intent to Sue, 22 November 2008  
16 (exhibit 87).

17 I received a response letter from the National EEO  
18 Investigation Services Office 1 December 2008 (exhibit 170). -  
19 "With regard to EEO Case #1E-981-0044-08, you alleged that the  
20 agency mischaracterized the issue outlined in the agency's  
21 *Acknowledgement and Acceptance of Remanded Claim* notice dated  
22 November 14, 2008. However, the issue was framed in the same  
23 manner in which OFO framed it in their November 10, 2008  
24 decision." The EEOC Decision 10 November 2008 (exhibit 80) - "...  
25 Whether or not complainant was not selected because his

1 application was submitted late and whether or not vacancy  
2 announcements are made to employees goes to the merits of his  
3 claim, which cannot be resolved without an investigation."  
4 Again, the contracted National EEO Investigation Service Office  
5 is mischaracterizing my original complaints (exhibits 1-4) and  
6 the EEOC's Decision (exhibit 80). The Contract EEO investigator  
7 is "framing" my EEO complaints to one issue that they will  
8 pretext.

9 I received a letter from the National EEO Investigation  
10 Service Office dated 5 December 2008 (exhibit 172) assigning  
11 Linda Falcao the Contract EEO Investigator for my closed by the  
12 Notice-of-Intent-to-Sue EEO administrative Complaint.

13 Received 13 affidavit questions from the contract EEO  
14 Investigator dated 9 December 2008 (exhibit 173).

15  
16 In Quinn v. Syracuse Model Neighborhood Corp., 613 F.2d. 438,  
17 445 (2d Cir.1980) - "The litigant opposing summary judgment,  
18 therefore 'may not rest upon mere conclusory allegations or  
19 denials' as a vehicle for obtaining trial... Rather, he must bring  
20 to the district court's attention some affirmative indication  
21 that his version of relevant events is not fanciful."

22  
23 My version of relevant events:

24 Discrimination

25 GRINCH AWARD:

1 1. I was given a 2005 Maintenance Grinch Award during a staff  
2 meeting and 18 cents (exhibit 1) two days before Christmas  
3 Title 5 section 2302 Prohibited Personnel Practices  
4 (2) (A) (ix) - awards.

5 EEO Partial Acceptance (exhibit 30) 1E-981-0018-06 issue 1;  
6 "The issue in this case centers on whether the allegation framed  
7 by you sufficiently claims injury as a result of a discriminatory  
8 practice... There is no evidence ... you suffer any measurable  
9 harm..." HARM - I spoke out (protected speech) about some  
10 employees receiving awards and others not. In retaliation fellow  
11 employees during a management meeting gave me a "Grinch Award".  
12 Retaliation + Discrimination = Harm, by my math.

13 Administrative Judge's Decision (exhibit 52, pg 2) "McDermott  
14 previously sought EEO counseling on December 23, 2005, asserting  
15 that his co-workers humiliated him by giving him a mock "Grinch  
16 Award" for \$0.18, rather than the expected annual award for  
17 \$500." I filed an EEO complaint and not "sought EEO counseling".  
18 I did not expect an "annual award". I had complained that only  
19 Electronic Technicians (ETs) were receiving the \$500 performance  
20 awards not "annual". The ETs gave me the "mock" Grinch Award  
21 (exhibit 1 exhibit) with the supervisor's approval and the 18  
22 cents at a meeting of all maintenance employees. At the time I  
23 was receiving \$50 a month performance for an "award" for my  
24 Delivery Barcode Sorting (DBCS) machines that were performing in  
25 the top five (out of 26).

1 Agency's Response to Complainant's Appeal of Decision by an  
 2 Administrative Judge without a Hearing, #1E-981-0018-06, dated 4  
 3 Aug 08, (exhibit 78) - "The Grinch award was given by the  
 4 Complainant's co-workers and related only to his disposition and  
 5 has no tangential relationship with his age."

6 MD 110, chapter 7, V.A.3. - Black's Law Dictionary 330 (6<sup>th</sup> ed.  
 7 1990) - "Contumacious behavior or disruptive conduct may include  
 8 any unprofessional or disrespectful behavior; degrading,  
 9 insulting, or threatening verbal remarks or conduct; the use of  
 10 profanity; or conduct engaged in..."

11 US Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit. USPS v. National  
 12 Association of Letter Carriers, No. 02-5050, Opinion - "The Joint  
 13 Statement provided: 'there is no excuse for and will be no  
 14 tolerance of violence or threats of violence by anyone at any  
 15 level of the Postal Service; and ... there is no excuse for and  
 16 will be no tolerance of harassment, intimidation, threats, or  
 17 bullying by anyone.' Postal employees who do not treat other  
 18 with dignity and respect 'will not be rewarded or promoted.  
 19 Those whose unacceptable behavior continues will be removed from  
 20 their positions.' A national-level arbitration decision found  
 21 the Joint Statement was a contractually enforceable agreement  
 22 (the Snow Award)." (National Arbitration Panel case # Q90N-4F-C  
 23 94024977/94024038, 2 Apr 96)

24 Poster 159, Workplace Harassment, Know Your Rights! Take  
 25 Responsibility! Workplace Harassment is against the Law - "Under  
 federal antidiscrimination laws, harassment is defined as  
 26 unwelcome verbal or physical conduct that demeans or shows  
 27 hostility or aversion toward an individual or group of  
 28 individuals. Employees will be subject to disciplinary action,  
 29 up to and including removal, for engaging in harassing behavior  
 30 such as, but not limited to: Making offensive or derogatory  
 31 comments, nicknames, or slurs. - Behavior that creates a  
 32 sustained hostile or abusive work environment so severe or  
 33 pervasive that it unreasonably interferes with or changes the  
 34 conditions of one's employment... Any manager or supervisor who  
 35 receives a complaint must act to stop any inappropriate behavior,  
 36 ensure that a prompt and thorough investigation is conducted, and  
 37 ensure that harassing or inappropriate conduct does not recur -  
 38 even if the behavior does not rise to the legal definition of  
 39 harassment... In addition, employees can seek relief through the  
 40 EEO complaint process..." (exhibit 51)

1 The Joint Statement on Violence and Behavior in the Workplace  
2 (exhibit 72) says "dignity, respect, and fairness are basic human  
3 rights".

4  
5 (First) FAILURE TO NOTIFY ME OF (in time) PROMOTION OPPORTUNITY:

6 2. As noted by the Investigative Summary for EEO # 1E-981-  
7 0018-06 (exhibit 45, pg 5/20) that Management informed me  
8 about a Supervisor Job Vacancy Announcement on Feb 2,  
9 2006, that closed on Feb 3, 2006, (pg6/20). Management  
10 did not post the Supervisor Job Vacancy Announcement on  
11 the official bulletin board in the P&DC facility the  
12 required 15 days and denied me the opportunity to apply  
13 for a higher level position (exhibit 2) Title 5 section  
14 2302 Prohibited Personnel Practices (2)(A)(ii) - a  
15 promotion.

16  
17 INTIMIDATION:

18 3. I was cussed at by a fellow employee in a staff meeting  
19 (exhibit 3) and Management did nothing. Seattle District  
20 Memorandum FY2006 (exhibit 51) requires that a Workplace Incident  
21 Report be file and it was not.

22 PERMANENT POSTING ALL EMPLOYEE BULLETIN BOARDS - "Acts of  
23 intimidation, threats or assaults by or upon Postal employee will  
24 not be tolerated and will be sufficient grounds for removal."  
25 (exhibit 51)



1  
2 TRAINING:

3 4. The employee was allowed to attend a school for  
4 maintenance training that I was denied (exhibit 3 exhibits) Title  
5 5 section 2302 Prohibited Personnel Practices (2) (A) (ix) -  
6 training.

7  
8 (Second) FAILURE TO NOTIFY ME OF PROMOTION OPPORTUNITY:

9 5. My second failure to notify Complaint (exhibit 4) that an  
10 employee was improperly non-competitively assigned to a higher  
11 level supervisor position was combined with the Complaint that  
12 she was promoted permanently without posting the Job Vacancy  
13 Announcement on the Bulletin Board in the Kent Priority Mail  
14 Annex (PMA) facility Title 5 section 2302 Prohibited Personnel  
15 Practices (2) (A) (ii) - a promotion. It was not posted on the  
16 Seattle District website or in a book in the office. Management  
17 did not inform me in a meeting. I was told by a fellow employee  
18 that it was on the PostalPEOPLE website. With a short 1 day  
19 notice I placed my 991 application form in the mailbox at  
20 Riverton Post Office the closing day and it was rejected as un-  
21 timely (exhibit 24).

22 The second Complaint had the same facts as the first one for  
23 not posting the vacancy announcement, plus additional supporting  
24 facts, and was rejected for processing by the Postal Service EEO  
25 processing contractor. Since this Appeal is not based on the

1 Decision without a Hearing the Standard of Review is based on the  
2 facts of the Complaint. The fact that the employee was placed in  
3 a higher level position without using a required register (EL  
4 312. 4 Registers and district policy, exhibit 69) or roster would  
5 show that Management is not following the policies of the Postal  
6 Service. The Postal Service has not assigned a District Human  
7 Resource Coordinator for control (accountability) of temporary  
8 higher-level (204B) assignments as required (exhibit 71, ASP).

9  
10 Postal Service OIG Audit Report - Associate Supervisor Program in  
11 the Great Lakes Area LH-AR-02-005, 30 September 2002, "... the  
12 requirements used to determine program suitability were not  
13 equitably applied to all applicants... We also unable to determine  
14 the cost of the Associate Supervisor program because Postal  
15 Service management did not have a budget nor did they track  
16 expenditures for the program... oversight had not been provided...  
17 For example, 33 of the 102 application packages we reviewed in  
18 these districts did not contain information related to at least  
19 one of the suitability requirements... review committees did not  
20 keep records to support decisions... district coordinators did not  
21 maintain organized official candidate selection files... district  
22 coordinators did not fully understand what their responsibilities  
23 were..."

24 The facts are the same as the other Appeal. I was not  
25 informed of a job opportunity (posting) and thus denied me the  
opportunity to apply. The fact also remains that I did apply for  
the position and was rejected as un-timely without the Postal  
Service even producing the postmarked envelope.

#### DISCRIMINATION DISCUSSION:

##### Formal Investigation

1 Title 29 section 1614.702 Definitions - © "The term investigation  
2 refers to the step of the federal sector EEO process described in  
3 29 CFR 1614.108... it commences when the complaint is filed and  
4 ceases when the complainant is given notice under section  
5 1614.108(f) of the right to request a hearing..."

6 MD 110 chapter 3, Fact Finding - "Fact Finding is the use of an  
7 impartial expert (or group) selected by the parties, by the  
8 agency, or by an individual with authority to appoint a fact  
9 finder, in order to determine what the "facts" are in a dispute."

10 PS Form 2565, page 2 Instructions H. "If your written complaint  
11 is accepted, it will be assigned to an EEO complaints  
12 investigator who will provide you with an opportunity to present  
13 all facts that you believe resulted in the alleged  
14 discrimination. The EEO complaints investigator will conduct a  
15 thorough review of the circumstances under which the alleged  
16 discrimination occurred."

17 EEO Investigative Summary, 13 July 2006 (exhibit 45, pg 1) -  
18 "Investigator's Note: Complainant states in his affidavit that  
19 although the acceptance letter states that the purview is age, he  
20 clearly indicated in his Information for Pre-Complaint Counseling  
21 that the discrimination factor is sex (male) and that he is  
22 claiming discrimination based on sex only. Thus, only the  
23 purview of sex (male) will be addressed in the investigation  
24 report.)

25 AJ Decision (exhibit 52, pg 3) - "McDermott contacted the EEO  
counselor a second time on April 5, 2006, regarding the failure  
to select, this time alleging only gender discrimination (and not  
age)." "The agency investigated the complaint in June and July  
2006. McDermott clarified the scope of his discrimination  
complaint with the EEO investigator whereby gender was the only  
basis of discrimination he was alleging."

1 Agency's Response (exhibit 68, pg 1) - "On 21 April 2006  
2 Complainant filed the formal complaint alleging age  
3 discrimination when he received a 2005 Maintenance Grinch Award.  
4 During the course of the administration of the case, a second  
5 issue was added; whether the Complainant was discriminated  
6 against on the basis of sex (male) when he was not selected for a  
7 Maintenance Supervision position."

8 Acknowledgement, 14 November 2008 (exhibit 86) - "The  
9 complainant alleged discrimination based on Sex (Male), Age (49  
10 years old) and Retaliation (Prior EEO Activity)..." I sent a  
11 letter (exhibit 32) because the Investigator did not get it right  
12 (exhibits 6, 58) that I filed the Grinch Award complaint as AGE  
13 (exhibit 1) and Linda Mainor's improper promotion as SEX (exhibit  
14 2). The Partial Acceptance, April 1, 2006, Type of  
15 Discrimination: Age (DOB 4/15/59). As part of the 3 hour and  
16 123 page deposition the contract Attorney asked "when were you  
17 born". Why didn't the Investigator, Attorney or Administrative  
18 Judge reviewing the original complaints (exhibits 1-4) and Formal  
19 Investigation Summary (exhibit 45) get it right?  
20

21 When I was given Notice of Hearing the Formal EEO  
22 investigation was not stopped (29 CFR 1614.108) and in fact, the  
23 Attorney took the position that he had the right to conduct the  
24 investigation over.  
25

1 Deposition (exhibit 12) page 57 "THE COURT: What do you mean  
2 that the Postal Service did not conduct the affidavit? MR.

3 MOSHER: that's not discovery by the Postal Service, in other  
4 words, the EEOC. THE COURT: Not the EEOC - MR. MOSHER: The  
5 investigator. It's not the Postal Service now. It's - and in  
6 this case I'm not sure, but it's a contracted agency that  
7 conducts the official report of investigation, but it's not the  
8 Postal Service conducting its discovery in this case... He's  
9 already added things in a few cases that are different than an  
10 EEO investigation - I'm sorry, the contracted investigation."

11 Page 58 of the deposition THE COURT: "... And some of it may  
12 be repetitive, but it's under a different set of circumstances.

13 One is an investigator, one is now the legal representative, and  
14 generally, those questions are allowable. It's, you know, his  
15 strategy on how to ask questions." Affidavit A of the Decision  
16 By Administrative Judge Without A Hearing (exhibit 52) is the EEO  
17 Counselor's Report of Investigation (summary exhibit 45) that the  
18 Administrative Judge was suppose to base his De Nova decision on.  
19 Postal Service Form PS 2430 EEO Investigation Report - "Access to  
20 and usage of, this EEO complaint file is RESTRICTED... (2)  
21 government officials who must have access to the files..." Both  
22 the Judge and Attorney took the position that it was not the  
23 Postal Service's official investigation. Why did the  
24 Administrative Judge change the process from an administrative  
25 one to the higher level of "legal" process with "legal"

1 representative? "I have an independent right today to ask you  
2 the same questions the EEO investigator asked you..." (exhibit 12,  
3 pg 28). The Attorney had "independent rights" and I had none. 3  
4 hour and 10 minute deposition with 123 pages of questions and  
5 answers and not one used in making the Judge's decision without a  
6 Hearing.

7  
8 In the EEO Complaint 29 March 2008 (exhibit 4) I complained  
9 that I had mailed in my application as required (exhibit 84)  
10 postmarked on time but the agency sent me a letter that it was  
11 late (exhibit 24). That Claim/fact was dropped from my Notice of  
12 Right to File 10 April 2008 (exhibit 25) from the EEO ADR  
13 Specialist. Also it was left out of the EEO Partial Acceptance 1  
14 April 2006 (exhibit 30), Revised Partial Acceptance (exhibit 31)  
15 letters. Then it was taken out of the Notice of Final Interview  
16 27 July 2007 (exhibit 38). It was then place back in the Notice  
17 of Right to File, 2 June 2008 (exhibit 54) - "You explained that  
18 you sent in a 991 for the position before the closing date and  
19 than received a letter indicating your 991 was not received  
20 before the posting closed." Then changing the complaint file in  
21 the Dismissal of Formal EEO Complaint, 18 June 2008 (exhibit 55)  
22 to "Management delayed posting a vacancy announcement on the  
23 official bulletin board, resulting in Complainant submitting his  
24 991 past the deadline, and thus not eligible for consideration."  
25 Changing it again to "... has not established a plausible nexus

1 between the agency and the late submission of his PS Form 991"  
2 (exhibit 20) 29 September 2008.

3 EEOC Decision 10 Nov 08, (exhibit 80) states: "... the agency  
4 has mischaracterized complaint's claim." I believe that "The  
5 Agency" - Supervisors, Managers, Contract EEO Investigator,  
6 Contract Attorney, and Contract Administrative Judge all  
7 "mischaracterized" and changed my claims.

8  
9 Bias Investigation

10 Title 29 section 1614.102 (2) "Provide for the prompt, fair and  
11 impartial processing of complaints in accordance with this part  
12 and instructions contained in the Commission's Management  
13 Directives." (5) "Assuring that individual complaints are  
14 fairly and thoroughly investigated and the final action is taken  
15 in a timely manner in accordance with this part." 1614.104(b) "...  
16 to process complaints in a timely manner, to develop adequate  
17 factual records..."

18 MD 110 chapter 5, III Agencies Must Avoid Fragmenting EEO  
19 Complaints - "Fragmentation, or breaking up, of a complainant's  
20 legal claim during the EEO complaint processing has been a  
21 significant problem in the federal sector. For complaints,  
22 fragmented processing can compromise their ability to present an  
23 integrated and coherent claim... The fragmentation of EEO claims  
24 must be prevented at all levels of the complaint process...  
25 Fragmentation often occurs at the point where the agency  
identifies and defines the complainant's claim, most commonly  
during the counseling and investigative stages... Fragmentation  
often results from a failure to distinguish between the claim the  
complainant is raising and the evidence (factual information)  
s/he is offering in support of that claim."

EEOC Final Rule RIN 3046-AA74, 29 CFR 1614 - "... Counselors  
further perform the very valuable function of assisting  
complainants to accurately define the matters about which they  
wish to complain... the number of complaints that allege unfair  
processing..."

Title 5 section 556 Hearings; presiding employees; powers and  
duties; burden of proof; evidence; record as basis of decision.

(b) "... The functions of presiding employees and of employees participating in decisions in accordance with section 557 of this title shall be conducted in accordance with section 557 of this title shall be conducted in a impartial manner."

So why is it my fault that my complaints were made - failed to "established a plausible nexus" (exhibit 20) by the EEO Investigator, "complete ignorance of EEOC regulations" (exhibit 36) and "bald assertions and preposterous legal theories" (exhibit 68, pg 13) by the Law Department, "mere speculations" (Exhibit 52, pg 6) by the Administrative Judge and "offers only conjecture" (exhibit 19, pg 2) and "no evidence" (exhibit 30, pg 3) by the EEO Commission?

The EEO Investigator failed to provide a fair and impartial report or even to provide all the documents required in the Job Vacancy Announcement package (exhibit 78) such as the Review Committee score sheets.

#### Posting on the Official Bulletin Board

39 CFR part 243 - Conduct of Offices, 243.2 Quarters. (a) Employee bulletin boards - "Bulletin boards may be placed in workrooms and employee lunchrooms for displaying notices as prescribed in the manual and Management Labor Organization Agreements." Investigative Summary page 15/20 exhibit 20 (exhibit 45). Agency's Response to Complainant's Appeal (exhibit 68, pg 12).

Employee and Labor Relation Manual (ELM) 666.15 Improper Employment and Placement Practices - "Deceitfully or willfully obstructing or improving the prospects of any person competing for a position by granting a preference or advantage not authorized by law, rule, or regulation (including defining the scope or manner of competition or the requirements for a position), or by influencing anyone to withdraw from competition for a position, is prohibited."



1 Collective Bargaining Agreement Article 33 Promotions, 33.02  
 2 Procedures A. - "When an opportunity for promotion exists in a  
 Center, an announcement shall be posted on official bulletin  
 boards soliciting applications."

3 Handbook EL-312.123 - "District managers implement national  
 4 policy and procedures within their districts... District managers  
 ensure that special emphasis employment programs are administered  
 5 appropriately." 223.11 Internal Advertising; a. - "Post  
 examination announcements and other recruitment materials in the  
 6 lobbies and on employee bulletin boards in postal facilities in  
 the recruitment area." 734.1 Vacancy Announcement - "The vacancy  
 announcement must be posted throughout the area of  
 7 consideration, for not less than 15 calendar days for applicants  
 to prepare Forms 991." Investigative Summary page 15/20 exhibit  
 8 18 (exhibit 45). EEO Investigation Affidavit #7 (exhibit 46).  
 Agency's Response to Complainant's Appeal (exhibit 68, pg 12).  
 9

10 Employee Labor Relations Manual (ELM) 612 Information Media,  
 612.1 Responsibility; - "Supervisors inform their employees on  
 all official matters affecting them through printed material of  
 11 bulletin boards." 612.231 - "Bulletin boards serve as a means of  
 providing to employees information of interest, such as that  
 12 required by law of regulation, official management information,  
 and items of general interest." B. Official Management Use.  
 13 "Items that should be dated and removed when outdated include  
 notices about: (1) Job opportunities." Investigative Summary  
 14 page 12/20 exhibit 17 (exhibit 45). Agency's Response to  
 Complainant's Appeal (exhibit 68, pg 10).  
 15

16 Handbook EL-350.320 "however, offices must provide the  
 appropriate application information to applicants when the  
 automated system is used for posting Initial Level Supervisor  
 17 positions..." Investigative Summary page 14/20 exhibit 19 (exhibit  
 45).  
 18

19 USPS Organization, Complement & Job Bid Management in a Shared  
 Services Environment 2006 Migration Plan on page 41 - Human  
 Capital Enterprise, using the JBM (Job Bid Management) Module -  
 20 "The Posting is displayed locally" (exhibit 39).

21 USPS PostalPEOPLE Human Capital Enterprise System District -  
 Field Manual, Job Bid Management Process Guide version 2006 on  
 22 page 10 - Automated Bid Cluster: "Physically post bid Vacancy  
 Notice (Posting) as received" (exhibit 40).  
 23

24 USPS Phase 2 - Job Bid Management - BC Automated, Bid Cluster  
 Information Automated Process, Posting and Bidding - "Physically  
 post Vacancy Notice (Posting) upon receipt" (exhibit 41).  
 25

1 Postal Bulletin PB 22066, 27 Dec 01, Equal Employment and  
2 Affirmative Employment Policy Statement - "All executives,  
3 managers, and supervisors share in the responsibility for  
4 successfully implementing and managing EEO and affirmative  
5 employment in the Postal Service." (exhibit 43)

6 GAO Report GAO/GGD-98-200R Postal Service - Women and Minority  
7 EAS Promotions; "... Under Postal Service EAS Selection Policies  
8 issued in 1993 and updated in January 1995, copies of promotion  
9 vacancy announcements are to be provided to all postal  
10 installations in areas of consideration for posting on employee  
11 bulletin boards... Further, we could not determine whether the  
12 vacancy announcements were posted in all required locations."  
13 Also in 2005 Finance Manager Angelo Wider report that "Procedures  
14 from direct report groups are not being followed to properly post  
15 vacancies." (exhibits 59)

16 Other Official Notices must be placed on the bulletin boards  
17 (exhibits 44).

18 I filed both EEOs because Management did not post, on the  
19 official bulletin board, the Supervisor Job Vacancy Announcement  
20 for the required 15 days.

21 EEO Investigative Affidavit (witness) for EEO #1E-981-0018-06  
22 from Wayne A. Witzel Jr, Manager, Maintenance Seattle P&DC  
23 (exhibit 46) states "The requirement for the posting of vacancy  
24 announcements does not say it must be on the official bulletin  
25 boards."

26 Dispute Resolution Specialist's Inquiry (exhibit 55, pg 3)  
27 "HR Generalist Dainne Savas responded on 06/26/08 that the HR  
28 Policy Manual does not state Management must post EAS positions  
29 on bulletin boards,... She explained everyone will be required to  
30 search and apply for a vacancy, via the internet, using eCareer,  
31 and that this information has been disseminated to all

employees." The real policy states post on PostalPEOPLE not eCareer (exhibit 70 #8). The Postal Service has not changed policy to force employees without Postal computer (ACE) access or email accounts like me to be denied promotion. This in itself would be unlawful discrimination of employees without an ACE computer/email account or computer access. The Policy is to email ACE computer user accounts the vacancy (exhibit 70 #8). I have an ACE account but have been denied email account (exhibit 82) making it impossible to receive or to apply for a job via the internet. Maintenance Manager Wayne Witzel Affidavit (exhibit 46) stated that the vacancy was posted on the "Seattle District web site page". This would violate Title 5 section 2302 (b)(4) - "deceive or willfully obstruct any person with respect to such person's right to compete for employment."

**Please post attached poster on all Employee Bulletin Boards. eCareer to Replace EAS Selection process** "... eCareer is the new selection process that will be used beginning April 1<sup>st</sup> and is part of the new Human Capital Enterprise System." (exhibit 77)

USPS In the Loop - April-May 2007 newsletter about PostalPEOPLE Ready for National Rollout in May 26 to some areas with Western Area "rollout" some time later in 2007 (exhibit 42). My first EEO complaint of non-posting was in 2006 before the "new" procedures.

"HR Generalist Dainne Savas responded on, 06/26/08, Effective April 1, 2008 all EAS jobs will be posted on eCareer." (exhibit 55, pg 3) My first EAS promotion EEO Complaint was filed in

1 March 2006 and my second EAS promotion Complaint was filed for a  
2 Job Vacancy that was in March of 2008, both before the  
3 "effective" date of the "policy" change.

4 Letter to EEO Office of Federal Operations from Marissa Haley  
5 EEO Services Analyst dated 29 Sep 08 - "(Since VAMS (Vacancy  
6 Announcement Management System) was implemented, local management  
7 officials were no longer obligated to post EAS vacancies on  
8 bulletin boards." (exhibit 20) The "fact" remains that  
9 Management did have the legal "obligation" pursuant to 39 CFR 243  
10 to post the job vacancy announcement on the Bulletin Board for 15  
11 days that has not been changed by Congress.

12 Notice of Right to file 1E-981-0022-08 (exhibit 25) - "... You  
13 also allege that the 204B announcements for maintenance were not  
14 posted as required... Maintenance Manager Deboard said that the  
15 204B program was posted on the official maintenance bulletin  
16 board and other employee saw it and applied." So Management is  
17 posting selected vacancies on the bulletin boards, but not "all".

18 The posting for the 204-B Development Program (exhibit 88)  
19 was posted in the Seattle P&DC but not in all facilities within  
20 the 50 mile commute. The Maintenance Special Posting requires  
21 that all employees get a letter from their Supervisor stating  
22 that the supervisor "will support and allow" the employee to be  
23 assigned as a 204-B Supervisor in Training program.. An  
24 Application Package with the employee's form 991 and letter from  
25 their supervisor was to be sent directly to Robert DeBoard,

1 Maintenance Manager, and not to the District Human Resource  
2 (exhibit 23) as normal. This would be a violation of Title 5  
3 section 2302 (b) (2), and ELM 666 Prohibited Personnel Practices,  
4 666.15 Improper Recommendations - "Soliciting or considering any  
5 recommendation or statement, oral or written, with respect to any  
6 individual who requests or is under consideration for any  
7 personnel action is prohibited..." Title 5 section 2302 (6) -  
8 "grant any preference or advantage not authorized by law, rule,  
9 or regulation to any employee or applicant for employment  
10 (including defining the scope or manner of competition or the  
11 requirements for any position) for the purpose of improving or  
12 injuring the prospects of any particular person for employment."  
13 Mr. DeBoard violated the law several times when he added to the  
14 requirements (supervisor letter) and than hand-picks the  
15 employees he wants on the entry level Supervisor Training 204B  
16 maintenance program like Linda Mainor, Tom French, Al Berube,  
17 Johnny Ocampo, and Karen Black. With Al Berube back when Mr.  
18 DeBoard was In-Plant Support low-level management position pick  
19 Al and gave him several weeks of higher level training (exhibit  
20 76c, d) before Al was promoted into an In-Plant Support EAS  
21 (management) job. Recently Mr. DeBoard was promoted to  
22 Maintenance Manger without any experience (supervisor or labor)  
23 in Maintenance. As Manager Maintenance Operations Mr. DeBoard  
24 picked Johnny Ocampo for 204B training (fill-in supervisor) with  
25 a letter from his supervisor and than non-competitively gave

1 Johnny a Maintenance Supervisor position. But I cannot complain  
2 (according to the Postal Service) because "sex" was not involved.  
3

4 Still the fact (time) also remains as noted by the  
5 Investigative Summary for EEO # 1E-981-0018-06 (exhibit 45, pg  
6 5/20) that Management informed me about a Supervisor Job Vacancy  
7 Announcement on Feb 2, 2006, that closed on Feb 3, 2006,  
8 (pg6/20).

9 Administrative Judge Decision (exhibit 52, pg3) - "McDermott  
10 alleged that the Postal Service failed to properly place of post  
11 the opening at various bulletin boards within the facility."  
12 Notice of Right to Sue 10 April 2008 (exhibit 25) - "You also  
13 allege that a vacancy announcement for EAS supervisory position  
14 was not posted on the Official Bulletin Board..." I alleged that  
15 the Management failed to properly post the job vacancy  
16 announcement on the official bulletin board by the front entryway  
17 marked with "Job Opportunities" (exhibits 2 and 4) and not  
18 "various bulletin boards within the facility". I alleged that  
19 Management failed to post the Job Vacancy Announcement on the  
20 Postal Service PostalPEOPLE website as required. The Job Vacancy  
21 Announcement for Linda Mainor's promotion was posted on the  
22 Seattle District's web site. The fact is that Management after  
23 saying that they posted it on the Seattle District Website and do  
24 not have to post it on the official bulletin board (exhibit 20,  
25 46), is now posting job on the official bulletin board at the

1 Processing and Distribution Center (P&DC) and on the PostalPEOPLE  
2 website.

3 EEOC Decision 10 November 2008 (exhibit 80, pg 2) - "... and  
4 where and how vacancy announcements are made to employees goes to  
5 the merits of his claim, which cannot be resolved without an  
6 investigation." The re-opened contract EEO Investigation 9  
7 December 2008 is not even looking at "the merits of his claim"  
8 (exhibit 173). This wrong-path second investigation two years  
9 late causes me to look to the Federal Court for a fair  
10 investigative discovery process and hearing.

11 Management is not posting the job announcements on the  
12 bulletin board at the Priority Mail Center (PMA), where I have  
13 transferred to escape, which has created more complaints of  
14 discrimination from me (1E-981-0044-08).

15  
16 Posting on the PostalPEOPLE website

17 1 April 2008, after both of my EEO complaints the EAS  
18 selection process was change to a computer based process.

19 Manager's Overview - EAS Selection Process activity (exhibit  
20 70) #8 was changed to - "Post vacancies every two weeks;  
21 PostalPEOPLE Web site - Send email link to vacancy announcements  
22 to all ACE enabled users in all districts #9 Make copies and  
23 distribute to installations... #10 make vacancy announcements  
24 available to employees."

1 Interim EAS Selection Process Guide, February 20, 2007 - Update  
2 3.3, Receive, Determine Eligibility & Process Applications, APPLY  
3 (Applicant) - "All internal EAS vacancy announcements are posted  
4 on the PostalPEOPLE website at  
5 <http://blue.usps.gov/hrisp/hce/easvacancy.htm>."

6 Affidavit of Wayne Witzel (exhibit 46, #8) - "The position  
7 was open on 01/19/06 and was announced several different ways,  
8 through stand up talks, vacancy posting book in the Control  
9 Center, and the Seattle District web page."

10 Investigative Summary 1E-981-0018-06 (exhibit 45, pg6/20) -  
11 "Me. Witzel states that jobs are posted as follows: on the  
12 Seattle District web site; in the vacancy posting book at the  
13 control Center..."

14 Deposition (exhibit 12) Page 35 "Did you look on the district  
15 job site? ...Did you look at the district job board or job site? ...  
16 Well, isn't the district job site postings - aren't those on the  
17 computer? ... The District of Seattle has their own web page; is  
18 that correct?" Page 92 "... couldn't you have accessed the job  
19 vacancy on the district website on several computers?"

20 Seattle District Policy, 2 September 2007 (exhibit 85) - "You  
21 must search and apply for all EAS positions via the internet in  
22 eCareer." Search the whole internet? Apply only through the  
23 internet? This local policy of posting on eCareer would not be  
24 inline with national policy of posting on PostalPEOPLE.  
25



1 Poster - eCareer to Replace EAS Selection Process, 1 April  
2 2008 (exhibit 77) - "It is changing the way we apply and review  
3 applications for EAS positions." PostalPEOPLE, HOW TO APPLY,  
4 Applicant Responsibilities: - "... All employees may apply  
5 electronically by email or by stamped mail." PostalPEOPLE, EAS  
6 and ASP Selection Process - "Submission of electronic, faxed, and  
7 hard copy applications." (exhibits 84) Local Policy to only use  
8 the internet is not in-line with the National Policy of fax and  
9 hardcopy submissions.

10  
11 The Vacancy Announcement number 06-0014, 1-19-06 to 2-03-06  
12 (exhibit 23) states to mail the application for the open EAS  
13 position to: "US Postal Service, Attn: Manager, Human  
14 Resources, PO Box 90402, Seattle, WA 98109-9994." This (both EEO  
15 complaints) job vacancy announcement was before the new eCareer  
16 2008 policy was made to send all application to contracted Shared  
17 Services in S.C..

18  
19 Decision by an Administrative Judge without a Hearing, 1 July  
20 2008, Case #1E-981-0018-06 (exhibit 52)

21 III. SUMMARY OF DECISION: "The complainant failed to show  
22 that he applied for the position and therefore failed to  
23 establish a *prima facie* case of discrimination." The complaint  
24 was that Management failed to notify me of the Supervisor  
25 position so I could apply for the position. This finding is

1 different than the EEO Investigator's that I did meet the  
2 threshold level of discrimination to Investigate.

3 (exhibit 52) "Furthermore, to the extent necessary, the  
4 Postal Service provided legitimate nondiscriminatory explanations  
5 for its action. The Postal Service established that it posted  
6 the opening at its website and in a logbook available to all  
7 employees. Eight employees (male and female) applied for the  
8 promotion. Management interviewed the top three applicants and  
9 selected one based solely on the merits."

10 **A.** The Postal Service did not provide any explanation that I  
11 did not contest and provide supporting documents to disprove.

12 **B.** The Postal Service according to Wayne Watzel's affidavit  
13 (exhibit 46 #6), in the investigation file, posted the job  
14 opening on the Seattle District's website. Managers are required  
15 by Manager's Overview EAS Selection Process #8 to post the job  
16 opening on the PostalPEOPLE website (exhibit 70).

17 **C.** The Job Vacancy Announcement is required to be posted on  
18 the Official Employee Bulletin Board (39 CFR section 243.2(a),  
19 Handbook EL-312.223.11, ELM 612.231, ASM 338.411, and PS Form  
20 1716. Management placed the announcement in a 3-ring binder  
21 behind the counter in Control Center Office that no employee knew  
22 about.

23 PostalPEOPLE website Leadership Development FAQs - How can I  
24 get into management? - "Watch your bulletin board for local  
25 announcements inviting applicants" (exhibit 44). I presented

1 other evidence that other employees did not see the announcement  
2 (exhibit 2, exhibits).

3       **D.** Showing that eight employees out of 12,000 Seattle  
4 District employees applied for the position means that eight  
5 employees were given preferential treatment (i.e. a copy).

6       **E.** Management is required to interview all employees who  
7 apply and not just the "top three". The "Top Three" rule (EL-  
8 312.623) is for hiring from a Register (EL-312.4, exhibit 69).  
9 No registers are used in the Seattle District (exhibit 69) as  
10 required.

11       **F.** The Human Resource Information System EAS Promotion  
12 Report in the investigation file shows that four employees were  
13 interviewed for the position - Brunswick, Herter, Krinke, and  
14 Mainor (exhibit 73). Selecting Manager's Checklist (exhibit 70)  
15 requires the Manager to "conduct a personal interview of each  
16 applicant..." or his appointed Review Committee. The Review  
17 Committee did not interview any applicant and the Selecting  
18 Official, Wayne Witzel, interviewed 4 of the 8 to apply (EEO  
19 Investigation exhibit 6) (exhibit 73) promoting Linda Mainor. In  
20 comparison Wayne Witzel interviewed as Selecting Official 4 out  
21 of 4 applicants for another Maintenance Supervisor position (EEO  
22 Investigation exhibit 10) (exhibit 75) promoting Tom French. Also  
23 compared to a Operation Supervisor interview by Selecting  
24 Official, Richard Loar, who interviewed 4 out of 4 applicants  
25 (exhibit 76) promoting Al Berube. The Memorandum for the

1 Selecting Official for Linda's promotion (exhibit 73) is signed  
2 by Mark Hemphill and Jeffery Carter as "Selecting Official" and  
3 Wayne Witzel signed as Reviewing Official, with Plant Manager  
4 Harold Matz Concurring Official 10 March 2006. Linda's  
5 promotion letter (exhibit 73) is signed by Wayne Witzel,  
6 Selecting Official, 16 March 2006. Mr. Beamon's non-selection  
7 letter (exhibit 73) is signed by Don Schumacher, Review Committee  
8 Chairman, 24 February 2006. Tom French's promotion documents  
9 (exhibit 75) are also signed improperly by two Selecting  
10 Officials, 28 July 2005. Al Berube's promotion documents Memo  
11 for Selecting Official, selecting and non-selecting letters are  
12 all properly signed by the Selecting Official Richard Loar, 20  
13 July 2005 who interviewed all eligible applicants and signed by  
14 the Concurring Official Harold Matz.

15 Agency's Response to Complainant's Appeal of Decision by an  
16 Administrative Judge without a Hearing, #1E-981-0018-06, dated 4  
17 Aug 08, (exhibit 68) - page 2 - "With regards to the posting of  
18 the Maintenance Supervisory position, again there is no  
19 relationship, even assuming the Complainant's allegations as  
20 true, that the failure to post the opening on the employee  
21 bulletin board was related to the Complainant's sex." It was a  
22 genuine fact brought out in the Formal EEO Investigative Summary  
23 (exhibit 45) that the vacancy was not posted on the employee  
24 bulletin boards and in fact the Selecting Official (exhibit 46)  
25 stated that he was not "aware" of any rule that said "must".

1  
2 First Notice of Intent to Sue

3 Title 42 section 1983 "... or causes to be subjected, any citizen  
4 of the United States or other person within the jurisdiction  
5 thereof to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or  
6 immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, shall be liable  
7 to the party injured in an action at law..."

8 Despite sending the Notice of Intent to Sue dated 8 January  
9 2007 to the EEOC and receiving acknowledgment back that the EEOC  
10 was stopping the administrative process the Administrative Judge  
11 has made a Decision By Administrative Judge Without A Hearing,  
12 dated July 1, 2008, (exhibit 52).

13 Title 29 section 1601.28(3) "Issuance of a Notice of Right to  
14 Sue shall terminate further proceeding of any charge..." I dispute  
15 the right and authority of the contract EEOC Administrative Judge  
16 to render a Decision when the administrative process was  
17 terminated by the EEOC January 2007 (exhibit 15). I present the  
18 2008 Administrative Judge's Decision in an Appeal to the EEOC  
19 (exhibit 53) and other exhibits for the EEOC hearing showing how  
20 the Ex Parte communication and other discrimination during the  
21 processing of my complaint tainted the Decision. The EEOC  
22 Decision (exhibit 19) 2 October 2008 incorrectly states; "... he  
23 does not argue that the AJ made improper credibility  
24 determinations." I did argue that the AJ made improper decisions  
25 based on no statement of undisputed facts and ex parte  
communications.

1 I filed Notice of Intent to Sue and Allegations of Process  
2 Discrimination 8 Jan 07 (exhibit 15) with several "arguments" and  
3 supporting evidence. EEOC Decision (exhibit 80) 10 November 2008  
4 states; "If the complainant files a civil action, the  
5 administrative processing of the complaint, including any  
6 petition for enforcement, will be terminated. See 29 CFR  
7 1614.409."

8 I thought the abusive administrative process was stopped  
9 January 2007 (exhibit 15) and the first Agency's Motion for a  
10 Decision without a Hearing filed in 2007 was muted. I thought  
11 that I had 2 years to file in Federal Court. One and a half  
12 years later it was re-started by the Agency's Attorney, June 2008  
13 (exhibit 16) Motion for a Decision without a Hearing. Either of  
14 the Motions for a Decision without a Hearing contained the  
15 required Statement of Undisputed Facts.

16 I received an EEOC Appeal Decision 10 November 2008 (exhibit  
17 80) - "The Commission finds that the agency has mischaracterized  
18 complaint's claim... However, if you wish to file a civil action,  
19 you have the right to file such action... Filing a civil action  
20 will terminate the administrative processing of your complaint."

21 I received an Acknowledgement from EEO Investigative Office  
22 14 November 2008 (exhibit 86) and found that again the EEO  
23 Investigative Office was "mischaracterizing" my EEO Complaints  
24 (exhibits 1-4).

1 I sent a Disagreement and Notice of Intent to Sue to the EEOC  
2 and the EEO Investigative Office 22 November 2008 (exhibit 87)  
3 because they have failed before and I believe will again fail to  
4 conduct a fair investigation and develop all the facts.

5 I received a letter from EEO Investigative Office 1 December  
6 2008 (exhibit 170) - "Your statement and this response will be  
7 made part of the record and included in the investigative  
8 files(s)."

9 I received a letter from the EEO Investigative Office 5  
10 December 2008 (exhibit 172) - "The investigator will contact you  
11 regarding the investigation of the referenced complaint."

12 I received a letter form the EEO Investigative Office 9  
13 December 2008 (exhibit 173) - "The enclosed affidavit questions  
14 must be answered so that I may continue with your EEO  
15 investigation." 13 questions that I already gave in affidavit  
16 May 2006, with 22 questions (exhibit 5).

17 Again contract EEO Investigative Office and soon the contract  
18 Law Department will continue the biased administrative processing  
19 of my "terminated" EEO Complaint in defiance of EEOC Regulations  
20 and the law.

21  
22 Evidence

23 Title 29 section 458.77 Rights of Parties - "Any party shall have  
24 the right to ... documentary evidence shall be submitted and a copy  
25 furnished to each of the other parties. Stipulations of fact may  
be introduced in evidence with respect to any issue."

1 PS Form 2565, page 2 Instructions, K. "The AJ will notify you  
2 and the Postal Service of the right to seek discovery prior to  
the hearing to develop evidence reasonably on matters relevant to  
the issues raised in the complaint(s) to be heard."

3 Handbook for Administrative Judges, page 25, 5. Exhibits -  
4 "Parties are permitted to introduce documents as exhibits that  
are relevant and material to their case... The report of  
5 investigation is already part of the record and need not be  
introduced as an exhibit. 7. If necessary and appropriate, the  
6 AJ may permit the parties to present rebuttal evidence"

7 My request for Discovery Documents for evidence (exhibit 57)  
8 was met with "The Agency objects to producing documents for job  
9 vacancies that Complainant never applied for on the grounds they  
10 are not relevant or calculated to lead to discoverable evidence...  
11 The Agency further questions the good faith of Complainant in  
12 making this request because he asked for the training records of  
13 the selecting official and the District Manager, which can have  
14 no possible relevance in this case except for pure harassment of  
15 Management Officials." (exhibit 13)

16 My request for documents (exhibit 57) was for the  
17 forms/documents left out of the complete job vacancy file  
18 required by EL 312-736.1 (exhibit 78) by the formal contract EEO  
19 Investigator that would further prove my case. The request for  
20 the training records of Management involved in the promotions was  
21 to show that they have not taken the required course (Affidavit  
22 exhibit 46, #8) Personnel Selection Method course 21553-00.  
23 Decision by an AJ without a Hearing, 1 Jul 08, (exhibit 52, pg 4)  
24 - "Nonetheless, all of complainant's pleadings and documents have  
25 been reviewed for purposes of this *Decision Without a Hearing*...



1 (page 5) This means the complainant must present a body of  
2 evidence... (page 6) Speculation or conclusory allegations are not  
3 enough ... a plaintiff's mere speculations are insufficient... (page  
4 7) Here, McDermott has not established a prima facie case of  
5 discrimination on the basis of gender because he failed to apply  
6 for the open position... the Postal Service nonetheless came  
7 forward both during the investigation of this case and in its  
8 pleadings to bring its evidence on these allegations into the  
9 record... (page 9) The evidence shows there is no nexus between  
10 anything that management has done in this case and complainant's  
11 sex." So to the Administrative Judge I presented pleadings and  
12 "documents", the Postal Service presented pleadings and  
13 "evidence". The contract EEO Investigator established that I  
14 presented enough evidence to meet the threshold to open the  
15 investigation which I thought established prima facie facts that  
16 discrimination may have occurred to warrant a formal  
17 investigation. Why would the Administrative Judge change the  
18 facts/evidence established by the formal investigation?

19 Investigative Summary (exhibit 45) page 20, Record Evidence  
20 (Compensatory Damages): "Complainant did not provide any  
21 documents or other evidence regarding his entitlement to  
22 compensatory damages. No documents or other evidence was  
23 presented or discovered regarding the Complainant's entitlement  
24 to compensatory damages." I did give evidence and documents. I  
25 was not asked for or given a chance to provide evidence for

1 "entitlement to compensatory damages"! The Investigator only  
2 later found that I did not provide the evidence to "entitlement"  
3 and not the Administrative Judge's "prima facie" evidence.

4 I included the statement on Appeal to the EEOC (exhibit 65,  
5 pg 1) - "AFFIRMATIVE - Pursuant to MD 110, chapter 9, VI. A. 3.  
6 (1614.404(b)) - I affirm that I was denied the right and was not  
7 able to present evidence during the investigation or the hearing  
8 process and wish to supplement the record."

9 The Agency's Response to Appeal, 4 Aug 08, (exhibit 68) -  
10 CONCLUSION - "The Complainant has not come forth with any  
11 evidence, other than his bald assertions and preposterous legal  
12 theories that either the allegation was discriminatory or that he  
13 was subjected to an inequitable administrative process."

14 EEOC Decision 2 Oct 08 (exhibit 19) - "Moreover, complainant  
15 offers only conjecture that the agency's explanation is a pretext  
16 for intentional discrimination;". My material evidence was made  
17 into "conjecture" by the EEOC and "bald assertions" by the  
18 Agency.

19 My complaints and submissions - Exhibit 1 with 3 exhibits,  
20 Exhibit 2 with 3 exhibits, Exhibit 3 with 6 exhibits, Exhibit 4  
21 With 1 exhibit, Exhibit 15 with 13 exhibits, Exhibit 21 with 2  
22 exhibits, Exhibit 53 with 31 exhibits, Exhibit 56 with 8  
23 exhibits, Exhibit 64 with 15 exhibits, and Exhibit 65 with 2  
24 exhibits (84 total). Besides the formal investigation report the  
25 Agency submitted zero exhibits.

1 Agency's Response (exhibit 68, pg 3) - "The Agency hereby  
2 moves OFO to strike all of the Complainant's exhibits..." Page 6 -  
3 "The Complaint has not provided any evidence ..." Page 13 - "The  
4 Complainant has not come forth with any evidence, ..."

5  
6 The Court found in Roger Jeseritz v. PM John Potter, No. 01-  
7 1490, 2 March 2002 that the Appellant had to "point to evidence  
8 in the record sufficient to raise a genuine issue for trial."

9 EEOC Decision 10 Nov 08 (exhibit 80) "'aggrieved employee' as  
10 one who suffers a present harm of loss with respect to a term,  
11 condition or privilege of employment for which there is a  
12 remedy." I was "harmed" and there is a remedy how can the AJ  
13 determine there is "no nexus"?

14 Title 5 section 556(d) - "... Any oral or documentary evidence may  
15 be received, but the agency as a matter of policy shall provide  
16 for the exclusion of irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly  
17 repetitious evidence. A sanction may not be imposed or rule or  
18 order issued except on consideration of the whole record or those  
19 parts thereof cited by a party and supported by and in accordance  
20 with the reliable, probative, and substantial evidence. The  
21 agency may, to the extent consistent with the interests of  
22 justice and the policy of the underlying statutes administered by  
23 the agency, consider a violation of section 557(d) of this title  
24 is sufficient grounds to a decision adverse to a party who has  
25 knowingly committed a violation or knowingly caused a violation.  
A party is entitled to present his case ... and to conduct cross-  
examination as may be required for a full and true disclosure of  
the facts."

My right to present evidence was violated by the Agency and  
the Administrative Judge.

Ex Parte Communications

1 Title 5 section 557 (d)(1)(A) - "No interested person outside  
 2 the agency shall make or knowingly cause to be made to any member  
 3 of the body comprising the agency, administrative law judge, or  
 4 other employee who is or may reasonably be expected to be  
 5 involved in the decisional process of the proceeding, an ex parte  
 6 communication relevant to the merits of the proceeding;". The  
 7 Standard of Review for violations of Ethical Conduct is from the  
 8 view point of (12) - "... violated shall be determined from the  
 9 perspective of a reasonable person with knowledge of the relevant  
 10 facts."

11 Handbook for Administrative Judges, D. Spin-off Complaints -  
 12 "'Spin off' complaints are complainants that allege  
 13 dissatisfaction with the of previously filed complaint ... if the  
 14 Administrative Judge is presented with an allegation of improper  
 15 processing involving the complaint currently before him/her, the  
 16 Administrative Judge should determine whether the complainant  
 17 proved that the allegation has merit..."

18 Handbook for Administrative Judges, II Settlement Conferences B;  
 19 - "... the Administrative judge of record can only engage in ex  
 20 parte communications regarding settlement with the express  
 21 consent of the parties." The Judge's Acknowledgement and Order  
 22 (exhibit 7) says "it is inappropriate for the parties to engage  
 23 in ex parte (one-sided) communication with the Administrative  
 24 Judge."

25 Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, eleventh edition, Ex  
 Parte - "1. On or from one side or party only - used in legal  
 proceedings. 2. From a one-sided or partisan point of view."

AJ Decision (exhibit 52, pg 6) - ... plaintiff's mere  
 speculations..." EEOC Decision (exhibit 19, pg2) "... complainant  
 offers only conjecture that the agency's explanation is a pretext  
 for intentional discrimination..." I clearly showed that ex parte  
 communication, threats, harassment, intimidation, and several  
 other violations of due process during the processing of my  
 Complaint.

Agency's Brief (exhibit 36) Page 1 - "Complainant, in his  
 brief, does not address the subject matter of his complaint but  
 rather alleges that the actions of the Administrative Judge and

1 the Agency in the processing of the hearing request were  
2 discriminatory." The subject matter of this added Complaint is  
3 "discrimination during the processing of my complaint" and is  
4 clearly addressed. I allege that actions by the EEO  
5 Investigator, Attorney, Administrative Judge and Postal Service  
6 Officials violated my Right of Due Process for a fair hearing.

7 Agency's Brief (exhibit 36) Page 2 - "The Complainant  
8 demonstrates a clear lack of understanding of the administrative  
9 processing of complaints and sets forth non-sensical arguments  
10 regarding the administrative process." I admit that I do not  
11 understand why the Federal and Postal Service regulations were  
12 not followed. Every argument used by the Postal Service to  
13 justify its positions themselves non-sensical (without reason)  
14 and not based in Federal Policies or Regulations.

15 Take "regarding the Administrative process". Deposition  
16 (exhibit 12, pg 58) THE COURT: - "... And some of it may be  
17 repetitive, but it's under a different set of circumstances. One  
18 is an investigator, one is now the legal representative, and  
19 generally, those questions are allowable." Deposition (exhibit  
20 12, pg 62) COURT - "You might consider still looking for legal  
21 help in your case, Mr. McDermott..." I do not have an  
22 understanding of at what point did the "administrative" process  
23 turn into a "legal" process that I needed legal representation  
24 and help with?

1       There is plenty of evidence supporting that I was treated  
2 differently in my complaints. There is evidence of Ex Parte  
3 communication between the Postal Service Attorney and the  
4 Administrative Judge. The Judge's statement on the order Denying  
5 Complainant's Motion for a Protection Order of "the agency  
6 representative called me on November 30, 2006" clearly shows Ex  
7 Parte communications. The Judge left a message at home for me  
8 for me to call him (exhibit 10) when I was at work. Both the  
9 Attorney and the Administrative Judge knew my days off and had my  
10 work phone number. I called the Judge back - that was ex parte  
11 communications, but he had already made a decision base on the  
12 call from the Attorney (ex parte) and not my written Motion for  
13 Protection.

14       The order denying my Motion for Protection (exhibit 11, pg1)  
15 - "The agency representative called me on November 30, 2006,  
16 orally objecting to the motion on the grounds he had already  
17 traveled from out-of-state to Seattle for the Deposition."  
18 During the deposition (exhibit 12) on page 51 the Judge said "I'm  
19 allowing it to go on the day off because the deposition was  
20 scheduled several weeks ago, and you did object in a timely  
21 fashion." So he and the Attorney "several weeks ago" had ex  
22 parte communications to schedule the deposition. I did send in  
23 my Motion within the 10 day limit and was not late in a un-  
24 "timely fashion" as the Administrative Judge claims.

## Discovery

1  
2 Title 5 section 556 Hearings; presiding employees; powers and  
3 duties; burden of proof; evidence; record as basis of decision.  
4 I(3) rule on offers of proof and receive relevant evidence; (4)  
5 take depositions... (5) regulate the source of the hearing; (8) ...  
6 of at least one representative of each party..." (d) "... adopt  
7 procedures for submission of all or part of the evidence in  
8 written forms."

9 USPS Publication 133 What You Need to Know About EEO, Official  
10 Time - "Employee complainants and their designated  
11 representatives, if also employed by the Postal Service, may  
12 expect a reasonable amount of official time to present the  
13 complaint and to respond to agency's requests for information, if  
14 they are in duty status. The term duty status refers to an  
15 employee's normal hours of work." The Contract EEO  
16 Investigator and the Contract Attorney both sent requests for  
17 information to my home address and not to my "duty status" work  
18 address.

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OIG report LH-AR-02-005 "... Specifically, we found that procedures  
for screening applications and selecting program candidates were  
adequate. However, they were not always followed. In addition,  
while eligibility requirements were applied to all applicants,  
the requirements used to determine program suitability were not  
applied to all applicants... Finally, we found that oversight had  
not been provided to ensure the program was implemented  
efficiently, effectively, and properly... Also stated is that a  
significant amount of resources have been expended on this  
program without a proper and accurate accounting... committees  
deviated from procedures... review committees did not keep records  
to support the decisions they made... district coordinators did not  
maintain organized official candidate selection files... district  
coordinators did not fully understand what their responsibilities  
were."

The contract EEO Investigator asked 21 affidavit questions  
including date of birth and asked for 5 specific requests for  
documents (exhibit 5) for the formal investigation, which I fully  
complied with.

The contract Attorney's statement during disposition of "I'm  
not trying to discovery anything" (exhibit 12, pg 43) and "I can



1 guarantee you" (exhibit 12, pg 19) would show the disposition was  
2 not for discovery and was intimidating.

3 The Judge's Acknowledgement and Order (exhibit 7) - "Request  
4 for production of documents must be specific and identify the  
5 documents or types of documents requested. Request for  
6 production of documents shall contain no more than thirty (30)  
7 request including subparts." The Attorney asked for "all"  
8 documents (exhibit 14) creating a burden that I could not do  
9 because of the thousands of pages of documents relating to these  
10 complaints that I have read and saved.

11 MD-110 Methods of Discovery - "Interrogatories are written  
12 questions directed to a party that require written answers by  
13 oath or affirmation. They generally used to obtain basic  
14 information in advance of, or instead of, depositions." G.  
15 Informal discovery - "The administrative Judge should encourage  
the parties to cooperate and to participate in informal methods  
of discovery because it provides the parties with an opportunity  
to narrow the scope of the hearing and reduce litigation costs."

16 I tried to meet with the contract Attorney to define the  
17 claims of the complaints and establish the facts. He declined to  
18 meet openly to establish the facts (exhibit 8) and stated "I  
19 don't believe there is anything for us to seriously discuss..." He  
20 then responded with a Notice of Deposition (exhibit 8).

21 After I requested documents for discovery (exhibit 57) the  
22 Law Department denied the request (exhibit 13) with "The Agency  
23 objects to producing documents for job vacancies that Complainant  
24 never applied for on the ground they are not relevant or  
25



1 calculated to lead to discoverable evidence." Again my right was  
2 denied by the Attorney.

3 The contract Attorney did not send me interrogatories  
4 questions before the deposition notice was issued.

5 MD 110, D. Discovery Procedures 1.b; - "... The parties must  
6 cooperate with each other in honoring requests for relevant non-  
7 repetitive documentary and testimonial evidence. The parties  
8 shall not use any form of discovery or discovery scheduling for  
9 harassment, unjustified delay, to increase litigation expenses,  
10 or any improper purposes."

11 Seattle District Policy Statement FY 2007, EEO investigations  
12 - Request for information - "Additionally, when a responsible  
13 management official ignores such requests, an adverse inference  
14 is drawn by the judge that the information would have reflected  
15 unfavorably. This forces USPS into settlement of the case at  
16 best, OR a finding of discrimination." (exhibit 49)

17 The Office of the General Counsel Memorandum OM 03-18,  
18 subject: "Procedures for Handling Postal Service Cases Involving  
19 Refusal to Supply Information" would show that not giving  
20 requested information and hiding information is a big legal  
21 problem for the Postal Service.

22 The Attorney sent the "First Set of Interrogatories" (exhibit  
23 14) questions that were already answered by the formal  
24 investigation or the forced deposition. The demand was for "all"  
25 documents personal and medical.

The Court found in Coca-Cola Bottling Co, v. Coca-Cola Co., 107  
F.R.D. 288 (D.Del.1989) - "On the other hand, unless defendant is

1 required to respond to plaintiff's discovery, plaintiffs will be  
 2 unable to learn whether defendant has done them a wrong. Except  
 3 for a few privileged matters, nothing is sacred in civil  
 4 ligation."

5 EEO MD-110 chapter XIII - "Stull v. Department of Justice, EEOC  
 6 Appeal No. 12941582 (1995) (A complainant may be awarded interim  
 7 attorney's fees as a sanction for failure to produce records  
 8 requested during discovery even where s/he is unsuccessful on the  
 9 ultimate issue of discrimination)".

#### 10 Administrative Judge's Control of the Discovery Process

11 Title 5 section 556 Hearings; presiding employees; powers and  
 12 duties; burden of proof; evidence; record as basis of decision.

13 (b) "... The functions of presiding employees and of employees  
 14 participating in decisions in accordance with section 557 of this  
 15 title shall be conducted in accordance with section 557 of this  
 16 title shall be conducted in a impartial manner." (c)(3) rule on  
 17 offers of proof and receive relevant evidence; (4) take  
 18 depositions... (5) regulate the source of the hearing; ... The  
 19 agency may, to the extent consistent with the interests of  
 20 justice and the policy of the underlying statutes administered by  
 21 the agency, consider a violation of section 557(d) of knowingly  
 22 committed such violation or knowingly caused such violation to  
 23 occur... In rulemaking or determining claims for money or benefits  
 24 or application for initial licenses an agency may, when a party  
 25 will not be prejudiced thereby, adopt procedures for submission  
 of all or part of the evidence in written forms."

The contract EEO Administrative Judge did not control the  
 development of the record for the hearing.

Title 29 section 1614.109(a) - "Upon appointment, the  
 administrative judge shall assume full responsibility for the  
 adjudication of the complaint, including seeing overseeing the  
 development of the record."

The contract Administrative Judge did not control the  
 discovery process as required by:

29 CFR 1614.109(d) "Unless the parties agree in writing  
 concerning the methods and scope of discovery, the party seeking  
 discovery shall request authorization from the administrative  
 judge prior to commencing discovery." (f) "The administrative

1 judge shall serve all orders to produce evidence on both  
parties."

2 Management Directive 110, chapter 7(D) Administrative Judge's  
3 Authority 5 and EL-603.2.1.18 says the same.

#### 5 Forced Deposition/Official Time

6 Title 5 section 556 Hearings; presiding employees; powers and  
duties; burden of proof; evidence; record as basis of decision. ©  
7 "(4) take depositions... (5) regulate the source of the hearing;..."

8 MD 110 chapter 3 II.A. - "Agencies must build fairness into their  
9 programs. Fairness requires voluntariness, neutrality,  
10 confidentially, and enforceability... 3. ... it is important that  
any agency dispute resolution procedure provide all parties the  
11 opportunity to bring a representative to the ADR forum if they  
desire to do so." VII ADR Core Principles, A. Fairness, 1.  
12 Voluntariness; - "Parties must knowingly and voluntarily enter  
into an ADR proceeding. An ADR resolution can never be viewed as  
13 valid if it is involuntary. Nor can a dispute be actually and  
permanently resolved if the resolution is involuntary. Unless  
14 the parties have reached a resolution willingly and voluntarily,  
some dissatisfaction may survive after the ADR proceeding. Such  
15 dissatisfaction could lead to dissatisfaction with other aspects  
of the workplace, or even to charges that the resolution was  
16 coerced or reached under duress." VIII. C. Official Time -  
"Section 1614.605 provides that complainants are entitled to a  
17 representative of their choice during the pre-complaint  
counseling and at all stages of the complaint process. 1. ... The  
18 complainant and the agency should arrive at a mutual  
understanding as to the amount of official time to be used prior  
19 to the complainant's use of such time. D. For purposes of these  
regulations, "duty status" means the complainant's or  
20 representative's normal hours of work. It is expected that the  
agency will, to the extent practical, schedule meetings during  
21 the complainant's normal working hours... XIII. ... and Comer V.  
FDIC, EEOC Request No. 05940649 (May 31, 1996) (Administrative  
22 Judge has the authority to order the agency to reimburse  
appellant for costs resulting from the agency's bad faith conduct  
23 in failing to appear for properly scheduled depositions."

24 USPS Publication 133 What You Need to Know About EEO, Official  
Time - "Employee complainants and their designated  
25 representatives, if also employed by the Postal Service, may  
expect a reasonable amount of official time to present the

1 complaint and to respond to agency's requests for information, if  
2 they are in duty status. The term duty status refers to an  
employee's normal hours of work."

3 Seattle District Policy Statement FY 2007 Resolving informal and  
4 Formal EEO Complaints. - "In almost all instances, informal  
5 resolution freely arrived at by all parties involved in the  
6 dispute provides the best outcome." (exhibit 47)

7 The contract Postal Service Attorney forced under duress a  
8 disposition during my normal day-off 29 CFR 1614.605(b),  
9 Publication 133 What you need to know about EEO, Official Time  
and EL-603.2.1.27.1 Legal Provisions.

10 I received a Notice of Deposition dated 17 Nov 06, received  
11 on 18 Nov 08 from the contract Attorney for 4 Dec 06 deposition  
12 (16 days notice). I filed a Motion for protection with the  
13 Administrative Judge 24 Nov 06 (5 days) that he denied saying  
14 that I did not get it to him in time. The Judge's statement on  
15 the order Denying Complainant's Motion for a Protection Order of  
16 "I'm allowing it to go on the day-off because the deposition was  
17 scheduled several weeks ago and you didn't object in a timely  
18 fashion". A. Scheduled by whom several weeks ago?

19 EEOC Order Number 690.001, 30 Jan 02, "An ex parte communication  
20 is an oral or written communication between decision making  
21 personnel of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and an  
interested party to the proceeding which does not provide for the  
participation of the other interested parties."

22 I was not there for this "scheduling" decision. B. 14 Days  
23 is not several weeks. C. I was not given "several weeks" notice  
24 or the required 20 days notice. D. I gave my Motion for  
25

1 Protection to the Judge before the 10 day limit. He and the  
2 Attorney said that I was "late".

3 Deposition (exhibit 12, pg 7) - "Well, for example before you  
4 bring a discovery dispute to a judge, you required under the  
5 rules to contact the opposing party, which you did not do in this  
6 case. A. Did you contact me before you sent me the deposition?

7 Q. I'm not required to do that. A. Then why am I required?

8 You should have to show me the rule. Q. I don't have to show

9 you the rules. The judge will be happy to explain the rule to

10 you and order you to contact me in the future. A. Was that

11 after you gave arguments without me being present? Q. Okay,

12 That's fine. Mr. McDermott. You can make this as hard or as easy

13 as you want to. Okay? A. Are you threatening me again? Q. No,

14 I'm just telling you ..."

15 Deposition (exhibit 12) page 5 "I'm entitled to ask

16 preliminary questions..." Page 13 - "I'm entitled to explain to

17 the judge how your answers are changing." Page 14 "I'm entitled

18 to ask you questions over again... Would you like me to get Judge

19 Gaffin on the phone to explain this to you... I'm entitled to ask

20 questions even though they're in the affidavit and even though

21 they're in the investigation file" Page 15 "... I'd just as soon

22 have Judge Gaffin tell what you I'm entitled to ask." Page 19 "...

23 I can guarantee you that I'm going to be making a motion for you

24 to pay the cost of me returning here, including airfare, lodging,

25 and whatever other reasonable and necessary costs for you

1 improperly trying to terminate the deposition... I don't have to  
2 give you 20 days notice..." Page 20 "Q. I haven't threatened you  
3 with anything other than to call the judge... A. You coerced me to  
4 be here. You threatened me to be here. Q. I sent you a notice.  
5 I didn't threaten you. I didn't even talk to you before today...  
6 Did you receive the letter?"

7 Telephone answering machine message 30 November 2006 (exhibit  
8 10) "Oh, Hello, This call is for Lance McDermott. This is Dick  
9 Mosher, please call me at... I'm already in Seattle, so unless  
10 you'd like to pay my airfare back and forth the deposition will  
11 go on as scheduled."

12 Deposition (exhibit 12) Page 24 "I'm entitled to ask you  
13 again." Page 28 "I have an independent right to day... when the  
14 judge reads my motion to dismiss and for sanctions." (Page 29-  
15 30) "Let me ask further questions just to see what you're going  
16 to talk about and not talk about." Page 33 "I'm entitled to any  
17 document..." Page 43 "I'm not trying to discover anything." Page  
18 48 "All I can do is tell you - it's not a threat..." Page 56 "...  
19 I've got a right to ask him questions ... We're entitled to ask the  
20 same questions..." Page 70 "Yes, you do have to answer  
21 hypothetical questions."

22 Deposition (exhibit 12) Page 62 COURT "You might consider  
23 still looking for legal help in your case, Mr. McDermott..." Page  
24 63 "I'm willing to stay on the line a little bit." Page 96 "And  
25 I didn't hear any of his responses." Why would the

1 Administrative Judge counsel me to get legal help for an  
2 administrative process? Would that offer more protection from  
3 the Administrative Judge or the Attorney flown in from Salt Lake?  
4 EEOC Handbook for Administrative Judges chapter 10(V) "Statements  
5 in opposition to discovery motions must be filed within ten (10)  
6 calendar days of receipt of the motion. Rulings will be made  
7 based upon the written submissions."

8 The Judge ruled on a phone call from the Attorney and not a  
9 written submission.

#### 10 Administrative Judge's participation in Deposition

11 The Contract Administrative Judge listened in on the one-  
12 sided questioning (page 48 - 96) during the disposition on a  
13 speaker phone for about 45 minutes of the 3 hour disposition.

14 OIG report HM-AR-04-004 "We also found, however, the  
15 organizational structure at the area level was not consistent  
16 with guidance. As a result, there was an appearance of a  
17 conflict of position or interest in the placement of some Postal  
18 Service Equal Employment Opportunity officials. This appearance  
19 of could compromise the integrity of the Postal Service's Equal  
20 Employment Opportunity program. We also recommend that if the  
21 Equal Employment Opportunity Commission determines the Postal  
22 Service's Equal Employment Opportunity structure is not  
23 consistent with its regulations and guidance, the vice president,  
24 Labor Relations:..."

25 The Administrative Judge failed to establish the factual  
merits of the EEO Complaint, failed to control discovery and  
added *prima facie* standard that is not part of the EEOC  
Administrative process or rules. The Administrative Judge  
listened in on the deposition taken. The Administrative Judge  
did not give me full and fair opportunity to address the reasons



1 given by the Postal Service for their discriminatory actions,  
2 thus denying my Due Process Rights.

3  
4 Denied Representative of choice

5 Title 29 section 458.77 Rights of parties. "Any party shall have  
6 the right to appear at such hearing in person, by counsel, or by  
7 other representative ... except that the participation of any party  
shall be limited to the extent prescribed by the Administrative  
Law Judge."

8 Title 5 section 556 Hearings; presiding employees; powers and  
9 duties; burden of proof; evidence; record as basis of decision. I  
(8) ... of at least one representative of each party..."

10 MD 110, VII ADR Core Principles, A. Fairness, ... VIII. C. Official  
11 Time - "Section 1614.605 provides that complainants are entitled  
12 to a representative of their choice during the pre-complaint  
counseling and at all stages of the complaint process.

13 USPS Publication 133 What You Need to Know About EEO,  
14 Representation - "You may designate a representative at any stage  
15 of the complaint process, including the precomplaint counseling  
stage."

16 The contract Attorney denied my representative of choice (29  
17 CFR 1614.605(a), and Handbook for Administrative Judges chapter  
18 4, Pub 133, EL-603,) before the start of the discovery  
19 disposition.

20 Agency's Brief in Opposition to Complainant's Appeal (exhibit  
21 36, pg 2) "(b) Pursuant to MD-110, Chapter 7, choice of  
22 representative, his wife, who was not his representative, was not  
23 allowed to attend his deposition;" RESPONSE: "Complainant's  
24 wife was never his representative and as such, had no right to  
25 attend the deposition."



1 I had the right for "any representative" to attend the  
2 deposition. It was the Attorney not the Judge that told my wife  
3 she could not attend. My wife was my representative for a  
4 deposition taken by a US Department of Justice Attorney for a  
5 Federal Civil Action I filed against the Postal Service. 30 May  
6 2006 I gave a deposition with the Assistant District Attorney  
7 Kristin B. Johnson, Postal Service Attorney Richard C. Mosher,  
8 and my wife Darlene as my representative for the Civil complaint  
9 CV-860-RSL. The Federal Attorney asked if Postal Service  
10 Attorney Richard C. Mosher could attend and I said "ok" for him  
11 to stay in the deposition also attended by my wife ("ok'd" by the  
12 DA).

13 This was a protected act (Civil Complaint) that the Postal  
14 Attorney was aware of and this denial of a right I believe was in  
15 retaliation for my protected activity. Deposition (exhibit 12)  
16 Page 106 "Mosher Q. What's the short version? A. Short version  
17 is it's a lot of corruption around there that I tried to point  
18 out over the years."

19 Pursuant to the letter I received from the EEO Dispute  
20 Resolution (exhibit 81) says "The mediation process is non-legal,  
21 non-adversarial and non-threatening. If you participate in  
22 mediation, you do NOT waive any of your rights under EEO process.  
23 In fact, during all phases of the administrative EEO process,  
24 including mediation under the REDRESS program, you are entitled  
25

1 to have a representative of your choice..." I did have the right  
2 for my wife to attend as my representative.

3 Handbook for Administrative Judges C. Depositions - "Parties are  
4 entitled to conduct a reasonable number of depositions. What is  
5 reasonable will depend on the extent of the report of  
6 investigation and the scope and complexity of the complaint."

7 The contract Postal Service Attorney did not conduct a  
8 reasonable disposition that in reality was an interrogation and  
9 asked irrelevant, overburdensome, repetition and privileged  
10 questions. As his statement of "I have an independent right  
11 today to ask you the same questions the EEO investigator asked  
12 you..." (exhibit 12, pg 28) would show this and starting the  
13 questions with when and where I was born and proceeding with  
14 asking what medication (Protected 29 CFR 1611.6 and EL-  
15 603.2.1.10.4) I was taking or if I was on drugs or alcohol. The  
16 contract Attorney had access to my Official Personnel File that  
17 already contained this personal information and my drug test when  
18 hired. MD-110, discovery request "which is relevant to the  
19 subject matter". The contract Attorney spent 3 hours and 123  
20 pages asking non-relevant questions like "what did you do for  
21 Desert Storm?". The EEO Investigator asked 21 questions and  
22 request 5 documents (exhibit 5).

#### 23 Denial of the right to Cross-Exam

24 Title 29 section 458.77 Rights of parties - "Any party shall have  
25 the right to appear in person, by counsel, or by other  
representative, to examine and cross-examine witnesses..."

1 Title 5 section 556(d) - "... A party is entitled to present his  
2 case ... and to conduct cross-examination as may be required for a  
full and true disclosure of the facts."

3 EEOC Handbook for Administrative Judges; c. Dispositions -  
4 "The opportunity for cross examination must be provided."

5 RESPONSE: "The Complainant has no right to cross-examine the  
6 Agency representative during the course of the Complainant's  
7 deposition." (exhibit 36, pg 3) The Attorney stated that I did  
8 not have the right to ask questions or cross-examine myself  
9 during the deposition which I dispute.

10  
11 Threats

12 The Court found in NLRB v. USPS No. 07-14951, 2 May 2008, "We  
13 need not address the extent of First Amendment protection  
14 available to such threats, because we determined that Power's  
15 threat to sue, coupled with the unspecified reprisal, was  
16 retaliatory in nature, and thus illegal under the NLRA."

17 The contract Attorney's statement during disposition; "There  
18 is a difference between a threat and a promise. I'm just warning  
19 you on the record" (deposition, exhibit 12, pg 20) could be taken  
20 as a threat. "That not harassment, and that's something for the  
21 record. We'll let the judge decide when the judge reads my  
22 motion to dismiss and for sanctions" (page 28). What  
23 "sanctions"? Already decided to file a Motion for Dismissal with  
24 sanctions only 28 pages into a 123 page deposition?

1 The contract Attorney threaten me nine times during the  
2 disposition (exhibit 12) that he would call the Judge and "have  
3 Judge Gaffin tell you what I'm entitled to ask." Page 8 - "If  
4 you're going to continue to ask questions, I will call Judge  
5 Gaffin and get an order..."

6 The Attorney threatened me three times that I would have to  
7 pay his air fare from Salt Lake (and back) if I left the  
8 disposition.

9 FRCP 11(2) - "... reasonable attorneys' fees and other expenses  
10 incurred as a direct result of the violation." Is this  
11 reasonable?

12 Title 5 section 504 (b) (1) (A) (ii) - "attorney or agent fees  
13 shall not be awarded in excess of \$125 per hour..." The Attorney  
14 flew in on Thursday for a deposition on Monday. How many \$125  
15 hours would I have really owed?

16 York, Bauman & Rrandleman Remedies 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. ACB, C. Undue  
17 Influence - "... The kind of influence or supremacy of one mind  
18 over another by which that other is prevented from as  
19 acting according to his own wish or judgment... Undue influence  
involves a type of mismatch which our statue calls unfair  
advantage. (Civ. Code section 1575)."

20 Federal Register/Vol. 66, No. 213/Friday, November 2, 2001/Rules  
and Regulations - Postal Service, 39 CFR Part 960 - "... increased  
21 the maximum amount of attorney fees under the Equal Access to  
Justice Act from \$75 per hour to \$125 per hour."

22 So the truth is I was only on the "hook" for maximum of \$125 for  
23 the first hour and recorded costs.  
24  
25

1 The US 4th Circuit Court of Appeals US v. American Target, No.  
2 00-1384, the Court Opinioned that "... the Postal Service would  
3 ordinarily posses the authority to investigate potential  
4 violations of the Cooperative Mail Rule, it has no authority to  
5 exercise its investigative prerogative as a tool of intimidation  
6 and harassment. This premise finds support in the law... Such an  
7 abuse would take place if the summons had been issued for an  
8 improper purpose, such as to harass the taxpayer or to put  
9 pressure on him to settle a collateral dispute, or for any other  
10 purpose reflecting on the good faith of the particular  
11 investigation... The burden of demonstrating an abuse of process  
12 is on the party challenging the investigation. Powell, 379 US at  
13 58... must show that the party actually responsible for initiating  
14 the investigation, i.e., the Postal Service, has done so in bad  
15 faith. See SEC v. Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Corp. 648 F.2d 118  
16 (3d Cir. 1981)... where the district court had made specific  
17 findings that 'the SEC has permitted and at times encouraged, the  
18 abuse of its investigation function..."

19 (first) Notice of Intent to Sue and Allegations of Process  
20 Discrimination, 7 January 2007 (exhibit 15)

21 Agency's Response to Complainant's Appeal 4 August 2008  
22 (exhibit 68) - "(1) Pursuant to 29 CFR 1601.28, the  
23 administrative process should have ceased upon Complainant's  
24 request for a notice to sue letter;"

25 EEO MD-110, IV B. Aggrieved May Bypass Administrative  
Process - "An aggrieved person may bypass the administrative  
complaint process and file a civil action directly in U.S.  
District Court provided that the aggrieved person first provides  
the Commission with written notice of intent to sue... D. It is  
the responsibility of the aggrieved person to provide the  
Commission with a written notice of intent to sue..."

"The Postal Service filed its Agency's Motion for a Decision  
Without a Hearing on March 2, 2007. McDermott did not file a  
response." (exhibit 16) I did file a response to the Agency's

1 first Motion to Dismiss without the required Statement of Genuine  
2 Facts - the Notice of Intent to Sue 8 January 2007 (exhibit 15)  
3 to the EEOC office in Washington D.C. as required by Title 29  
4 663.a(d). 663a(d) "Upon receiving a notice of intent to sue, the  
5 Commission shall promptly notify all persons named therein as  
6 prospective defendants in the action and take any appropriate  
7 action to assure the elimination of any unlawful practice." The  
8 EEOC Washington office sent back a notice to me that they  
9 received the Notice of Intent to Sue and were stopping the  
10 Administrative process (notifying everyone).

11 A year and a half later the Administrative Judge's Decision 1  
12 July 2008 (exhibit 52) the "there are not genuine issues of  
13 material fact requiring a hearing in this case and issuance of a  
14 decision by the administrative judge without a hearing is  
15 appropriate under 29 CFR 1614.109(g)" is not true. I have  
16 disputed every "fact" the Postal Service threw at my claims. The  
17 Judge Decision was not appropriate without the Statement of  
18 Undisputed Facts and a Decision without a hearing pursuant to 29  
19 CFR 1614.703(e) was wrong.

20  
21 29 CFR 1614.109(g): "(3) If the administrative judge determines  
22 upon his or her own initiative that some or all facts are not in  
23 genuine dispute, he or she may, after giving notice to the  
24 parties and providing them an opportunity to respond in writing  
25 within 15 calendar days, issue an order limiting the scope of the  
hearing or issue a decision without holding a hearing."

## Statement of Genuine Facts

Pursuant to 29 CFR 1614.109(g) "... file a statement with the administrative judge prior to the hearing setting forth the fact or facts and referring to the parts of the record relied on to support the statement. The statement must demonstrate that there is no genuine issue as to any such material fact. The party shall serve the statement on the opposing party."

Title 5 section 556 Hearings; presiding employees; powers and duties; burden of proof; evidence; record as basis of decision. ©(3) "rule on offers of proof and receive relevant evidence;". (e) "... When an agency decision rests on official notice of a material fact not appearing in the evidence in the record, a party is entitled, on timely request, to an opportunity to show the contrary."

EL-603.2.1.17.1 "If the advocate who will handle the case believes that some of all of the material facts in the case are not in genuine dispute, the advocate should file a statement with the administrative judge at least 15 days before the scheduled hearing. The statement should request findings and conclusions without a hearing and should set forth the facts and cite parts of the record that support the statement. A copy of the statement must be also served on the complainant..."

EEOC MD-110 chapter 7, 4. Legal Standard for the Use of Summary Judgment - "Summary judgment is proper when "material facts are not in genuine dispute." Section 1614.109(g). Only a dispute over facts that are truly material to the outcome of the case should preclude summary judgment... Moreover, a mere recitation that there is a factual dispute is insufficient. The party opposing summary judgment must identify the disputed facts in the record with specificity or demonstrate that there is a dispute by producing affidavits or records that tend to disprove the facts asserted by the moving party."

The Court in *Adickes v. S.H. Kress & Co.*, 398 U.S. 144, 159, 90 S.Ct. 1598, 1609, 26 L.Ed.2d 142 (1970), establish that "the party opposing the motion for summary judgment bears the burden of responding *only after* the moving party has met its burden of

1 coming forward with proof of the absence of any genuine issues of  
2 material facts."

3 The Court in Celotex Corp. v. Catrett, 477 U.S. 317, 106  
4 S.Ct. 2548, "Celotex makes clear that before the non-moving party  
5 is required to produce evidence in opposition to the motion, the  
6 moving party must first satisfy its obligation of demonstrating  
7 that there are no factual issues warranting trial."

8 The Motion for a Decision, 11 Jun 08, (exhibit 16) does not  
9 contain the required Statement of Material Facts. When I appeal  
10 (exhibit 56) to the EEOC I complained that there was no Statement  
11 of Material Facts. The Agency belatedly submitted an UNDISPUTED  
12 STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS in the Agency's Response 4 Aug 08  
13 (exhibit 68) which I disputed most of their "facts" in My  
14 Supporting Statement (exhibit 64). The Attorney even submitted  
15 portions of the disputed Deposition as "facts" that have not been  
16 submitted to the Administrative Judge as evidence or used in the  
17 Decision Without a Hearing (exhibit 52). Later, Motioning to  
18 Strike my Supporting Statements, 2 Sep 08, (exhibit 62).

19 All my facts were made mere speculations and ramblings by  
20 the Postal Service or Administrative Judge. I was also denied  
21 discovery documents to prove my claims. The Investigation file  
22 did not have the complete Job Vacancy Announcement (exhibit 70  
23 #25) or the form to show that the employee was placed in  
24 temporary higher-level position according to Postal Service  
25 Policy. The dates on the reviewing, approval, and concurring



1 forms do not match the dates inputted in the VMARS computer  
2 (exhibits 73, 75, 76). The decline and acceptance letters sent  
3 to employees have different dates and signatures. Some of the  
4 signature blocks have two signatures of Supervisors who were not  
5 on the Review Committee or the selecting/approving/concurring  
6 Official.

7 The non-creditable and incomplete investigation information  
8 was used as factual findings by the Administrative Judge to issue  
9 his Decision without a hearing. The Administrative Judge's  
10 factual determinations are not supported by the substantial  
11 evidence and material analysis of the facts regarding the Judge's  
12 decision would prove this. When the Court reviews the documents,  
13 statements and testimony of the investigation, I ask that they  
14 review my relevant submissions, in my appeals that, were excluded  
15 in the investigation and contradicts the information in the  
16 investigation.

17 The Court found in Roger Jeseritz v. PM John E. Potter No.  
18 01-1490, 4 March 2002 "... we will affirm if 'there is no genuine  
19 issue as to any material fact and the moving party is entitled to  
20 a judgment as a matter of law'. Fed. R. Civ P. 56©. In order to  
21 establish a genuine issue of material fact, Jeseritz, as the non-  
22 moving party, could not 'simply rest upon the pleadings.'  
23 Mathews v. Trilogy Communications, Inc., 143 F.3d. 1160, 1164  
24 (8<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1998). Nor could he rely on conclusory statements in  
25

1 his affidavit. See Miller v. Citizens Sec. Group, Inc., 116 F.3d.  
2 343, 347 (8<sup>th</sup> Cir.1997)."

3 Agency's Response to Complainant's Appeal of Decision by an  
4 Administrative Judge without a Hearing, #1E-981-0018-06, dated 4  
5 Aug 08, (exhibit 68) page 2 - Undisputed Statement of Material  
6 Facts -

- 7 1. "At all material times, Complainant was a Maintenance  
8 Mechanic (MPE) with the Agency working at the Seattle  
9 Processing and Distribution (P&DC), Seattle, WA." Not  
10 True - I was working at the Priority Mail Annex (PMA),  
11 Kent, WA., during the time of the second EEO complaint.
- 12 2. "On December 23, 2005, Complainant received a "Grinch  
13 Award" and \$.18 cents from co-worker not serving in a  
14 supervisory position." True, but during a management held  
15 meeting.
- 16 3. "Complainant has no evidence management had any advance  
17 knowledge that co-workers were going to present him with a  
18 "Grinch Award" (Complainant's deposition p. 78, lines 14-  
19 16)." (Deposition is exhibit 12.) Not True - Management  
20 did have advance notice. Notice of Right to File  
21 individual Complaint, 1E-981-0018-06, (exhibit 22) - "Mr.  
22 Eger clarified that management was neither consulted nor  
23 involved in any way with this award... felt they were  
24 presenting this award around the holiday season for a bit  
25 of levity... Mr. Eger related he did not know this award

1 was going to be presented at the stand-up and that your  
2 coworkers just asked for a moment to talk, which he  
3 allowed." The Supervisor in charge of the meeting  
4 "allowed" the award to be given.

5 4. "... The opening was posted on the Agency's Seattle  
6 District webpage and also included in the vacancy posting  
7 book at the facility control center." True, but the  
8 agency offered no proof of this and where it was posted  
9 was not known at the time by me or most other employees.

10 5. "Manager of Maintenance (MMO) Wayne Witzel, verbally  
11 informed Complainant and other employees about the open  
12 position during morning meetings with employees." Not  
13 True - Maintenance Supervisor Henry Eger, not Manager  
14 Witzel, informed me of the vacancy on February 2 that  
15 closed February 3. Investigative Summary 1E-981-0018-06  
16 (exhibit 45) page 5 "Complainant states that he is a  
17 Maintenance Mechanic, MPE, at the Seattle Processing and  
18 Distribution Center in Seattle, Washington, and that  
19 during a morning meeting on February 2, 2006, Supervisor  
20 Henry Eger stated that a Tour 2 Supervisor, Maintenance  
21 Operations (SMO) position was posted."

22 6. "Complainant says he couldn't locate the vacancy  
23 announcement and therefore, he never applied for it."  
24 True - Investigative Summary (exhibit 45) page 5 -  
25 "Complainant states that he looked at the Western Area

1 Vacancy Announcements using his account and could not find  
2 it anywhere." Page 6 - "Mr. Witzel states that jobs are  
3 posted as follows: on the Seattle District web site..."  
4 page 18 - "Mr. Witzel testifies that the vacancies for all  
5 of these positions were posted on the Seattle District web  
6 page, available at the Control Center and announced at  
7 stand up talks." If true to post on the Seattle District  
8 Web site, than required to post on the eCareer site is  
9 "untrue".

10 7. "Tour 3 SMO, Jim Barry, was appointed to a Tour 2 SMO  
11 position and Linda Mainor was appointed to fill the Tour 3  
12 SMO position." Not True - Investigative Summary exhibit  
13 2, Vacancy Announcement (exhibit 23) shows the position  
14 was for tour I position 2300-0750 (7:30am), but Linda was  
15 promoted to a tour II day shift position 0600-1530.

16 EEOC Decision 2 Oct 08 (exhibit 19) - "Complainant has not  
17 presented any material facts in dispute..."

18 EEOC Decision 10 Nov 08 (exhibit 20) - The Commission finds  
19 that the agency has mischaracterized complainant's claim."

20 Wayne Witzel's affidavit statement (exhibit 46, #16) "Michael  
21 J. Brunswick, Electronic Technician----- Male Mr. Brunswick is  
22 very competent person and has many skills. He needed more  
23 training on the administrative functions of the position."  
24 However, looking at the Vacancy Announcement (exhibit 23)  
25 "administrative functions" are not in the Job Requirements 1-9.

1 So an Electronic Technician level 12 who had better skills listed  
2 in the Vacancy Requirements was passed over for the Tool and  
3 Parts Clerk level 5 because he lacked the Administrative skills  
4 requirement not listed in the Vacancy Announcement. How could  
5 she have better knowledge of the maintenance of the equipment if  
6 she has not worked on the equipment?

7  
8 My right to dispute the facts was violated.

9 Decision by AJ (exhibit 52) - "In response to a motion for  
10 summary judgment, the fact-finder's function is not to weigh the  
11 evidence and render a determination as to the truth of the  
12 matter, but only to determine whether there exists a genuine  
13 factual dispute." The VI. ANALYSIS on page 7 of the Decision  
14 shows the Judge made his decision base on "the evidence in it's  
15 entirety" and not on any genuine fact. How can a Judge make a  
16 decision on evidence without the facts?

17 AJ - "... a plaintiff's mere speculations are insufficient to  
18 create a genuine issue of fact regarding an employer's  
19 articulated reasons for its decisions." Why is all the evidence  
20 I presented taken as "mere speculations" and the Postal Service's  
21 'articulated reasons' are taken as "genuine issue of fact" by the  
22 Administrative Judge?

23 I also filed Allegations of Process Discrimination violations  
24 of Title 29 section 2938 with the EEOC (exhibit 15) with the  
25 relevant facts and specific allegations of more discrimination by

1 the Administrative Judge and the Postal Service Attorney assigned  
2 to the case.

3 AJ - ANALYSIS - A. "Here, McDermott has not established a  
4 prima facie case of discrimination on the basis of gender because  
5 he failed to apply for the open position. McDermott alleges  
6 there were irregularities because the Postal Service failed to  
7 physically post the opening on the bulletin boards as per the  
8 prior local practice." A. Management did not properly inform me  
9 of the job opening. B. The "irregularities" are that Management  
10 did not follow Postal Service Policies and Federal Regulations.  
11 C. Management did not have a "prior local practice" to post on  
12 the bulletin boards, but it does now at the P&DC but not at the  
13 PMA where I now work.

14 The Prima Facie - I presented Title 29 section 215 Prima  
15 Facie evidence that prohibited acts occurred that has been  
16 ignored by the EEOC Investigator, Attorney, and the  
17 Administrative Judge. I have shown that Agency's "articulate  
18 legitimate, nondiscriminatory reasons" are lies that cover up the  
19 facts. The Judge wrote "To prevail in a 'failure to promote'  
20 case, the complainant must... (2) a vacancy existed for which the  
21 complainant applied for..." This case is about "failure to notify"  
22 and "failure to promote".

23 Federal Express Corp. V. Holowecki, No. 06-1322, 1(b) "Just as  
24 this Court defers to reasonable statutory interpretations, an  
25 agency is entitled to deference when it adopts a reasonable  
interpretation of its regulations, unless its position is  
'plainly erroneous or inconsistent with the regulations' Auer v.

Robbins, 519 US 452... " 2(b) "... However, the ultimate responsibility for establishing a clearer, more consistent process lies with the EEOC, which should determine, in the first instance, what revisions to its forms and processes are necessary or appropriate to reduce the risk of future misunderstandings by those who seek its assistance."

District of Columbia Circuit Court, AAL v. USPS, 14 March 2003, No. 01-5449; "The District Court granted judgment for appellees, finding that the regulations "constitute an impermissible reading of the statute." Aid Ass'n for Lutherans v. USPS, No. 96-2694, Mem. Op. at 13 (D.D.C. Sept. 13, 2001) ("AAL Mem. Op."), reprinted in Joint Appendix ("JA") 157, 169; Am. Bar. Endowment v. USPS, No. 97-660, Mem. Op. at 6 (D.D.C. Sept. 17, 2001) ("ABE Mem. Op.") (finding the "identical analysis" to apply), reprinted in JA 384, 389... appellees may challenge actions by the Postal Service that are outside of the scope of its statutory authority... On the merits, we hold that the Postal Service's regulations exceed the agency's delegated authority under the statute... In AAL, the District Court first held that 39 U.S.C. § 410(a) did not preclude judicial review in this case... Id. at 12-13, JA 168-69.

Appellant contends that this is so because the appropriate scope of review is something akin to "that appropriate in mandamus actions," Nat'l Ass'n of Postal Supervisors v. USPS, 602 F.2d 420, 432 (D.C. Cir. 1979) ("National Association"). Appellant's Br. 2-26...

National Association, 602 F.2d at 432. With respect to the matter at issue in this case - the scope of review of Postal Service constructions of PRA - we held that "[t]he judicial role is to determine the extent of the agency's delegated authority and then determine whether the agency has acted within that authority." The agency must still stay within the bounds of the delegation in promulgating regulations under the statute. In this case, the Postal Service has transgressed the bounds of any delegation to fill alleged gaps in the statute, because the statute simply cannot bear the meaning that the Postal Service seeks to give it. See MCI Telecomms. Corp. v. Am. Tel. & Tel. Co., 512 U.S. 218, 229 (1994) ("[A]n agency's interpretation of a statute is not entitled to deference when it goes beyond the meaning that the statute can bear....").

#### Prima Facie

Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, eleventh edition,  
Prima Facie - "1: True, valid, or sufficient at first impression

1 2. Self-Evident. 3. Legally sufficient to establish a fact or a  
2 case unless disproved."

3 AJ Decision, 1 July 2008 (exhibit 52, pg 7) "While McDermott  
4 did not establish a prima facie case of discrimination, the  
5 Postal Service nonetheless came forward both during the  
6 investigation of this case and in its pleadings to bring its  
7 evidence on these allegations into the record. This decision is  
8 based on the evidence in its entirety and not just on the  
9 evidence going to the questions of whether complainant  
10 established a prima facie case." A. I did establish that I was  
11 treated differently. B. The Postal Service was allowed to  
12 bring evidence/genuine facts to dispute the allegations and my  
13 evidence was made "mere speculation" by the Judge. "Prima facie  
14 case" does not exist in 29 CFR 1614 EEOC administrative  
15 procedures and would be a higher legal standard than I was not  
16 asked to or able present.

17 I do not see "minimum threshold of the second and third  
18 elements required to establish a prima facie case" in 29 CFR  
19 1614.106 individual complaints or the "second prong of the  
20 McDonnell Douglas test". MD 110, V. "... the agency and the  
21 aggrieved person have the same understanding of the terms..."  
22 Again the agency Attorney and the Administrative Judge were using  
23 a higher level legal standards and terms than the administrative  
24 process.



1 FRCP 83 (b) "... No sanction of other disadvantage may be  
2 imposed for noncompliance with any requirement not in federal  
3 law, federal rules, of the local district rules unless the  
4 alleged violator has been furnished in the particular case with  
5 actual notice of the requirement." I was not ask for prima  
6 facie evidence and was not given a copy of the "prima facie"  
7 rule. Any evidence, prima facie or not, I gave was made into  
8 "did not establish" by the Administrative Judge.

9  
10 DISMISSAL OF (second) FORMAL EEO COMPLAINT 1E981004408  
11 My original allegations 3 May 2007 (exhibit 3) were changed in  
12 the EEO Dispute Resolution Specialist's Inquiry Report 18 June  
13 2008 (exhibit 55) "In the incident described by the Complaint,  
14 he indicated that Management delayed posting a vacancy  
15 announcement on the official bulleting board, resulting in  
16 Complainant submitting his 991 past the deadline, and thus not  
17 being eligible for consideration."

18 1. Management did not post the job vacancy announcement on  
19 the bulletin board.

20 2. I submitted my application on time.

21 "HR Generalist Dianne Savas responded on 06/26/08 that the HR  
22 Policy Manual does not state Management must post EAS positions  
23 on bulletin boards,..." (exhibit 55) The Agency has not and cannot  
24 produce a copy of this "does not" HR policy. I submitted dozens  
25 of exhibits Postal Service policies and documents that require

1 posting on the bulletin boards (exhibits 44) and to show this  
2 statement to be untrue. Other than the Formal Investigative  
3 Report the Postal Service has submitted zero documents with their  
4 Motions compared to the 84 I submitted.

5 Further, the EEO Services Analyst (exhibit 55) found "Since  
6 VAMS was implemented, local management officials were no longer  
7 obligated to post EAS vacancies on the bulletin board." EL-  
8 350.321 "However, offices must provide appropriate application  
9 information to applicants when automated system is used for  
10 posting Initial Level Supervisor positions filled..." Manager's  
11 overview EAS Selection Process (exhibit 70) shows #6 Complete  
12 Notice of Intent (NOI) on-line in the Vacancy Announcement  
13 Management System (VAMS). "#7 VAMS approving official #8 Post  
14 vacancies every weeks - PostalPEOPLE website - email all ACE  
15 users #9 Make copies and distribute #10 make vacancy  
16 announcements available to employees." Making this "genuine  
17 fact" presented by the EEO investigator to be untrue.

18 Agency's Brief (exhibit 36, pg 1) "... the Agency shows that  
19 the Complainant's petition demonstrates complete ignorance of  
20 EEOC regulations pertaining to formal complaints. Complainant's  
21 patchwork of allegations contain not a single legitimate example  
22 of unlawful discrimination during the processing of his  
23 complaint." I have shown the ignorance or pretext of Postal  
24 Service Management. I have shown the ignorance or pretext of the  
25 contract EEO investigator, FAD Writer, Attorney, and

1 Administrative Judge. I have tried to show how the knowledge  
2 gained by Human Resource employees was turned against Postal  
3 Employees when these former HR employees became contract EEO  
4 investigators and FAD Writers who a paid bonus of up to \$172,000  
5 a year (more then a Postal Executive makes). I had to spar with  
6 an ignorant high-priced contract Postal Attorney flown in from  
7 Salt Lake four days early for my deposition who said that he had  
8 independent rights and I had no rights. Now the Law Department  
9 thinks that I am ignorant and therefore wrong which I also  
10 dispute. I submitted plenty of evidence that there was  
11 "legitimate example" of unlawful discrimination and retaliation.  
12 All the allegations I made meet the "threshold" level of  
13 discrimination and together they reach the "legal" definition of  
14 Discrimination.

15 FRCP provide for a "motion for more definite statement" as a  
16 formal method of challenging a pleading that is "so vague or  
17 ambiguous that a party cannot reasonably be required to frame a  
18 responsive pleading." Fed.R.Civ.P 12(e). The Postal Attorney  
19 did not make a Motion for More Definite Statement to give me an  
20 opportunity to clarify my "incoherent ramblings" (English) that  
21 the better educated Attorney and Administrative Judge could not  
22 understand. Nor did the contract EEO Investigator is responsible  
23 for clarifying the complaint ask me.

24  
25 EEOC Appeal Decision

1 Pursuant to MD 110, chapter 7, V. C. - "Section 1614.109(e)  
2 provides that the Administrative Judge or the Commission may  
3 refer to the disciplinary committee of the appropriate bar  
4 association any attorney ... or who otherwise engages in improper  
5 conduct." I pleaded with the EEOC to investigate the  
6 discrimination during the processing of my administrative  
7 complaint (exhibit 18). I appealed to the Commission (exhibit  
8 56) to refer to the appropriate Bar Association the contract  
9 Attorney and the Administrative Judge if the Commission finds  
10 improper conduct.

11 Pursuant to 29 CFR 1601.35 Petitions - "Any interested  
12 person may petition the Commission, in writing, for the issuance,  
13 amendment, or repeal of a rule or regulation." I petition the  
14 Commission to issue a rule that no disinterested contract EEO  
15 Investigator, FAD Writer, or Attorney (unless the complainant has  
16 a Attorney or files civil action), who have no vested interest in  
17 fixing the EEO problems, may be used in the EEOC administrative  
18 processing of EEO Complaints for the United States Postal  
19 Service.

20  
21 Burden

22 Title 5 section 556 Hearings; presiding employees; powers and  
23 duties; burden of proof; evidence; record as basis of decision.  
24 (d) "Except as otherwise provided by statute, the proponent of a  
25 rule of order has the burden of proof... The agency may, to the  
extent consistent with the interests of justice and the policy of  
the underlying statutes administered by the agency, consider a

1 violation of section 557(d) of knowingly committed such violation  
2 or knowingly caused such violation to occur..."

3 The Court found in Adickes v. S.H. Kress Co. (45 U.Chi.L.Rev.  
4 72, 76-79 (1977), "Yet summary judgment was held improper  
5 because, in contrast to the situation at trial, the burden was on  
6 the defendant to show the absence of a genuine issue of fact."

7 The "burden" is on the Postal Service to properly inform me  
8 of the job opportunities. PERMANENT POSTING EMPLOYEE BULLETIN  
9 BOARDS (exhibit 48) "... by personal commitment assure that equal  
10 opportunity is a way of life in the Postal Service. Equal  
11 employment opportunity and affirmative action requirements will  
12 be enforced by us and our top management staff."

13 "Based on the entire evidentiary record, the facts show the  
14 complainant did not meet his burden to show by a preponderance of  
15 the evidence..." (exhibit 52, pg 9) The Judge's Decision is  
16 required by 29 CFR 1614.109 to be based on the preponderance of  
17 the genuine facts not in dispute, not whatever the Judge can get  
18 his hands on. The Judge threw out my evidence and based his  
19 decision on the Postal Service's false statements in the one  
20 sided EEO investigation and what ever the Attorney gave to him  
21 written and oral.

22 MD 110, chapter 9, IV. C. "On appeal, the burden is squarely  
23 on the party challenging the Administrative judge's decision to  
24 demonstrate that the Administrative Judge's factual  
25 determinations are not supported by substantial evidence. This  
burden does not exist in a de novo review."

1 I do not have the burden to prove that the genuine facts  
2 developed by the contract EEO Investigator and through the  
3 discovery process by the contract Attorney were one sided and  
4 bias. But I believe that I have done so to show that the  
5 Decision from the Judge is based on false "genuine" facts. The  
6 other party did not even issue the required statement of  
7 Undisputed/Genuine Facts when they requested a Decision without a  
8 Hearing (twice). I clearly have shown genuine facts with  
9 documents and other objective informational evidence that  
10 contradicts the testimony and findings in the contracted EEO  
11 Formal investigation.

12  
13 ELM 673.1 General EEO and Affirmative Action Goals - "The Postal  
14 Service seeks to: a. Ensure fair employment practices at every  
15 level of the organization, making equal employment opportunity a  
16 way of life in the Postal Service. b. Provide programs and  
opportunities that assist all employees in gaining the skills and  
experience necessary for advancement consistent with their  
abilities and personal goals."

17 U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit in Rodney Harrell  
18 vs. USPS, No. 03-4202, found that; A. Standard of Review - "...  
19 Summary judgment is proper if 'the pleadings, depositions,  
answers to interrogatories, and admissions file, together with  
affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine issue as to any  
material fact..."

20 U.S. Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit - Mary Christine  
21 Smith, v. USPS, No. 02-6073; found that: "Because the district  
22 court erred in granting summary judgment for the United States  
Postal Service on Smith's claims for sex, age and disability  
discrimination,..."

23  
24 The Administrative Judge used the higher level legal Federal  
25 Court standard and not the Title 29 section 1614 Administrative

1 standard of review of the "genuine facts not in dispute".  
2 Showing how my original pleadings were changed and twisted by EEO  
3 contract Investigator and the contract Attorney and that all my  
4 admissions were held as "mere speculations" by the Administrative  
5 Judge what "conclusions of law" did the Judge use for this non-  
6 legal administrative decision?

7 EEO Services Analyst Marissa Haley wrote a response that  
8 "local management officials were no longer obligated to post EAS  
9 vacancies on the Bulletin boards" (exhibit 20).

10 EEO Policy Statement signed by the Postmaster General states  
11 "All executives, managers, and supervisors share in the  
12 responsibility..." (exhibit 50)

13  
14 Pretext

15 Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, eleventh edition,  
16 Pretext - ": a purpose or motive alleged or an appearance assumed  
17 in order to cloak the real intention of state of affairs."

18 EEOC Office of Federal Operations Decision, 10 Nov 08  
19 (exhibit 80, pg 2) - "... The Commission finds that the agency has  
20 mischaracterized complaint's claim."

21 Administrative Judge Decision, 1 Jul 08 (exhibit 52, pg 9). -  
22 "Additionally, the complainant did not show any bias.  
23 Accordingly, the agency's reasons were not pretextual." If the  
24 agency reasons are false then they are bias and pretext to cover  
25 up the unlawful actions. "The complaint must show that his

1 discriminatory reason 'more likely than not' motivated the  
2 agency, by showing that the agency's proffered explanation is not  
3 worthy of belief." I showed that Maintenance Manager Wayne  
4 Witzel affidavit (exhibit 46 #7) that "... vacancy announcement  
5 does not say it must be posted on the official bulletin boards"  
6 (exhibit 3). "#8 The Review Board for this position consisted of  
7 Don Schemacher, ... Donna Sifuentes... Ida Hutton..." The 13 Feb 06,  
8 Supervisor, Maintenance Operations, EAS-17 Seattle P&DC,  
9 Memorandum for: Selecting Official shows Mark Hemphill and  
10 Jeffery Carter as Selecting Officials and Wayne Witzel as  
11 Reviewing Official (exhibits 73, 75). The dates on the form for  
12 selection do not match the dates inputted in the computer  
13 database (exhibits 73, 75, 76)). The official notification that  
14 Linda Mainor had been selected for the supervisor job is signed  
15 by Wayne Witzel as Selecting Official (exhibit 73). EL-312.735  
16 "Selecting official is normally the supervisor or manager with  
17 the vacancy". Wayne should have been the Selecting Official  
18 selecting the employee recommended by the Review Committee. Jeff  
19 Carter and Mark Hemphill were not part of the Reviewing  
20 Committee. The Selecting Manager has the legal 39 CFR 1001  
21 authority and responsibility to follow the Postal Service's  
22 promotion policies and regulations. Wayne Witzel's affidavit  
23 contains statements that are not true and with violations of  
24 Title 18 section 1018 Official certificates or writings, and a  
25 possible Title 18 False Statement crime.



1 ELM 672.2 "Executive Order No. 11478 requires federal agencies to  
2 establish and maintain affirmative programs of equal employment  
3 opportunity for all employees and applicants."

4 29 CFR 1600.101 - "Employees of the Equal Employment Opportunity  
5 Commission (EEOC) are subject to the executive branch-wide  
6 Standards of Ethical conduct at 5 CFR part 2635..."

7 MD 110 chapter 7, V.A. - "... Administrative Judges may look to  
8 rules of ethics,...".

9 "In support of his burden to show pretext, McDermott  
10 complains only of the agency's (and the EEOC's) treatment of him  
11 during the discovery process, specifically his deposition." (AJ  
12 Decision, exhibit 52, pg 8) I complained about everything I  
13 could that was not right. The complaints of the treatment during  
14 the discovery process (discrimination), specifically my  
15 disposition were contain in my Notice of Intent to Sue and  
16 Allegations of Process Discrimination dated, 8 January 2007, were  
17 not in the ROI, Affidavit A, the Judge referred to on page 2 of  
18 his Decision. On page 4 the Judge states that "The Seattle Field  
19 Office of the EEOC has no record showing that McDermott filed his  
20 January 2, 2008 Notice of Intent to Sue before June 24, 2008.  
21 McDermott does not certify that the Notice of Intent to Sue was  
22 filed prior to June 24, 2008. There is not record the McDermott  
23 filed a lawsuit in the U.S. District Court." (AJ decision,  
24 exhibit 52, pg 4) 1. The first Notice of Intent to Sue is dated  
25 8 January 2007 (exhibit 15). 2. There is no "rule" that I must  
"certify" the Notice sent. I thought I had the right to file in

1 Federal Court within 2 years. So why is the Administrative Judge  
2 looking for evidence outside the (federal courts) administrative  
3 process? The Judge used zero of the disposition to make his  
4 decision, so why was it necessary? I paid/lost \$566 for a copy  
5 of the 123 page disposition did the Judge receive a free one and  
6 not use it? The "treatment" I have complained about during the  
7 processing of my EEO Complaint is the same underlying violations  
8 of my Constitutional Right of Due Process. Denying my  
9 representative of choice violated Title 29 section 458.77 Rights  
10 of Parties. The Postal Service in violating the process for  
11 promotions (39 CFR 1001) and the EEO Investigator's, FAD  
12 Writer's, Administrative Judge's and Postal Attorney's violations  
13 of the (Title 29 section 1614) EEOC Hearing's fair and un-bias  
14 process.

15 Without a Statement of the Undisputed Facts the  
16 Administrative Judge improperly issued a Decision. The Judge's  
17 Acknowledgement and Order (SS exhibit 1-1) says - **"A motion for**  
18 **summary judgment must include a statement of the undisputed**  
19 **material facts."** The Attorney did not include that statement of  
20 "undisputed material facts" with his Motion for summary Judgment.

21  
22 Due Process

23 BURGER, J., Opinion of the Court, Supreme Court of the United  
24 States, 397 U.S. 728, Rowan v. United States Post Office  
25 Department "... Appellants initiated an action in the United  
States District Court for the Central District of California upon  
[p731] a complaint and petition for declaratory relief on the  
ground that 39 U.S.C. § 4009 (1964 ed., Supp. IV) is

1 unconstitutional... The statutory scheme at issue accords to the  
2 sender an "opportunity to be heard upon such notice and  
3 proceedings as are adequate to safeguard the right for which the  
4 constitutional protection is invoked." Anderson Nat. Bank v.  
5 Lockett, 321 U.S. 233, 246 (1944). It thus comports with the Due  
6 Process Clause of the Fifth Amendment.

7 MD 110, Agency dismissal Process, D. Allegations of  
8 Dissatisfaction Regarding Processing of Pending Complaints - "If  
9 a complainant is dissatisfied with the processing of his/her  
10 pending complaint, whether or not it alleges prohibited  
11 discrimination as a basis for dissatisfaction, s/he should ... A  
12 complainant must raise any dissatisfaction with the processing of  
13 his/her complaint before the administrative Judge issues a  
14 decision on that complaint... may suggest that the complainant  
15 submit a letter to the following EEOC office for consideration  
16 regarding the agency's conduct:".

17 Carey v. Piphus, 435 US 247, 98 S.Ct. 1042, 55 L.Ed.2d 252 -  
18 "The Court holds that plaintiffs can recover nominal damages of a  
19 dollar for the deprivation of procedural due process."

20 I did raise the issues before the Administrative Judge in  
21 filing a Motion for Protection. When I realized that the  
22 Attorney and Administrative Judge were conspiring to deny me my  
23 rights I sent the Process Discrimination complaint to the EEOC  
24 before the Administrative Judge issued his Decision.

25 I file another complaint with allegations (exhibit 4): 1.  
Karen Black was given preferential treatment for a higher level  
assignment. 2. The job vacancy announcement was not posted on  
the bulletin board. 3. On short notice I mailed in my  
application on time (post mark) and it was rejected. 4. Karen  
Black was improperly selected for promotion. 5. Retaliation.  
The same allegations against Linda Mainor's promotion except that  
I sent in my application and it was rejected.

1 The Notice of Right to File EEO Case No. 1E-981-0044-08  
2 (exhibit 54) shows the Investigator noted that the job  
3 announcement was not posted and I sent my application in before  
4 the posting closed. "Management related that national vacancy  
5 announcements are handled by Shared Services and postings are  
6 done on-line through Lite Blue." 1. The Job vacancy  
7 announcement was local, not "national". 2. On-line posting is  
8 required at PostalPEOPLE, not Lite Blue. EEO Investigator could  
9 have easily provided the envelope with the Postmark to show if  
10 the application was sent on time or not. The Investigator should  
11 have accepted and investigated my EEO allegations using the same  
12 standards as the other allegations that were accepted and  
13 investigated.

14 The Agency's position is that the evidence I gave in the  
15 Supporting Statement (exhibits 64) only says "may" post on the  
16 bulletin board is again twisting the facts.

17 PS Form 1716 - "Post this notice on the bulletin board in  
18 your station or unit..."

19 Web site PostalPEOPLE - "Watch your bulletin board for local  
20 announcements inviting applicants."

21 Publication 12 - "... posting on official bulletin boards."

22 Handbook EL-312 - "... in the lobbies and on employee bulletin  
23 boards..." Other (exhibits 44) - "... must be posted on all employee  
24 bulletin boards..." Federal Regulations and Postal Service  
25 policies state "post" on the Bulletin Board. The Postal Service

1 has not shown any evidence that the Job Vacancy Announcement may,  
 2 should, or required to be posted hidden in a book behind the  
 3 counter in the City Desk office.

#### 4 5 RETALIATION

#### 6 CONSIDERATION:

7 Federal Employee Antidiscrimination and Retaliation Act of 2002,  
 8 Public Law 107-174, An Act - "To require that Federal agencies be  
 9 accountable for violations of antidiscrimination and  
 10 whistleblower protection laws..." Note: 5 U.S.C. 2301. Section  
 11 102 - "Sense of Congress (2) the mission of the Federal agency  
 and the employment security of employees who are blameless in a  
 12 whistleblower incident should not be compromised." Section 103 -  
 13 "United States Postal Service".

14 Whistleblower Protection Act of 1989 - Wikipedia - "A Federal  
 15 agency violates the Whistleblower Protection Act if it takes or  
 16 fails to take (or threatens to take or fail to take) a personnel  
 17 action with respect to any employee or applicant because of any  
 18 disclosure of information by the employee or applicant that he or  
 19 she reasonably believes evidences a violation of a law, rule or  
 20 regulation; gross mismanagement; gross waste of funds, an abuse  
 21 of authority; or a substantial and specific danger to the public  
 22 health or safety."

23 Title 5 section 2635 (11) - "Employees shall disclose waste,  
 24 fraud, abuse and corruption to appropriate authorities." Section  
 25 7301 (k) - "Employees shall disclose waste, fraud, abuse and  
 corruption to appropriate authorities." Executive Order 12674  
 (11) - "Employees shall disclose waste, fraud, abuse and  
 corruption to appropriate authorities."

Title 5 section 2302 (8) - "take or fail to take, or threaten to  
 take or fail to take, a personnel action with respect to any  
 employee or applicant for employment because of - (A) any  
 disclosure of information by an employee or applicant which the  
 employee or applicant reasonably believes evidences - (i) a  
 violation of any law, rule, or regulation, or (ii) gross  
 mismanagement, a gross waste for funds, an abuse of authority, or  
 a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety."

Notice of final Interview case #1E-981-0037-07 (exhibit 38)- "Be  
 advised that the EEOC has held that in order to establish a case

1 of harassment that creates a hostile working environment, the  
2 harassment which complainant alleges generally, must be ongoing  
3 and continuous in order to constitute unlawful discrimination.  
4 When assessing whether the alleged harassment effect a term,  
5 condition or privilege of the complainant's employment, the  
6 conduct must be viewed in the context of the totality of the  
7 circumstances... The question as to whether a term, condition, or  
8 privilege of employment is affected generally revolves around the  
9 complainant's ability to show a direct, personal deprivation at  
10 the hands of the employer (e.g. promotion, demotion, discipline,  
11 reasonable accommodation, appraisals, awards, training, benefits,  
12 etc.)."

13 Gomez-Perez vs. USPS the U.S. Supreme Court in the Opinion of the  
14 Court held that "For these reasons, we hold that section 663a(a)  
15 prohibits retaliation against a federal employee who complains of  
16 age discrimination..."

17 US Court of Appeals for the sixth Circuit Jamie L. McFarland v.  
18 USPS "in an opinion filed after the district court decided the  
19 present case, the Supreme Court recognized that the 'very nature'  
20 of a hostile work environment 'involves repeated conduct.' Nat'l  
21 R.R.; Passenger Corp v. Morgan, 122 S.Ct.2061, 2073 (2002). The  
22 unlawful employment practice in a hostile work environment  
23 'occurs over a series of days or perhaps years and, in direct  
24 contrast to (claims based upon) discrete acts, a single act of  
25 harassment may not be actionable on its own.' Id. 'Given  
26 therefore, that the incidents comprising a hostile work  
27 environment are part of one unlawful employment practice, the  
28 employer may be liable for all acts that are part of this single  
29 claim." ANALYSIS - "We must construe all of the facts at the  
30 summary judgment stage of the case in McFarland's favor,  
31 Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp., 475 U.S. 574,  
32 587 (1986),..." "she pled from the very beginning that the Postal  
33 Service's acts of discrimination had created a hostile work  
34 environment. In an opinion filed after the district court decided  
35 the present case, the Supreme Court recognized that the "very  
36 nature" of a hostile work environment "involves repeated  
37 conduct." "But it is the task of the court to apply the law as it  
38 is, not just as the parties describe it. The facts as set forth  
39 in the complaint and McFarland's affidavit, all of which must be  
40 construed in her favor when evaluating the Postal Service's  
41 motion for summary judgment,..."

42 The Court found in NLRB v. USPS No. 07-14951, 2 May 2008, "See  
43 Gissel Packing Co., 395 U.S. at 618, 89 S. Ct. at 1942 (an  
44 employer's 'threat of retaliation based on misrepresentation and  
45 coercion... (is) without the protection of the First Amendment')."

1 My version of relevant Protected Activity and Retaliation events:

2  
3 BACKGROUND:

4 I started with the Postal Service as Christmas help in 1996.

5 I had turned in my DD 214 discharge form from the Army when  
6 hired. Because of this Human Resource called me and hired me  
7 full time after Christmas. Because of my maintenance background  
8 in the Military I was given a choice of work at the Vehicle  
9 Maintenance Facility (VMF) or the Processing and Distribution  
10 Center (P&DC). After seeing the new automated letter Tray  
11 Management System (TMS) in the P&DC I choose to work there. I  
12 worked various job in the facility but mostly on the TMS system.

13 The TMS system is 33 train tugs pulling 30 trolleys on 2.5 miles  
14 of track that receives sorts and than discharges letter trays in  
15 the million square foot building. I started training under the  
16 204B Supervisor program under my supervisor at the time Taylor  
17 Welsh. Around that time a new maintenance employee came to the  
18 P&DC Steve Poulin. He was being trained in different areas of  
19 the facility and I asked about him. I found out that he was a  
20 friend of the Maintenance Manager Patty Francisco and was  
21 destined to be a supervisor. When Steve was assigned to my area  
22 on the TMS maintenance platform he caused problems that I had to  
23 fix. I told my supervisor Taylor that I did not want to work  
24 with or train Steve. A couple of months later when Steve was  
25 made my supervisor I was taken off the 204B Supervisor program.



1 I was in the Army National Guard (retired 2001) and went on a two  
2 week annual summer training in 1999. When I returned the TMS  
3 system had destroyed 60 trolleys for a total of 100 out of 990  
4 (10%) train trolleys. My supervisor Steve Poulin asked me, since  
5 I was the only employee rebuilding trolleys and if I would  
6 rebuild the broken trolleys. I said that I would if I can be the  
7 only one to rebuild them so if there is a problem I could correct  
8 it. With the TMS system breaking an average of 2 trolleys a day  
9 it took me a year to get caught up and rebuild the 100 broken  
10 trolleys. I also rebuilt a train tug that had been off the train  
11 rail for years and 50% cannibalized. Placing the train with 30  
12 rebuilt trolleys brought the TMS system up to full carrying  
13 capacity of 33 trains with (30 each) 990 trolleys for the first  
14 time since it was new. (Note the TMS system cost \$25 million and  
15 10% is \$2.5 million in rebuild work.) I was the only one to  
16 rebuild TMS trolleys and with overtime worked 6 days a week for  
17 several years doing so. I researched and found most of the parts  
18 used to rebuild the trolleys because of the poor documentation  
19 from the contractor. The net result of my efforts showed in the  
20 reduced fault reports. And Then:

21  
22 My version of relevant events:

23 Protected Activity - On 22 September 2000, I submitted an  
24 Idea Proposal for using the network computer to track maintenance  
25 calls instead of the paper based log books at each piece of



1 equipment. Engineer Technician Dave Hoff (dh) worked with me on  
2 it (exhibits 89).

3 From 13 November 2000 to 8 December 2001 I wrote several  
4 Reports of Hazards or Idea Proposals mostly for the Tray  
5 Management System (TMS) (exhibits 107 a-k). Some like the unsafe  
6 front entry and parking lot were denied and than later fixed  
7 (exhibits 107 l-n).

8 In October 2001 I wrote a memo for the Plant Manager about  
9 the Tray Management System (TMS) problems and recommendations to  
10 help (exhibit 90).

11 In November 2001 I was asked to rebuild some used TMS  
12 trolleys from JC Penny to see if they would work on our TMS track  
13 and write a report on what was needed to make they work (exhibit  
14 91).

15 10 January 2002 I wrote a memo on the TMS train rail wear and  
16 the use of the wider wheels to reduce wear (exhibit 92).

17 11 January 2002 I wrote an Idea Proposal with drawing for 2  
18 steps to get over the TMS train rail on the maintenance platform.

19 4 May 2002 I wrote a Report of Hazard about crossing over the TMS  
20 train rail with unsafe pallets being used. Management rejected  
21 the Idea Proposal and built a platform with eleven steps up 8  
22 feet and down to get over a 3 foot high rail (exhibits 108).  
23 Employees were than force to use the steps to move heavy (110  
24 pound drive units) over these steps to the work bench.

25

1 After not receiving any management help to fix the safety  
2 problems I wrote OSHA about the safety problems of the TMS system  
3 that management was not fixing. This resulted in a \$1,300 fine  
4 for failure to fix exposed electrical wiring maintenance  
5 employees were walking on.

6  
7 Retaliation - Shortly after filing the OSHA complaint  
8 Maintenance Supervisors Jeff Carter and Dave Hoff were looking at  
9 the exposed wiring in the TMS Maintenance area with a copy of my  
10 OSHA complaint in hand. Jeff noticed that I was working on a  
11 train tug without applying a lockout on the electrical power box.  
12 I received a Letter of Warning for failure to work in a safe  
13 manner 23 January 2002. The first discipline I had in 5 years  
14 working for the Postal Service. TMS Tech Note - TN10 MPE route  
15 for Daily Tug Maintenance (exhibit 162) does not require that the  
16 Tug be electrically locked-out. I was given another bogus  
17 Letter of Warning 2 February 2002 for failure to follow  
18 instruction.

19  
20 Retaliation - Starting in January 2002 management placed me  
21 on a special watch list and traded information on my work  
22 activities until August 2003 when I quit being a Union Steward  
23 and writing Idea Proposals, Reports of Hazards, etc. (exhibits  
24 111)..

1 Protected Activity - 24 April 2002 I wrote OSHA about unsafe  
2 TMS procedures and hazards (exhibit 109).

3 In 24 April 2002 I wrote OSHA about the unsafe Parking lot  
4 and front entry issues that were not being addressed by  
5 management (exhibit 94).

6 OSHA in 30 August 2002 about a hazard at the front entry  
7 (loose floor mats a trip hazard) of the P&DC and OSHA issued of  
8 Alleged Safety & Health Hazard (exhibit 97).

9  
10 Retaliation - In September 2002 I was told that I could no  
11 longer use pneumatic air wrench to rebuild the TMS train  
12 trolleys. My Supervisor also removed my personnel cooling fans  
13 from the TMS train trolley rebuild area for "my safety".

14  
15 Protected Activity - I filed a Grievance 11 September 2002  
16 about management not allowing me to use air tools to rebuild TMS  
17 trolleys (exhibit 95). A maintenance employee hurt his hand  
18 using a T-handle hex wrench as required by TMS Tech Notes  
19 (exhibit 96b) and management determined it was his fault for not  
20 using a ratchet wrench (exhibit 96a). A Request for Information  
21 shows the Policy is the Air tools can be used (exhibits 110).

22 I filed a grievance about management removing personnel  
23 cooling fans (mine) from the TMS rebuild area (exhibit 98).

24 24 December 2002 I wrote OSHA about the harassment I was  
25 suffering with a supporting letter from the Maintenance Craft

1 Director. OSHA acknowledged the retaliation complaint 22 January  
2 2003 (exhibits 112).

3 26 December 2002 I wrote General Counsel of USPS (exhibit 99)  
4 about violation of Federal Regulations.

5  
6 Retaliation - For the first time in years I was not assigned  
7 TMS Trolley rebuilding and assigned to maintenance routes that I  
8 had not done in years or was never trained for.

9  
10 Retaliation - 15 January 2003 I received a Seven Day  
11 Suspension for "needlessly exposing yourself to danger..." (exhibit  
12 100) performing TMS Area Assurance routes that I have not done in  
13 years. (I never severed the discipline). A look at the  
14 instruction for removing small amounts of loose mail (exhibit  
15 100d) shows that I was following instruction.

16  
17 Protected Activity - 23 January 2003 I filled out an Idea  
18 Proposal three-part form 1767 (exhibit 111e) on my manual  
19 typewriter to rebuild the TMS trolleys (exhibit 102).

20  
21 Retaliation - 24 January 2003 I was told by management that  
22 for my own safety I could not use my personnel manual (Underwood)  
23 typewriter in the facility and to remove the typewriter from the  
24 facility (exhibit 103). Note - I was a Clerk Typist in the Army  
25 for 3 years and never hurt myself using a manual typewriter.

1  
2 Protected Activity - I filed a National Labor Relations Board  
3 (NLRB) discrimination complaint January 2003 that I was being  
4 harassed because of my Union Steward activities and denial of  
5 Union Time. NLRB 29 January 2003 deferred the complaint and  
6 required me (under protest) to file a grievance (exhibit 104).

7 11 February 2003 I filed a Grievance about management issuing  
8 instruction during the Safety Talk and not in training Management  
9 Step 2 Grievance Decision 11 May 2003 settled that Safety Talk  
10 were for "safety awareness" and not for "instruction" which is  
11 training by definition (exhibits 151).

12 I filed an Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
13 (OSHA) discrimination complaint 27 February 2003 (exhibit 105).  
14 OSHA required me (under protest) to file a grievance.

15 The APWU filed a grievance February 2003 on my behalf for  
16 harassment (exhibit 101).

17 17 March 2003 I received my typed interview statement from  
18 OSHA (exhibit 113).

19 29 April 2003 I received the grievance settlement for the  
20 cooling fan grievance from the Union (exhibits 114): Resolved -  
21 Case Closed.

22  
23 Retaliation - In April 2003 I was talking to Engineering  
24 Technician Dave Hoff and asked him when the new parts were coming  
25 in for me to upgrade the TMS train trolleys and he said that it

1 was decided to contract out the work. I put in a Request for  
2 Information through my other Supervisor Taylor Welsh about the  
3 overhaul of the TMS trolleys and answered "Item does not exist as  
4 the trolley's are not being overhauled, but replaced as part of  
5 the TMS upgrade." by MMO Jeff Carter, 1 May 2003 (exhibits 115b).  
6 Request for the Decision Analysis Report (DAR) were meet with DAR  
7 "there is no DAR that I an aware of that recommends the purchase  
8 of new TMS trolleys." by MMO Jeff Carter, 8 May 2003 (exhibit  
9 115d). "These documents do not exist since no capital funds were  
10 employed." by Facility Engineer Don Hamel, 3 November 2003  
11 (exhibit 115p). "Decision Analysis Reports are not required ..."  
12 by SMO Henry Eger, 14 July 2004 (exhibit 115h). Other deceptions  
13 by Engineering Tech Dave Hoff's Article 32 Review, 24 February  
14 2004, (exhibit 115k) a year after the fact of the DAR (did exist)  
15 dated 7 January 2003 (exhibit 116c).. Email to Jeff Carter, 5  
16 September 2002 (exhibit 115o) - "Attached is the revised TMS  
17 DAR..." "...Western Area to assist with the development/revision of  
18 the DAR... Contracting the TMS upgrade would have no significant  
19 impact on bargaining unit work as the work does not fall within  
20 the scope of normal daily required tasks" by Dave Hoff, 5  
21 September 2002 (exhibit 115o). Of course the "does not fall ...  
22 daily task" is a lie because I did on a daily rebuild the TMS  
23 trolleys (exhibit 120e).

24 Handbook MS-77 Preventive Maintenance Procedures states "The  
25 goal of the Preventive Maintenance Program is to insure that the

1 equipment reaches its life expectancy." The TMS system had a  
2 life expectancy of 10 years (exhibit 169) starting in 2000 (built  
3 in 1997) and ending in 2011. The January 2003 DAR (exhibit 116f)  
4 - "In respect to safety, service, and budget, the situation has  
5 become so critical that without immediate resolution to the  
6 Novasort deficiencies, abandonment of the Tray Management System  
7 in Seattle is likely in the near future." Management failed to  
8 establish a MS-77.620 Preventive Maintenance Program (exhibit  
9 120g) to ensure that the TMS system reached its life expectancy  
10 of 10 years. In only 3 years the \$25 million TMS system was  
11 "critical".

12 Email from Jeff Carter, 28 November 2003 (exhibit 115n) - "We  
13 should have taken over the work on the new Symorex trolleys."

14 Email from Dave Hoff, 23 December 2003 (exhibit 115n) - "We  
15 need some hard evidence if we are seeing trouble with these  
16 trolleys. Of course if it gets destroyed like we have seen then  
17 yes pull it off."

18  
19 Handbook MS 63 Maintenance Support 233.1 - "...staffing and  
20 training requirements, planning, scheduling, and conducting  
21 performance evaluations for the following MPE maintenance  
22 activities: c. Overhaul. D. Modification and alteration." (My  
23 work exhibit 120c)

24 MS-63.534.22 Repair and Rebuild of Assemblies (exhibit 120h) - a.  
25 "If a local office has trained technicians, required replacement  
parts, tools and test equipment available and the item is judged  
to be technically and economically repairable, repair the item  
locally and return to stock."

1 The Seattle P&DC Standing Work Order register #0077 TMS -  
2 "Trolley Repair/Overhaul Only" (exhibit 120e) shows that trolley  
3 overhaul work was being done by employees on a daily basis. The  
4 Work Hour Estimate Program for maintenance activities 4.  
5 Allowances and Adjustments a. "For mail Processing Equipment,  
6 there is an 8% allowance for modifications, and a 6% allowance  
7 for alterations or training. ... e. Modification hours are  
8 allotted 20% to level 7 and 80% to level 9." This shows that  
9 management is responsible planning any modification within the  
10 normal work schedule. MS-77 Overhaul, Mechanized Mail Processing  
11 Equipment - "This handbook provides a basis for determining the  
12 feasibility of overhauling or upgrading existing equipment..." was  
13 not followed.

14 Other RFI's in May 2003 requesting the DAR were filled by my  
15 Supervisor Taylor Welsh with no problems (exhibit 116). Mr.  
16 Welsh was able to give me a copy of the Decision Analysis Report  
17 (DAR) that said - "When originally installed in Seattle, the  
18 Siemens TMS was essentially a prototype system." (exhibit 116b).  
19 A 4 February 1999 letter from USPS to the APWU Union (exhibit  
20 163) shows that the Seattle TMS system (Novasort) was a fully  
21 operational system and not a "prototype". - "As the frequency of  
22 Novasort failures increase, we are also exposing our maintenance  
23 employees to significantly more safety risk." (exhibit 116i)  
24 The DAR is signed by Harold J. Matz, Senior Plant Manager who is  
25 now the Seattle District Manager.



39 CFR 273.1 - "This part establishes procedures for imposing civil penalties and assessments un the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 (codified at 31 USC 3801-3812) against any person who makes, submits, or presents, or causes to be made, submitted, or presented, a false fictitious, or fraudulent claim or written statement to the Postal Service." 273.2 (a) "Claim means any request, demand or submission." 273.3 (i) "is false, fictitious, or fraudulent or (ii) Includes or is supported by any written statement asserting a material fact which is false..." Title 31 section 3802 (a)(1) "Any person who makes, presents, or submits, or causes to be made, presented, or submitted, a claim that the person knows or has reason to know - (A) is false, fictitious, or fraudulent..."

ASM 327 - "Certain completed forms become official Postal Service records having legal and contractual implications."

Title 18 section 372 Conspiracy to impede or injure officer. - "If two or more persons in any State, Territory, Possession, of District conspire to prevent, by force, intimidation, or threat, any person from ... discharging any duties thereof... or injure him in his person or property on account of his lawful discharge of the duties of his office..."

ELM 661.21 Congressional Code of Ethics for Government Service, Any person in government service should: 9. - "Expose corruption whenever discovered." 665.14 Reporting Violations - "All allegations of violations of Postal Service laws or misconduct by Postal Service employees, including mail theft, must be reported..." I have suffered from the conspiracy in retaliation for exposing the corruption in the Postal Service.

Protected Activity - 12 May 2003 OSHA postponed its investigation until the grievance was settled. As I was told by the Investigator OSHA would investigate the harassment complaints if the grievance was settled in my favor or not.

1 Grievance filed 23 May 2003 as required by OSHA for the air  
2 tools, cooling fans and TMS contracting (exhibit 166).

3  
4 Retaliation - 28 May 2003 I was denied the request to talk to  
5 new employees during Orientation for the Union. Maintenance  
6 Craft Director Dennis Ingham asked me to talk to new employees  
7 because all other Stewards would be attending a Conference in  
8 Spokane. I request the Union Time 1 week in advance and it was  
9 approved and then denied and day before (exhibit 118).

10  
11 Protected Activity - 19 June 2003 I attended an EEO Mediation  
12 with a Blind Mail handler employee Tim Tsuhahara to get his \$15  
13 and 15 minutes of leave time back that was improperly take by  
14 management for the Security Badge (exhibit 119).

15 24 June 2003 I filed a Grievance on the Contracting out of  
16 the TMS work (exhibit 120).

17 30 June 2003 I filed a Grievance on maintenance routes being  
18 given to un-trained employees (exhibit 121).

19 1 July 2003 I received a Charge Form from NLRB for  
20 retaliation complaint (exhibit 122).

21  
22 Retaliation - 7 August 2003 I received a Notice of Seven Day  
23 Suspension - "When asked what you were doing you replied that you  
24 were reading the ELM (Employee and Labor Relations Manual)..."  
25 (Exhibit 123). (I never served the suspension.)

1  
2 Protected Activity - 24 August 2003 I received a letter from  
3 NLRB for status of the case and I replied with a statement 27  
4 August 2003 (exhibit 153).

5 27 August 2003 Pre-Arbitration Settlement - "Parties agree  
6 that management... and will not retaliate against employees for  
7 union activities." (exhibit 124).

8 Grievance filed for the denial of Union Time 5 September 2003  
9 (exhibit 125).

10 Grievance filed because non-handicapped accessible  
11 administrative (Supervisor) area were built and the P&DC facility  
12 was not ABA handicapped accessible 14 November 2003 (exhibit  
13 152).

14 22 March 2004 received grievance decision for TMS contacting  
15 - "Technical maintenance skills' training is required ..." from the  
16 Union and Step 3 decision: -"Close case" 12 April 2004 (exhibits  
17 126).

18 April 2004 I notice that the Postal Service was giving money  
19 to the American Postal Workers Union (APWU) to run the annual  
20 employee picnic in violation of Title 29 section 186,  
21 Restrictions on Financial Transactions. That year the Union  
22 decided to spend the money (\$10,000) on a boat cruise on the  
23 Spirit of Puget Sound for 300 Union employees and not run a  
24 picnic for the 12,000 Seattle District employees. Only Union  
25 Officer and their "buddies" went on the cruise. I call around the

1 Department of Labor and found Chad Markum. Chad said that his  
2 office had authority to investigate violation of Section 186. I  
3 sent him a letter detail the violations (exhibit 127) and went in  
4 for a formal interview. Chad said that he would investigate. I  
5 sent him another letter 10 June 2005 and 20 August 2005 after the  
6 meeting with Chad and I heard nothing back.

7  
8 Retaliation - 14 May 2004 I received a step 2 grievance  
9 decision about the subcontracting of the TMS trolleys (exhibit  
10 128). - "... Seattle was a prototype site. ... complete overhaul of  
11 the trolleys... upgrade of the TMS system ... outside the scope of  
12 the local maintenance staffing... local employee do not have  
13 knowledge... Further, the union did not offer ... with the exception  
14 of the upgrade of the trolleys... It is also noted that the  
15 steward was removed from overhaul assignment due to some safety  
16 concerns management had and due to some unauthorized changes he  
17 made to the TMS system. Management believes that some of the  
18 problems experienced by the TMS system are directly related to  
19 these changes the steward implemented... resulting in a delay of  
20 that mail... As discussed above, some of the authorized changes  
21 the steward made to the system are believed to have worsened the  
22 system performance... The employee that was removed from the TMS  
23 system was removed because of repeated safety infractions ... The  
24 reassignment was to continue until Management was able to get him

1 scheduled for TMS training..." signed by Susan Houser, Labor  
2 Relations Specialist for the Seattle District.

3 I wrote a rebuttal in opposition to every position management  
4 gave to contract out my work 20 May 2004 (exhibit 155) for the  
5 Union, including on page 5, 11c MPE8 that was "removed from  
6 overhaul/repair work". I had only one Letter of Warning for a  
7 "safety infraction" before being removed from TMS trolley  
8 rebuilding. The other "safety infractions" were given to me  
9 after being removed from the TMS Trolley rebuilding and told not  
10 to "touch" the TMS system.

11 Title 5 section 4303 Actions based on unacceptable performance  
12 (1) An employee whose reduction in grade or removal is proposed  
13 under this section is entitled to - (A) 30 days advance written  
14 notice of the proposed action which identifies - (i) specific  
instances of unacceptable performance by the employee... (ii) the  
critical elements of the employee's position involved in each  
instance of unacceptable performance."

15 No written notice was given to me before being "removed" from  
16 working on the TMS equipment.

17 OIG Report DA-MA-99-001, Tray Management System Deliverables -  
18 "USPS did not receive an acceptable parts provisioning document  
nor life cycle support plan... USPS data disclosed that the  
19 contractor did not meet the re-supply requirements... Over 80  
percent of the Seattle emergency part orders were delinquent.  
20 Over 60 percent of these orders were delinquent by more than 4  
days... USPS management also stated delays in receiving replacement  
21 parts had disrupted its operations..."

22 OIG report DA-AR-00-002 - "The deployment of the TMS equipment  
did not meet the expected return on investment and had a negative  
23 return..."

24 OIG Report DA-AR-01-007 - "Tray Management System post  
25 acceptance work-hour savings fell short of expected goals..." Why

1 I am being blamed for the TMS equipment failure using the parts  
2 given to me?

3 The whole contract was based on Decision Analysis Report's  
4 "Seattle is a prototype" (exhibit 116b-j), which was a lie  
5 (exhibit 163). The Decision Analysis Report (DAR) that said -  
6 "As the frequency of Novasort failures increase, we are also  
7 exposing our maintenance employees to significantly more safety  
8 risk." (exhibit 116i) The 7 January 2003 Decision Analysis  
9 Report (exhibit 116c - j) and Statement of Work (exhibit 116m)  
10 does not say "employees were using the wrong parts". Management  
11 exposed me to "significantly more safety risk" and then blamed me  
12 for it.

13 Another lie is that "New innovations in the system were being  
14 installed which were outside the scope of the local Maintenance  
15 staffing..." (exhibit 128 page 2). Maintenance Questions & Answers  
16 18 May 2004, #41 Answer - "Most of the TMS system uses simple  
17 control circuitry that is well within the MM-5's duties."  
18 (exhibit 167b). Letter dated 24 June 1998 from USPS to the APWU  
19 Union states the maintenance of the TMS system would be done be  
20 maintenance employees given two - three weeks of training  
21 (exhibit 129b) If most of the system can be maintained by the  
22 lowest level 5 general mechanic than level 7 Mail Processing  
23 Equipment (MPE) mechanics (me) and level 9 Electronic Technicians  
24 (ET) can do the rest.

1 Step 1 Grievance Summary, 15 June 2004, - "... Mr. McDermott  
2 would receive TMS training when it becomes available." In fact  
3 no maintenance employee has received the required 40 hour TMS  
4 Entry Level Class develop as part of the installation contract  
5 requirements (paid for by contract) (exhibits 129b). Memorandum  
6 of Understanding between USPS and the APWU, Re: Career  
7 Development - "The Employer recognizes the desirability of  
8 advancing in career development of employees assigned to centers..  
9 3. ... employees will be given the opportunity to attend training..."  
10 (exhibit 83a). 2 May 2003 - "Dear Mr. McDermott, The information  
11 given maintenance employees about the upgraded equipment from the  
12 TMS contractor, was not training. You will be given the  
13 opportunity to sign up for the next available TMS training."  
14 (exhibit 83b).

15 The Letter I sent to the Ethical Conduct Officer (exhibit  
16 130b) was answered by "However your letter does not identify any  
17 conflict..." (exhibit 130c). The Letter I sent to the Chief Postal  
18 Inspector about me causing the "delay of Mail" went un-answered  
19 (exhibit 130a). However, the Chief Inspector sent a copy of my  
20 letter to the OIG. A OIG investigator came to the P&DC and told  
21 my Supervisor Henry Eger that he wanted to talk to me (did not  
22 protect me). I talked to the Inspector at length about the  
23 fraudulent contracts, inappropriate sexual behavior and the  
24 improper promotions in the facility. The Investigator said he  
25 would investigate. I never heard back from him.

1  
2 Protected Activity - NLRB sent me a letter for update of the  
3 case 20 April 2004 and I answered with a statement 26 April 2004  
4 (exhibits 154).

5 A Request for Information 9 September 2004 pursuant to  
6 Article 12 for the reason I was not selected for a higher level  
7 assignment was meet with RIF " ... is not the proper forum..."  
8 (exhibit 131).

9 Again in February 2005 I sent update letter (exhibit 132) to  
10 NLRB.

11 I sent a letter to NLRB asking them to step in because the  
12 Union grievances were basically lost (exhibit 156).

13 NLRB sent a letter dated 21 October 2004 to me requesting  
14 update of the case and grievances filed. I responded (exhibit  
15 132) to keep the case open.  
16

17 Retaliation - In January 2005 I was scheduled for a Flat Sort  
18 Machine FSM 100 maintenance course in Norman, OK. (exhibit 168a),  
19 was canceled for me when Taylor Welsh told me there were enough  
20 trained employees for the machine. Fellow junior maintenance  
21 employee Thaddeus Pulaski was then sent to the March 2005 FSM 100  
22 course (exhibit 168b).  
23

24 Protected Activity - In February 2005 I signed a petition sent  
25 to Western Area VP of Operations, Sylvester Black (exhibit 133a).



1 It was about why the VP is not addressing any of the problems  
2 (exhibit 133b) in the Seattle District that several employees  
3 over time have complained about. In March 2005 VP Black sent  
4 Brenda Hill from Western Area Denver's office to look into the  
5 problems. I meet with her and with dozens of other employees.  
6 Brenda started the meeting asking if anyone felt that they had  
7 been retaliated by the Acting Plant Manager Don Jacobus or the  
8 Human Resource Manager Linda Smith who were present. I said yes  
9 first and Brenda had Mr. Jacobus and Mrs. Smith leave the meeting  
10 both crying foul. Brenda then ask each of us why we were at the  
11 meeting and I clearly stated that I was there to talk about the  
12 inappropriate sexual behavior of management. Employees talked to  
13 Brenda about nepotism of executive officer's family such as the  
14 Former Seattle District Manager's sons Brian Zinser and Carlo  
15 Salazar promoted to manager positions in violation of the  
16 promotion policies and Title 5 section 2302 (7). Senior Manager  
17 Don Jacobus without authority as acting Plant Manager promoted  
18 Carlo Salazar to Manager of Distribution (exhibit 133e). Many  
19 more problem promotions were discussed. It was talked about how  
20 the Human Resource Manager Linda Smith had gotten many of her  
21 church going friends a job with the Postal Service. (note: After  
22 Linda retire she became a minister in the church, i.e. possible  
23 stipend) After several hours, Brenda said that everything had  
24 been covered except the inappropriate sexual behavior and asked  
25 me about it directly. The room erupted as everyone discussing

1 how Manager of Distribution (MDO) Don Jacobus was found in a  
2 half-dress position with a married supervisor Tiffany Yoon  
3 (exhibit 133d) in his dark (no lights on) office. When Mr.  
4 Jacobus was new to the Seattle P&DC he would follow good looking  
5 female employees to their home to the consternation of their  
6 husbands. Later Mr. Jacobus got a married mail clerk in Central  
7 Forwarding that was a 204B (supervisor in training) under his  
8 mentoring - pregnant. Brenda asked me directly about the  
9 inappropriate sexual behavior I wanted to talk about and I said  
10 "Ray Ubis". Again, the room erupted in discussion about Ray's  
11 inappropriate sexual behavior that lead to his death at the hands  
12 of the Mail Clerk whom had let him stay rent free at her home,  
13 paid for a Hawaii vacation and bought a new car for him. When He  
14 told her that he was leaving her for another mail clerk she put a  
15 bullet in him. She got 17 years and Ray's daughter got Julia's  
16 home and bank account from the civil suit. Any information given  
17 to Julia's attorney (I gave it to him) about Ray's inappropriate  
18 sexual behavior leading to his death was kept from the Criminal  
19 and Civil Courts. The lawyer John Henry Brown said he "did not  
20 want to make Ray look bad." Shortly after Ray's funeral MDO  
21 Jacobus was found half-dressed in his darkened office with  
22 Supervisor Tiffany Yoon. It was even bought up that Tiffany was  
23 married to another mail clerk and he was so upset that he was  
24 given two weeks of administrative leave (\$2,000) and later two  
25 employee bonuses (\$2,000). Brenda said that she would speak to

1 VP Black about all the problems. VP Black a few weeks later  
2 questionably promoted acting Plant Manager Don Jacobus to Plant  
3 Manager (exhibit 133f). The selection letter (exhibit 133f) is  
4 not signed by the selecting official (Mr. Black) as required  
5 leading to confusion by employees as to who (legal authority) the  
6 Installation Head is (exhibit 133g). Don Jacobus later promoted  
7 Tiffany Yoon to Acting Manager of Distribution (MDO).

8  
9 Protected activity - Grievance Settlement, 8 April 2005  
10 (exhibit 134) - "Mr. McDermott will be allowed to attend on of  
11 the TMS Standard Operating Procedures, Safety and Information  
12 classes to be scheduled within three months."

13 11 April 2005, and 3 May 2005 I wrote NLRB (exhibits 135).  
14

15 Protected Activity - Starting in October 2001 I filed  
16 grievances about the security of Postal Employees and Facility.  
17 3 October 2001 I filed a grievance to remove the "Safety"  
18 instructions issue under a "security" Policy. A Request for  
19 Information (RFI) 23 January 2002 "Question: what is the legal  
20 definition of the Badge? Answer: I don't know. I suppose that  
21 you can look it up in a dictionary." 14 May 2002 I filed a  
22 grievance about Card Access Security system. 27 September 2002  
23 RFI - No documentation exists. 4 October 2002 RFI - "No  
24 Documentation Exists." 5 December 2002 I filed a grievance about  
25 the Security Access Card \$15 replacement fee being charged

1 employees. 16 January 2003 I filed a grievance about Inspection  
2 Service not issuing the Security Card Policy and Security Card as  
3 required by policy. Administrative Support Manual (ASM) 271.1 -  
4 "The chief postal inspector is designated as the security officer  
5 for the Postal Service. This official issues instructions and  
6 regulations on security requirements." (39 CFR 233) 30 June  
7 2003 I filed a grievance that the employee parking lot and  
8 facility front entry did not meet the Security requirements  
9 contained in Handbook RE-5 Security Requirements (no swing arm  
10 gate for the employee parking lot and no security entry/lobby).  
11 31 August 2003 I filed a grievance on the "security upgrade"  
12 contract for the facility front entry (exhibits 164).

13 12 June 2003 official notification (exhibit 165a) - "... the  
14 Postal Service intends to close the following security force  
15 facilities, and all security force assignments in these  
16 facilities will be abolished..." signed Doug A. Tulino, Manager  
17 Labor Relations. Undated letter (exhibit 165b) - "The Seattle  
18 Division Security Force is closing and employees are being  
19 reassigned to other critical locations." signed W.G. Morris,  
20 Inspector In Charge. ASM 273.14 - "The Postal Inspection Service  
21 may authorize a security force to provide security at selected  
22 postal installations." The Chief Inspector says "reassigned"  
23 and Labor Relations says "abolished". The Postal Police were  
24 fired! Now when employee cars are broken into in the "secure"  
25 employee parking lot they are told "go tell it to the local

1 police". 9 September 2000 RE: Security Task Force - "It is the  
2 intention of the Chief Inspector to maintain a Security Task  
3 force for the purpose of continuing with the ongoing review of  
4 the security requirements for the Postal Service." (exhibit  
5 165f)

6 Transformation Plan April 2002 Security Strategy 3: - "The  
7 Inspection Service must enhance its service, both in number and  
8 rigor, in order to protect postal employees and customers." OIG  
9 report SA-AR-04-001, 21 April 2004, "... the Security Force  
10 Assessment Survey is over 18 years old and no documentation was  
11 available to assess the validity of its methodology." RFI 3  
12 February 2005 (165c) shows no security assessment, no supporting  
13 documentation, no risk profile, no inspection Service  
14 determination, no Facility Planning Concept, and no Decision  
15 Analysis Report for a facility security project.

16 Federal Court Civil Complaint- Having exhausted the  
17 administrative process and the worsening security conditions  
18 placing employees at risk 15 August 2005 I filed a Civil  
19 Complaint with the Western District Court, No. C05-860-RSL,  
20 pursuant to 39 CFR 233, (p)(1) - "Alleged violations of these  
21 rules and regulations are heard and penalties prescribed herein  
22 are imposed, either in Federal district court..." The complaint  
23 alleged that Postal Service officials violated the Security Rules  
24 and Regulations of the Postal service.

1 I gave deposition 30 May 2006 on this case with the Assistant  
2 District Attorney Kristin B. Johnson, Postal Service Attorney  
3 Richard C. Mosher (EEO Deposition 4 December 2007), and my wife  
4 Darlene as my representative.

5  
6 20 August 2005 I wrote NLRB and OSHA to keep my case alive  
7 and sent them both a 9 page Statement with 35 exhibits (exhibits  
8 136).

9  
10 Retaliation - 27 August 2005 Maintenance Craft Director  
11 Dennis W. Ingham assigned me as Steward to investigate the  
12 temporary higher level staffing assignments for the TMS system.

13 28 August 2005 I gave a RFI to my Supervisor Henry Eger. 1  
14 September 2005 I received a response from Henry Eger - "I have  
15 consulted with the Craft Director and confirmed that you are not  
16 a Union Officer..." (exhibits 157).

17  
18 Protected Activity - June, August and September 2005 I wrote  
19 to the Regional Counsel, Executive Assistant to the Postmaster,  
20 Inspector General, Senior VP Government Relations, Ethical  
21 Conduct Officer, Chief Postal Inspector, and the Postal Rate  
22 Commission (exhibits 137). Only the Postal Rate Commission wrote  
23 me back 15 November 2005 (exhibit 139) - "Accordingly, the  
24 Commission will forward your letter to the OIG for its review."  
25 I did not hear anything from the OIG.

1 I received a letter from OSHA 30 August 2005 (exhibit 138a) -  
2 "Please be advised that this complaint was closed in May 2003..."  
3 When I pointed out (exhibit 138b) that the retaliation case was  
4 "postponed" (exhibit 117). After a letter from my Attorney at  
5 the time (exhibit 138e) the case was re-opened and than closed.  
6 This was followed by NLRB "deferred" complaint (exhibit 104)  
7 dismissal of my other complaint retaliation (exhibit 138d).

8 I wrote my Congressman Jim McDermott about some of the  
9 problems in the Postal Service and received an appreciation  
10 letter back 20 September 2005(exhibit 158).

11 9 December 2005 I received a letter from NLRB that my case  
12 was stilled deferred and they needed an update. I wrote they  
13 back that the grievances still have not been resolved (exhibits  
14 140).

15 17 February 2006 received a letter from Human Resources that  
16 the Notice of Suspension was removed from my Official Personnel  
17 File (exhibit 141). (It should have never been there because I  
18 did not serve the suspension).

19 27 February 2006 I received a letter from OSHA dismissing my  
20 retaliation complaint (exhibit 142).

21 13 March 2006 I sent an Appeal of the OSHA dismissal to the  
22 Directorate of Enforcement Programs (exhibit 143).

23 30 May 2006 I gave a deposition with the Assistant District  
24 Attorney Kristin B. Johnson, Postal Service Attorney Richard C.

25

1 Mosher (EEO Deposition 4 December 2006, exhibit 12), and my wife  
2 Darlene as my representative for the Civil complaint CV-860-RSL.

3 3 April 2006 OSHA responded to my Appeal and 24 May 2005  
4 denied my Appeal (exhibits 144).

5 24 June 2006 I sent a letter detailing the Nepotism and  
6 inappropriate Behavior to the VP of Labor Relations (exhibit  
7 145).

8 14 July 2006 I received a Withdraw of my charges from NLRB  
9 (exhibit 146).

10 13 August 2006 I sent a letter to Senator Patty Murray about  
11 the Nepotism, Cronyism, and Misconduct of Postal Service  
12 Officials. 15 August 2006 I received a response from the  
13 Senator's Office. 18 August 2006, I received a response from  
14 Contract Manager, John W. Dockins, disagreeing with my letter.  
15 Also received a response from manager Government Relations, Mary  
16 Ann Simpson, 5 September 2006, (exhibits 147).

17 24 August 2006 I sent a letter to the Office of Government  
18 Ethics requesting an Opinion (exhibit 148).

19 28 August 2006 I received a letter that the Office of  
20 Inspector General (OIG) was going to be responsible for  
21 investigating "all employee misconduct issues..." (exhibit 149).

22 15 September 2006 I filed an Appeal in Western District Court  
23 for the Review of the Nepotism and Inappropriate Sexual Behavior  
24 (exhibit 150). I thought that I had met all of the  
25 administrative burdens required by the Administrative Procedures



1 Act before going to the Federal Court for help. Understanding  
2 the Federal Courts 2003, The Appeals Process - "Similarly, a  
3 litigant who is not satisfied with a decision made by a federal  
4 administrative agency usually may file a petition for review of  
5 the agency decision by a court of appeals." I was wrong and the  
6 appeal was quickly quashed by the Postal Service.

7  
8 Retaliation - 4 December 2006 I was forced to give a  
9 deposition for my first EEO Complaint taken by contract Attorney  
10 Richard C. Mosher (also attended Civil complaint deposition 30  
11 May 2006):

12  
13 Deposition 4 December 2006 (exhibit 12) Page 114, Richard C.  
14 Mosher "Q. I'm asking you what difficulties you had because I'll  
15 explain why I'm asking the question. I understood you had some  
16 technical, mechanical, work-related problems - not management  
17 problems - working with the trollies and that you were taken off  
18 that work and you asked to be retrained and you were retrained  
19 and you went back and you still have problems? A. No, I was  
20 taken off working on the TMS system, told I was unsafe to work on  
21 it and cannot work on it until I received training. I've never  
22 gone and I asked for the training several times. I have not  
23 received the training and I've never worked on the TMS system  
24 since then." Page 116 "A. What are you saying? You're saying  
25 because I messed up the equipment, I wasn't going to get

1 promoted? Q. I'm saying wouldn't that have been a factor, not  
2 that you weren't going to get promoted? A. It's not a factor  
3 when it's not proven. Q. Wasn't there, in fact, mail flying all  
4 over the place as a result of the work you did on the TMS system?  
5 A. That's not true." Note: The 2.5 miles of TMS train track is  
6 lined on both sides with nets to cache most of the mail that  
7 constantly falls from the trains.

8  
9 Retaliation - 2 April 2007 I was signed up for (senior bid) a  
10 Inferred Thermography maintenance course being taught at Norman,  
11 OK., that was canceled and my new supervisor Tom French who had  
12 no repair maintenance experience or training was sent in my  
13 place.

14  
15 Protected Activity - 10 April 2007 at an American Postal  
16 Workers Union (APWU) Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA)  
17 meeting at the Red Lion by the SeaTac airport I asked the Union  
18 President William Burris on the speaker phone - "what is the  
19 union was doing about the inappropriate sexual behavior of  
20 Management?" The President said that he was aware of the  
21 problems and gave some examples of "sexual" problems the Union  
22 was aware of. Like the Manager who put a dog caller on an  
23 employee and made them crawl round and bark. When I ask - "What  
24 is the Union doing about the Manager who was caught in his office  
25 with another supervisor at the P&DC". Regional Coordinator Omar

1 M. Gonzalez, who was there, stood up and said that "I am aware of  
2 the problem". The Monday after the weekend meeting Mr. Gonzalez  
3 contacted me and asked for a copy of the letter being circulated  
4 about the sex and nepotism going on in the Seattle District. I  
5 faxed a copy of the letter to him in Washington DC and received  
6 back the response "... It appears the matter is beyond the scope of  
7 a labor-management forum at this time. I therefore request your  
8 review and recommendation on how the National should if necessary  
9 proceed." (exhibit 159).

10 In March 2008 I wrote Senator Patty Murray about the  
11 destruction of the Stamp Vending machines and the loss of the  
12 \$109 million in Capital Equipment and \$468 million a year in  
13 revenue for the Postal Service. I received a letter back from her  
14 office 29 March 2008 and a response from the Postal Service 11  
15 April 2008. The response from the Postal Service containing  
16 down-right-lies about the Stamp Vending machines and I wrote a  
17 rebuttal to them 4 May 2008 (exhibits 160).

18 24 June 2008 I Petitioned for Remedy EEO Commission to stop  
19 the unlawful discrimination by Administrative Judges and Postal  
20 Service Attorneys during the processing of U.S. Postal Service  
21 EEO discrimination complaints in accordance with 29 CFR section  
22 1614.501 (exhibit 18)

23 In October 2008 there was a part broken on the Small Parcel  
24 and Bundle Sorter (SPBS) machine that required ordering a large  
25 expensive \$652, 3 Phase 100 amp electrical switch (NSN 5925-01-

1 000-8524), for the small metal connector part that broke  
2 (cracked). The part goes in between the switch and the outside  
3 of the control box handle. I was able to make a part out of mild  
4 steel (old was pot metal) to replace it. Our Parts Clerk Dan  
5 Donnell said that it was a National problem for the SPBS and Flat  
6 Sorters (same power cabinets). I said that if the National  
7 Purchasing and Supply was interested in it and I would make a  
8 drawing. I made a drawing and Dan emailed the drawing 15 October  
9 2008 (I do not have an USPS email account) to Bart McIntosh at  
10 Maintenance Support Center (MSC) (exhibit 161a). Bart email back  
11 - "since he did this on his own, what do you think about sending  
12 the drawing and a circuit breaker to someone like Micro Metals,  
13 have them make one and test it?" (exhibit 161b) I wanted to make  
14 the part and save the Postal Service a lot of money. I had Dan  
15 email back that I am the one to fabricate the part. 29-31  
16 October 2008 emails were traded about how to make the part.  
17 (exhibit 161c, d) I became worried about being left out and had  
18 my Supervisor Bob Hoffman 19 November 2008 (exhibit 161f) email  
19 John Merrifield (I didn't know he was the contractor) that the  
20 part would save a lot of money for the Postal Service if I made  
21 it. (What is a contractor doing in the Postal Service email  
22 system? I am a Federal Employee and do not have email access!)  
23 John email back that he - "got as far as drawing up" the part and  
24 ordering the broach set to make the square hole when he decided  
25 to make it out of plastic (exhibits 161). Basically he had done

1 some of what I have already done with the drawing but not  
 2 ordering the broach set. A plastic part will not work when metal  
 3 (pot) has failed. The part goes around a 1/4inch hard metal  
 4 shaft and is connected to a 6 inch plastic handle. It does not  
 5 take a mechanical engineer or a physics force diagram (I had  
 6 college courses in both) to figure out the torque a 6 inch handle  
 7 puts on a 1/4inch shaft.

8 I showed Bart McIntosh how to save \$600 per machine. The  
 9 Postal Service has 2,000 SPBS machines and 4,000 FSM-1000  
 10 machines that will break the plastic part at some point in their  
 11 life time (PMA SPBS are ten years old). 6,000 total machines  
 12 times \$600 for a Economic Value Added Savings of \$3,600,000 over  
 13 the years that the part would have to be replaced.

14  
 15 ELM 691 Policy - "It is a policy of the Postal Service to  
 16 encourage and stimulate the inventive talents of employees and to  
 17 determine equitably the respective rights of the inventor and the  
 18 Postal Service." 693 b. Invention - "any art, machine,  
 19 manufacture, design, or composition of matter, or any new and  
 20 useful improvement of these, that is or may be patentable under  
 21 the patent laws of the United States." H. Information -  
 22 "knowledge used in making an invention that is available only by  
 23 reason of the inventor's official duties..."

24 Setting the Record Straight 2002 - "... The funds in the Economic  
 25 Value Added (EVA) reserve account were earned by eligible  
 employees. It would be a breach of trust to not give them what  
 they've earned. Honoring commitments to our employees is called  
 integrity." (exhibit 171)

That "commitment" (money) only applies to Management who  
 steal the ideas from employees to save money for the Postal  
 Service and justify their bonuses. Several Supervisors and

1 Engineers received bonuses based on the TMS contract false  
2 "savings". The contractor John Merrifield received money for my  
3 idea and Bart McIntosh will receive his pay-for-performance bonus  
4 for taking my idea.

5 York, Bauman & Rrandleman Remedies 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. ACB B. Invasion of  
6 Privacy - "The general rule of law appears to be well  
7 established, and is stated in 51 L.R.A. 360 (1901): 'There is a  
8 dual right of property in all letters: A qualified one in the  
9 writer to publish when and as he chooses, or withhold from  
10 publication altogether and to prevent publication without his  
11 consent; and the recipient's right of physical possession, use,  
12 and enjoyment and transfer, without power to publish except by  
13 consent of the author or self vindication or justification. All  
14 the cases are in accord on these propositions." 210 Mass. 599,  
15 97 N.E. 109(1912).

16  
17 Bart McIntosh did not have the right to send my idea and  
18 drawing to a contractor.

19  
20 Retaliation - Contracting out my ideas and work without  
21 giving me any credit for the money saved.

22  
23 Protected Activity - I sent a Disagreement and Notice of  
24 Intent to Sue to the EEOC and contract EEO Investigation Office  
25 22 November 2008 (exhibit 87).

26  
27 I received a letter from EEO Investigative Office 1 December  
28 2008 (exhibit 170) - "Your statement and this response will be  
29 made part of the record and included in the investigative  
30 files(s)."

1 I received a letter from the EEO Investigative Office 5  
2 December 2008 (exhibit 172) - "The investigator will contract you  
3 regarding the investigation of the referenced complaint."

4 I received a letter at home from the EEO Investigative Office  
5 9 December 2008 (exhibit 173) - "The enclosed affidavit questions  
6 must be answered so that I may continue with your EEO  
7 investigation." 13 questions that I already gave in affidavit  
8 May 2006, with 22 questions (exhibit 5). Questions I answered in  
9 a forced Deposition 4 December 2006 (exhibit 12). This time  
10 around the contract EEO Investigator included PS Form 2569-C EEO  
11 Investigative Affidavit for Compensatory Damages (I was slammed  
12 for not qualifying for compensatory damages by the Administrative  
13 Judge and contract Attorney). Note: The contract EEO  
14 Investigation Office and the Law Department send their  
15 correspondence to me via Priority Mail to my home address. 1.  
16 This boosted the cost of processing thousands of EEO complaints  
17 and the Priority Mail volume numbers. 2. This benefits the  
18 Postal Service by a. Inflating the costs of EEO processing the  
19 Postal Service complains about to Congress and b. Inflates  
20 Priority Mail revenue also reported to Congress. 3. Its  
21 intimidation to send it to my home when I'm suppose to complete  
22 all investigation questions on-the-clock during normal working  
23 hours (Pub 133), i.e. it should be sent to my work address  
24 instead.

25 USPS Publication 133 What You Need to Know About EEO, Official

Time - "... may expect a reasonable amount of official time to present the complaint and to respond to agency's requests for information, if they are in duty status. The term duty status refers to an employee's normal hours of work."

Title 29 section 1614.702 Definitions - © "The term investigation refers to the step of the federal sector EEO process described in 29 CFR 1614.108... it commences when the complaint is filed and ceases when the complainant is given notice under section 1614.108(f) of the right to request a hearing..."

Title 29 section 1601.28(3) "Issuance of a notice of right to sue shall terminate further proceeding of any charge..."

Notice of Intent to Sue, 8 January 2007 (exhibit 15), EEOC Decision, Right to File Civil Action, 2 October 2008 (exhibit 19) EEOC Decision, Right to File Civil Action, 10 November 2008 (exhibit 80) and Notice of Intent to Sue, 22 November 2008 (exhibit 87).

Retaliation - The administrative processing of my EEO Complaint has not stopped after receiving a Notice of Right to Sue and sending (certifying) Notice of Intent to Sue.

York, Bauman & Rrandleman Remedies 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. ACB, Measure of Damages A. Elements Generally - "... The plaintiffs in these cases suffered none of the tangible indicia of harm for which a dollar value may easily be assigned... The Restatement (second) of Torts, section 652H, summarizes the rule in privacy cases: One who has established a cause of actions for unreasonable invasion of his privacy is entitled to recover damages for: ... © special damage of which the invasion is a legal cause." (Birnbaum v. United States, 436 F.Supp. 967)

#### STANDARD OF REVIEW - De Nova

The US Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in Flamingo Industries v. USPS No. 01-15963 in The Procurement Manual Claim the court stated "In 1996, Congress amended 28 USC section 1491, part of the codification of the Tucker Act, by enacting the



Administrative Dispute Resolution Act of 1996 (ADRA), Pub. L. 104-320, 110 Stat. 3870 (1996)." Footnote 5 - "... 28 USC section 1491(b)(4) imports Administrative Procedures Act (APA) standards of review... 28 USC 1491(b)(4) incorporates by reference the APA review standards into cases..."

Title 5 section 2638 Executive Agency Ethics Program Responsibilities, 2638.503 Agency Investigations; (2) - "Where there is reason to believe that an employee has given preferential treatment or failed to act impartially..."

Title 5 section 557 (d)(1)(A)(12) - "... violated shall be determined from the perspective of a reasonable person with knowledge of the relevant facts."

Title 5 section 504 Congressional Findings: Section 202 of title II of Public Law 96-481 provided that: - "(a) The Congress finds that certain individuals, partnerships, corporations, and labor and other organizations may be deterred from seeking review of, or defending against, unreasonable governmental action because of the expense involved in securing the vindication of their rights in civil actions and in administrative proceedings."

MD 110, chapter 9 VI Standard of Review on Appeal - "Generally, standards of review delineate the nature of the inquiry on appeal be establishing the extent to which the reviewing body will substitute its own judgment for that of the prior decision maker.. The decision on an appeal from an agency's dismissal or final action shall be based on a de novo review, except that the review of the factual findings in a decision by an Administrative Judge issued pursuant to section 1614.109(1) shall be based on substantial evidence standard of review."

29 CFR 1614.501 (3) "An unconditional offer to each identified victim of discrimination of placement in the position the person would have occupied but for the discrimination suffered by that person..." (4) "Payment to each identified victim of discrimination on make whole basis for any loss of earnings..." (5) "Commitment that the agency shall cease from engaging in the specific unlawful employment practice found in the case."

EEOC Notice number 915.002 "Thus, every charge filed with the EEOC carries two potential claims for relief: the charging party's claim for individual relief, and the EEOC's claim 'to vindicate the public interest in preventing employment discrimination."

1 Richard Jackson vs. USPS, EEOC No. 01923399, 12 Nov 92, in the  
2 Analysis and Findings "It is the cardinal principle of statutory  
3 interpretation the courts are required to give effect to every  
4 clause and word of a statute if possible... permit a complaining  
5 party under Title VII or the Rehabilitation Act to obtain  
6 compensatory damages in either an action or proceeding..."  
7 Implementation of the Commission's Decision 3 - "Congress  
8 extended Title VII's protection to federal employees in 1972.

9 MD 110, Chapter 9, VI. Standard of Review on Appeal shows  
10 that the Commission employs a *de novo* standard in reviewing  
11 appeals. Pursuant to B. Review of Decisions Issued by  
12 Administrative Judges, 4.b. - "An Administrative Judge's decision  
13 to issue a decision without a hearing pursuant to section  
14 1614.109(g) will be reviewed *de novo*." Merriam-Webster's  
15 Collegiate Dictionary defines *de novo* as "over again".

16 I believe that a *de novo* review of my EEO Age/Sex and  
17 retaliation Complaints will show that these unlawful actions have  
18 accrued. The reasons that the Postal Service gave for their  
19 discriminatory and retaliatory actions are false. My Complaint  
20 that the Grinch Award was given to me in a management meeting and  
21 management said that they were not involved. I was cussed at by  
22 a fellow employee in a management meeting who was sent the next  
23 week to training that I was denied. I was scheduled for training  
24 twice down at the National Training Center in Oklahoma, a year in  
25 advance, that was canceled on short notice and without Management  
showing how the national training "requirements" changed.  
Management did not post for the 15 days on the Official Bulletin  
Board (twice) marked "Job Opportunities" or the PostalPEOPLE  
website (once) the Maintenance Supervisor Job Vacancy

1 Announcement in the Seattle P&DC as required by Postal Service  
2 Policy. The Affidavit from Maintenance Manager Wayne Witzel in  
3 the investigation file stated that it was posted on the Seattle  
4 District website and in a book behind the counter in the City  
5 Desk office. Wayne stated that all employees were informed in  
6 meetings when I was informed the day before the Job Vacancy  
7 Announcement closed.

8  
9 CONSIDERATION:

10 United States Constitution Amendment XIV Section 1. - "All  
11 persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to  
12 the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and  
13 of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce  
14 any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of  
citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any  
person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law;  
nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal  
protection of the laws."

15 Title 42 section 2000(e) "Nothing contained in this Act shall  
16 relieve any government agency or official of its or his primary  
17 responsibility to assure nondiscrimination in employment as  
18 required by the Constitution and statutes or of its or his  
responsibilities under Federal Order 11478 relating to equal  
employment opportunity in the Federal Government."

19 Title 39 section 1001 - (b) "... Such appointments and promotions  
20 shall be in accordance with the procedures established by the  
21 Postal Service. The Postal Service shall establish procedures,  
22 in accordance with this title, to assure its officers and  
employees meaningful opportunities for promotion and career  
development and to assure its officers and employees full  
protection of their employment rights..."

23 Title 39 section 409 - (a)(B)"shall not be immune under any other  
24 doctrine of sovereign immunity from suit in Federal court by any  
25 person for any violation of any of those provisions of law by an  
officer of employee of the Postal Service

1 Title 29 section 401 Congressional declaration of findings,  
 2 purposes and policy - "... (b) protection of rights of employees  
 3 and the public; "The Congress further finds, from recent  
 4 investigations in the labor and management fields, that there  
 5 have been a number of instances of breach of trust, corruption,  
 6 disregard of the rights of individual employees, and other  
failures of observe high standards of responsibility and ethical  
conduct which require further and supplementary legislation that  
will afford necessary protection of the rights and interests of  
employees and the public..."

7  
 8 Title 5 section 702 - "A person suffering wrong because of agency  
 9 action, or adversely affected or aggrieved by agency action  
 within the meaning of a relevant statute, is entitled to judicial  
 review thereof."

10 The Notification and Federal Employee Antidiscrimination and  
 11 Retaliation Act of 2002 5 U.S.C. 2301 - "An Act - To require that  
 12 Federal agencies be accountable for violations of  
 13 antidiscrimination and whistleblower protection laws; ... Section  
 14 101 ... that point to chronic problems of discrimination and  
retaliation against Federal employees... Section 205 Consistent  
 with Federal law, nothing in this title shall prevent any Federal  
 employee ... from exercising any right otherwise available under  
 the laws of the United States."

15 Civil Procedures, A Modern Approach, 2<sup>nd</sup> Addition, Chapter I  
 16 Choosing a System of Procedure, - "Nevertheless, there is reason  
 17 to believe that litigants tend to judge the justness of dispute  
 18 proceedings without reference to the outcome is they deem the  
 19 process itself to have been fair (65 Va.L.Rev. 1401, 14112-1414,  
 1979). Thus, procedure services to validate the integrity of the  
 20 legal system as a whole by providing a remedial process that  
 21 replaces much more destructive motivations like self-help and  
 22 personal retribution... The function of a trial judge is to serve  
 23 litigants by determining their disputes and the issues implicated  
 24 therein in accordance with applicable rules and law. Established  
 procedures lie at the heart of due process and as important to  
 the attainment of ultimate justice as the factual merits of a  
 case. A judge may not initiate or inspire litigation and, by the  
 same token, he may not expand a case before him be adding new  
 issues which come to mind during the trial, without giving the  
 parties affected a full and fair opportunity to meet those  
 issues."

25 York, Bauman & Rrandleman Remedies 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. ACB, Chapter 13  
 Remedies for Mistakes - Mistake (unilateral): - "Basic fact +

1 Relative hardship or unjust enrichment of defendant approaching  
the unconscionable".

2 MD 110, IV Agency Dismissal Process, 4. - "Abuse of Process  
3 section 1614.107(a)(9) (a) Abuse of process is defined as a  
4 clear pattern of misuse of the process for ends other than that  
5 which it was designed to accomplish... The Commission has a strong  
policy in favor of preserving a complainant's EEO rights whenever  
possible. The occasions in which application of the standards  
were appropriate must be rare."

6 The Court found in Flamingo Industries v. USPS, D.C. No. CV-00-  
02484-MMC, page 12504 B (6) "Having determined that Congress has  
7 waived the Postal Service's immunity, we turn to the second  
8 inquiry, 'whether the source of substantive law upon which the  
claimant relies provides an avenue for relief'. Meyer, 510 U.S.  
9 at 484." Page 12506 (7) "The Postal Service's sue-and-be-sued  
waiver of immunity has created a presumption that the cloak of  
10 sovereignty has been withdrawn and the Postal Service should be  
treated as a private corporation. See Franchise Tax Board, 467  
11 U.S. at 520." Page 12508 (8) "We hold that the Postal Service  
can be sued under federal antitrust laws because Congress has  
12 striped the Postal Service of its sovereign status by launching  
it into the commercial world as a sue-and-be-sued entity akin to  
a private corporation... 'conduct-based' immunity can apply...  
13 Accordingly, our holding that the Postal Service does not enjoy  
status-based immunity ..."

14  
15 EEOC Decision (exhibit 80) 10 November 2008 states; "The  
16 Commission's federal sector case precedent has long defined an  
"aggrieved employee" as one who suffers a present harm of loss  
17 with respect to a term, condition, or privilege of employment for  
which there is a remedy. Diaz v. Department of the Air Force,  
18 EEOC Request No. 05931049 (April 21, 1994)."

#### 19 DISCUSSION:

20 The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) Suitability  
21 Guidelines for Public Trust Positions defines Public Trust  
22 Positions (PTP) as High (Investigative, Law enforcement) and  
23 Moderate (positions that demand public confidence or trust). Low  
24 (limited) is not a PTP. Both of these Public Trust Positions  
25 require Fiduciary Responsibilities that the Public requires "high

standards of integrity and trust to promote the interest of the public". OPM established a suitability program in the Federal competitive service to reduce the potential for abuse of the public trust, to ensure government-wide uniformity and fairness for applicants, appointees, and employees, and to determine suitability for employment. (5 CFR 731.106, 5 USC 1104, 3301).

Federal Sentencing Guidelines, chapter 3 section 3B1.3 Abuse of Position of Trust - "If the defendant abused a position of public or private trust, or used a special skill, in a manner that significantly facilitated the commission or concealment of the offense, increase by 2 levels... For this adjustment to apply, the position of public or private trust must have contributed in some significant way to facilitating the commission or concealment of the offense (e.g. by making the detection of the offense or the defendant's responsibility for the offense more difficult)."

I believe that in the commission of the unlawful Discrimination and Retaliation against me Postal Service Management, contract EEO Investigator, contract Attorney and the contract EEO Administrative Judge did significantly concealed the offenses and shifted the responsibility for the offenses away from the individuals who committed the unlawful acts on to me.

#### DAMAGES

#### CONSIDERATION:

Title 28 section 1361 - "The district courts shall have original jurisdiction of any action in nature of mandamus to compel an officer or employee of the United States or any agency thereof to perform a duty owed to the plaintiff."

United States Court of Appeals Tenth Circuit, 20 August 2004, No. 02-5196, "... Any employer who violates [the FMLA] shall be liable



to any eligible employee affected-- "(A) for damages equal to-- (i) the amount of--(I) any wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation denied or lost to such employee by reason of the violation; or(II) in a case in which wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation have not been denied or lost to the employee, any actual monetary losses sustained by the employee as a direct result of the violation ... except that if an employer who has violated section 2615 of this title ...(B) for such equitable relief as may be appropriate, including employment, reinstatement, and promotion. 29 U.S.C. . 2617 (1999). ... Thus, as relevant here, Appellee "shall be liable" to Appellant for wages "denied or lost," plus interest, "and an additional amount as liquidated damages equal to the sum of [the lost or denied wages and interest]." ... But the non-discretionary calculation of damages under the FMLA should not be considered a "windfall," but rather a congressional judgment, enforced by the courts, designed to compensate employees for the obscure damages that occur when one wrongfully loses wages, even if only temporarily."

Federal Equal Opportunity Reporter, Richard Jackson v. USPS, EEOC no. 01923399, 12 November 1992 - XII - 186, 933062, 24 December 1992 (exhibit 79) "When a federal agency or the EEOC finds that a federal employee has been discriminated against, the agency must provide full relief. See 29 CFR 1614.501(a); 29 CFR part 1613, Appx A. Under the CFR, this would include a payment of compensatory damages to an identified victim of discrimination on a make-whole basis for any losses suffered as a result of the discrimination... It is a cardinal principle of statutory interpretation that courts are required to give effect to every clause and word of a statute, if possible. See US v. Menasche, 348 US 528 (1955) R.E. Dietz Corp v. US, 939 F.2d 1, 5 (2d Cir. 1991)."

EEO MD-110 chapter 7, 11. - "Before holding a hearing, the Administrative Judge may require the complainant, after receipt of an agency motion or otherwise, to declare whether or not s/he is seeking compensatory damages as relief for the discrimination or retaliation alleged in the complaint, and to proffer or produce evidence demonstrating entitlement to compensatory damages... 12. The Commission has held that evidence from a health care professional is not a mandatory prerequisite to establishing entitlement to compensatory damages. Sinnott V. Department of Defense, EEOC Appeal No. 01952872 (1996); Lawrence V. USPS, EEOC Appeal No. 01952288 (1996); Carpenter v. Department of Agriculture, EEOC Appeal No. 1945652 (1995). 4) whether the complainant has sufficiently asserted a connection between the asserted harm and the alleged discrimination sufficient to

1 establish a causal relationship between the harm and the alleged  
2 discrimination.:"

3 MD 110, chapter 5 3. Failure to State a Claim - 1614.107(a)(1) -  
4 "In determining whether a complaint states a claim, the proper  
5 inquiry is whether the conduct, if true, would constitute an  
6 unlawful employment practice under the EEO statutes... the tier of  
7 fact must consider all of the alleged harassing incidents and  
8 remarks, and considering them together in the light of most  
9 favorable to the complainant, determine whether they are  
10 sufficient to state a claim."

11 Compensation Letter CL04-052, 24 January 2006, SUBJECT:  
12 Inclusions and Deduction in Back Pay Calculations, Background -  
13 "Postal Service employees, or individuals denied employment, may  
14 become eligible for an award of compensatory damages if the  
15 removal or refusal to hire is later determined to be erroneous  
16 through the Article 15 grievance process or through court or  
17 administrative agency decision or settlement."

18 Deposition (exhibit 12) Page 75 "Okay, You also requesting  
19 compensatory damages in the amount of \$300,000."

20 Handbook for AJ chapter 9, II Compensatory Damages, B. Procedures  
21 for Process - "The AJ should provide an explanation regarding the  
22 nature and availability for damages and ask the complainant  
23 whether he/she is seeking damages. Prior to the hearing, the AJ  
24 may also explain what evidence needs to be proffered in order to  
25 establish entitlement and may require a proffer of evidence  
pertaining to the entitlement. The AJ should also give the  
agency the opportunity to proffer any evidence that it believes  
mitigates the complainant's entitlement to requested damages.  
Failure to timely assert claim for damages after appropriate  
notice may be deemed a waiver of entitlement to damages."

42 USC section 1983 - "This statute, enacted to aid in 'the  
preservation of human liberty and human right,' reflects a  
congressional judgment that a 'damages remedy against the  
offending party is a vital component of any scheme for  
vindicating cherished constitutional guarantees'." Civil  
Procedure, A Modern Approach, 2d, 1995, page 186.

I did not receive notice from the Administrative Judge and  
was not given the opportunity to present evidence pertaining to  
entitlement.



1 EEOC, Directives Transmittal, 915.003, section 2: Threshold  
2 issues, Covered Issues: - Job decisions, employment practices -  
3 harassment based on a protected basis - advertising and  
4 recruitment - Retaliation: Actions likely to deter protected  
5 activity."

6 All of my EEO Complaints met the threshold Covered Issues  
7 requirements.

8 Dismissal of Formal EEO Complaint, 1E-981-0044-08, 18 Jun 08  
9 (exhibit 55) page 2 - "There is no evidence complainant was  
10 subjected to any adverse action or that complainant was denied  
11 any entitlement in relation to a term, condition or privilege of  
12 employment..." I was embarrassed and denied Union Time,  
13 information, training, tools, typewriter, cooling fans, email,  
14 and promotions all violations of conditions and terms of  
15 employment.

#### 16 Scope of Review

17 Pursuant to Title 5 section 706 I ask the reviewing court to  
18 compel the agency action unlawfully withheld. I ask the court to  
19 hold unlawful and set aside the agency actions, findings and  
20 conclusions with due account taken of the rule of prejudicial  
21 error.

22 I plead with the Court for a De Nova review of my original  
23 EEO complaints of:

- 24 1. Age - (exhibit 1) Was being given a 2005 Maintenance  
25 Grinch Award during a staff meeting and 18 cents 23  
December 2004 two days before Christmas discrimination?
2. Sex - (exhibit 2) Was Management's failure to post on the  
official bulletin board in the P&DC facility the Supervisor  
Job Vacancy Announcement the required 15 days and denied me

1 the opportunity to apply for a vacant maintenance  
2 supervisor position discrimination for my first EEO  
3 complaint?

4 3. Age - (exhibit 3) When a fellow employee directed foul,  
5 abusive and threatening language and gestures at me. The  
6 Supervisor did nothing and the other employee was allowed  
7 to go to a training class the next week that was cancel for  
8 me. Was this discrimination?

9 4. Sex - (exhibit 4) Did management discriminate against me  
10 by not posting on the employee bulletin boards in the PMA  
11 and all facilities in the recruitment area as required by  
12 39 CFR 243.2(a), handbook EL 312.223 & 321.2, Handbook EL-  
13 350.3, and ELM 612.231 & 334.33 the job vacancy  
14 announcement for my second EEO complaint?

15 5. Sex - (exhibit 4) I mailed my 991 before the closing of  
16 the Job Vacancy position. The undated letter I received  
17 stated that the 991 was not received before the posting was  
18 closed. Did the Postal Service discrimination against me?

19 6. Sex - (exhibit 4) Did discrimination occur Karen Black was  
20 given assistance and preferential treatment by management  
21 before being selected for the Supervisor position in Tool &  
22 Parts?

23 7. Retaliation - (exhibits 3, 4) Was there retaliation for  
24 EEO activities, 1E-981-0018, Aug 06, and 1E-981-0037, Apr  
25 08?

1 8. Retaliation - Was there retaliation for other protected  
2 activities?

3 9. Process Discrimination/Retaliation - Was there process  
4 discrimination and retaliation during the administrative  
5 processing of my EEO Complaints?  
6

7 REMEDIES  
8

9 1. I plead with the Court for the embarrassment and  
10 discrimination of the Grinch Award given to me during a  
11 Management meeting to award me under the Age Discrimination in  
12 Employment Act of 1967, 29 U.S.C. section 621, 633a, the monetary  
13 remedy of \$5,000 (exhibit 1).

14 2. I plead with the Court for the discrimination for not  
15 posting on the Official Bulletin Board a Supervisor Job Vacancy  
16 Announcement and the lost opportunity to apply for a Supervisor's  
17 position because I was told 1 day before the vacancy closed to  
18 award me under the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. section  
19 1983 and section 2000e the monetary remedy of \$300,000 (exhibit  
20 2).

21 3. I plead with the Court for the foul and abusive language  
22 leveled at me during a Management meeting and the denial of  
23 training to award me under the Age Discrimination in Employment  
24 Act of 1967, 29 U.S.C. section 621, 633a, the monetary remedy of  
25 \$5,000 (exhibit 3).

1 4. I plead with the Court for the discrimination of not  
2 posting on the Official Bulletin Board a Supervisor Job Vacancy  
3 Announcement and for saying that I did not apply (in time) for a  
4 Supervisor Position when I did, to award me under the Civil  
5 Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. section 1983 and section 2000e the  
6 monetary remedy of \$300,000 (exhibit 4).

7 5. I plead with the Court for the discrimination and  
8 retaliation suffered during the processing of my Administrative  
9 Complaints denying me the Right to Due Process pursuant to Title  
10 42 section 1983 and Title 29 section 1614.102 to award me the  
11 maximum EEOC monetary remedy of \$300,000.

12 6. I plead with the Court pursuant to Title 29 section  
13 1614.501 to be awarded a Maintenance Supervisor day shift  
14 position at the Seattle Processing and Distribution Center that I  
15 was unlawfully denied.

16 7. I plead with the Court pursuant to Program Fraud Civil  
17 Remedies Act of 1986 for the Postal Service's fraudulently  
18 contracting out my idea to upgrade the TMS equipment, giving me  
19 discipline, removing me from TMS work, denying me tools, awards,  
20 training, cooling fans, typewriter, Union time and unlawfully  
21 blaming me in retaliation for need to contract out the TMS  
22 equipment upgrades under the Whistleblower Retaliation Act to  
23 award me the monetary remedy \$4,265,798 (exhibit 116) contract  
24 price.

1        8. I plead with the Court pursuant to Title 18 section 372  
2 for the Postal Service's unlawful contracting out my idea in  
3 retaliation to make the Power Panel part to award me the monetary  
4 remedy of \$3,600,000 (exhibit 161) for the Economic Savings the  
5 Postal Service will have.

6        9. I plead with the Court for a writ of mandamus pursuant to  
7 Title 28 section 1361 to compel the Equal Employment Opportunity  
8 Commission pursuant to 29 CFR 1614.501 and Title 3 section 454 to  
9 stop the United States Postal Service's practice of using non-  
10 independent out-of-state contract EEO Investigators and require  
11 the use of local non-Attorneys during the non-legal  
12 Administrative process (if the employee does not have one) to  
13 save millions of dollars on the administrative costs of the non-  
14 legal EEOC Administrative Complaint Process (exhibit 18).

15        10. I plead with the Court for a writ of mandamus pursuant  
16 to Title 28 section 1361 to compel the Inspector General, David  
17 C. Williams, of the United States Postal Service pursuant to ELM  
18 664, 666.32 and the lawful duty owed under Title 39 Part 230  
19 (exhibit 149) to investigate "all employee misconduct issues" of  
20 any employee named in this Complaint and including the "delay of  
21 mail" accusations leveled against me. I ask the Court to compel  
22 the Inspector General to provide me a copy of the completed non-  
23 criminal investigation (exhibits 130, 137).

24        11. I plead with the Court for a writ of mandamus pursuant  
25 to Title 28 section 1361 to compel the Chief Postal Inspector,

1 William Gilligan, of the United States Postal Service pursuant to  
2 ELM 661.2 and the lawful duty owed under Title 18 section 3061 to  
3 conduct criminal investigations of all employees named in this  
4 Complaint for violations of Criminal Statutes and other postal  
5 offenses detailed in this Complaint. I ask the Court to compel  
6 the Chief Inspector to provide me a copy of the completed  
7 Criminal Investigation (Exhibit 137).


8 12. I plead with the Court based on the Inspector General's  
9 civil investigation findings for a writ of mandamus pursuant to  
10 Title 28 section 1361 to compel the Postmaster General, John P.  
11 Potter, of the United States Postal Service pursuant to Title 5  
12 section 2302 to discipline any employee named in this Complaint  
13 found to have violated the Ethical Conduct Rules pursuant to ELM  
14 665.6 "Postal officials may take appropriate disciplinary  
15 measures to correct violations of the regulations referred to in  
16 665." ELM 665 Postal Service Standards of Conduct. I ask the  
17 Court to compel the Postmaster General to provide me a copy of  
18 the Final Agency Decision for discipline (or not) of any employee  
19 named in this Complaint.

20 13. I plead with the Court for a writ of mandamus pursuant  
21 to Title 28 section 1361 based on the Chief Inspector's criminal  
22 investigation findings to compel the Postmaster General, John P.  
23 Potter, to remove Employees in Public Trust Positions who have  
24 violated the Public's Trust so they can do no more harm. I ask  
25 for the Court to compel the Postmaster General, John P. Potter,

1 to provide me a copy of the Final Agency Decision for removal (or  
2 not) of any employee who is named in this Complaint.

3 14. I plead with the Court pursuant to Title 28 section 1296  
4 for the right to file a Civil Complaint in Federal District Court  
5 for the action or inaction of the Investigations or any of the  
6 Final Agency's Decisions for the Court's review of any  
7 dissatisfaction in regards to the violation of any Federal  
8 Regulation or Law by United States Postal Service employee(s)  
9 named in this Complaint.

10  
11 Dated this 28th day of December, 2008

12  
13   
14 Lance McDermott  
15 1819 So 104 ST  
16 Seattle, WA 98168  
17 206 763-6268  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25

-Exhibits:

Binder 1:

- 1- EEO complaint – Grinch Award 4 Jan 06
- 2- EEO complaint, - Linda Mainor promotion 1E-981-0018-0631, Mar 06
- 3- EEO pre-complaint – Ted Limmer foul language, 11 Mar 06
- 4- EEO complaint, Karen Black promotion, 9 Apr 08
- 5- Formal Investigation questions, 25 May 06
- 6- EEO investigation report, Linda, 1 Apr 06
- 7- Administrative judge's Acknowledgement and Order, 13 Nov 06
- 8- Attorney's letter, nothing to discuss/notice of Deposition – 17 Nov 06
- 9- Motion for protection, 24 Nov 06
- 10- Telephone answer messages Attorney/AJ, 30 Nov 06
- 11- AL order Denying Motion for Protection, 1 Dec 06
- 12- Deposition, 4 Dec 06
- 13- Attorney response to Discovery request, 22 Dec 06
- 14- Attorney's First Set of interrogatories, 28 Dec 06
- 15- Notice of intent to Sue and Allegations of Process Discrimination, w/13 ex, 8 Jan 07
- 16- Attorney Motion for Decision, 11 Jun 08
- 17- Motion for Decision, 24 Jun 08
- 18- Petition for Remedy, 24 Jun 08
- 19- EEOC Decision on Appeal, 2 Oct 08
- 20- EEO Service letter in response to Decision, 29 Sep 08
- 21- Statement in Opposition, 13 Aug 08
- 22- EEO notice of Right to file, 1E-981-0018-06, 16 Mar 06
- 23- Job Vacancy Announcement and form 991 Application, 27 Feb 08
- 24- Shared Service Center application rejection letter, undated
- 25- EEO notice of Right to file, Karen, 1E-981-0022-08, 10 Apr 08
- 26- Mediation 1E-981-0022-08, 4 Apr 08
- 27- Mediation 1E-981-0037-07, 24 May 07
- 28- Mediation 1E-981-0018-06, 15 Mar 06
- 29- EEOC Acknowledgement of Complaint, Karen, 1E-981-0044-08, 18 Jun 08
- 30- EEO Partial Acceptance, Linda, 1E-981-0018-06, 9 May 06
- 31- EEO Revised Partial Acceptance, Linda, 1E-981-0018-06, 10 May 06
- 32- Letter to EEO investigator sex/age, 22 May 06
- 33- Request for Hearing 1E-981-0018-06, 3 Aug 06
- 34- AJ order for complaint file, 25 Sep 06
- 35- EEO response to order for complaint file, 28 Sep 08
- 36- Attorney Opposition to Appeal/Motion to dismiss, 1E-981-0018-06, 14 Jul 07
- 37- EEO letter – Rights/Pub 133, 23 Nov 07
- 38- EEO notice of final interview, Grinch Award/training, 1E-981-0037-07, 27 Jul 07
- 39- 2006 bid plan – posting
- 40- 2006 Job Bid Management
- 41- Bid Cluster information – Posting
- 42- In the Loop – Posting, May 2007



- 43- EEO Policy, 13 Dec 01
- 44- Posting and Employee Bulletin Boards – exhibits
- 45- Investigative Summary 1E-981-0018-06, 13 Jul 06
- 46- EEO investigative Affidavit, Wayne Witzel, MMO, 20 Jun 06
- 47- EEO district Policy, 1 Oct 06
- 48- EEO district Policy – informal/formal complaints, FY 2007
- 49- EEO investigations district policy FY 2007
- 50- Policy – postmaster
- 51- Policy(s) – threats, 1 Oct 07
- 52- AJ Decision without hearing 1E-981-0018-06, 1 Jul 08
- 53- Appeal decision with 31 exhibits 1E-981-0018-06, 23 Jul 08
- 54- Notice of right to file, 1E-981-0044-08, 2 Jun 08
- 55- Dismissal of Formal EEO complaint 1E-981-0044-08, 18 Jun 08
- 56- Appeal for review with 8 exhibits #1E-981-0044-08, 23 Jul 08
- 57- Letter sent to Attorney request for documents, 24 Nov 06
- 58- Letter from EEO investigator regarding age/sex affidavit, 25 Jun 06
- 59- GAO report GGD-98-200R – posting
- 60- Letter from EEOC acknowledge Petition 1E-981-0018-06, 7 Jul 08
- 61- Letter from EEOC acknowledge Appeal 1E-981-0044-08, 19 Aug 08
- 62- Attorney's Motion to Strike Supporting Statement, 1E-981-0018-06, 2 Sep 08
- 63- Motion to combine #1E981004408 and #1E981001806, 11 Sep 08
- 64- Supporting Statement, w/15 exhibits, #1E-981-0018-06, 23 Jul 08
- 65- Statement in Opposition to Agency's Response, w/ 2 exhibits, 13 Aug 08

Binder 2:

- 66- Motion in Opposition of Motion to Dismiss, 23 Jul 08
- 67- Support Statement 1E981004408/1E981001806, 2 Sept 08
- 68- Agency's Response to Appeal and Supporting Statement, 4 Aug 08
- 69- EL 312.4 Registers – promotion
- 70- Manager's Overview of EAS Selection process, Feb 2007
- 71- 204B program
- 72- Joint Statement on Violence and Behavior in the Workplace, 14 Feb 92
- 73- EAS Promotion Report, Linda Mainor, Mar 06
- 74- Trans investigative File/Acknowledge letter, 1E9810018-06, 4 Apr 06
- 75- EAS Promotion Report, Tom French, Jul 05
- 76- EAS Promotion Report, higher level RFI, Al Berube, Jul 05
- 77- POSTER - eCareer, 1 April 2008
- 78- EL 312.736.1 Vacancy File
- 79- EEO reporter, compensatory damages, Dec 92
- 80- EEOC Decision, Karen, 1E-981-0044-08, 10 Nov 08
- 81- EEO Dispute Resolution confirmation letter, 27 Dec 05
- 82- ACE user information – no email
- 83- CBA, training, promotions
- 84- How to Apply, Oct 07
- 85- Seattle Policy – EAS Vacancy, Sep 07
- 86- EEO Investigative Services, Acceptance of Remanded Claim, received 21 Nov 08

- 87- Notice of Intent to Sue sent to EEOC & Investigative Service, 22 Nov 08
- 88- 204B posting, 23 Nov 07
- 89- Idea Proposal, TMS, 22 Sep 00
- 90- Memo, TMS problems Oct 01
- 91- JC Penny, TMS trolleys Nov 01
- 92- Memo TMS rail wear, Jan 02
- 93- Letter to OSHA, unsafe TMS procedures, May 02
- 94- OSHA unsafe parking lot, Mar 01 – Sep 02
- 95- Grievance, Air tool use, Sep 02
- 96- Accident Report, hand injury, Sep 02
- 97- OSHA Notice of Alleged Safety Hazard, Aug 02
- 98- Grievance, personnel fans, Sep 02
- 99- Letter sent to General Counsel USPS, Dec 02
- 100- Seven Day suspension, Mail removal, 15 Jan 03
- 101- Grievance filed, harassment, Feb 03
- 102- Idea Proposal, TMS Trolley rebuild, Jan 03
- 103- Typewriter removal, Jan 03
- 104- NLRB Discrimination Complaint, 29 Jan 03
- 105- OSHA Discrimination complaint 27 Feb 03
- 106- EEOC's letter to USPS accept complaint, 13 Nov 08
- 107- Reports of hazards/Idea Proposal 00-01
- 108- TMS Rail crossings, 11 Jan 02
- 109- OSHA, TMS procedures, 24 Apr 02
- 110- Air tool use Policy
- 111- Management Email messages, Jan 02 – Aug 03
- 112- OSHA complaint for harassment, 24 December 2002
- 113- OSHA interview statement, 17 Mar 03
- 114- Cooling fan grievance settlement, 29 Apr 03
- 115- TMS Request for Information denial, Jeff Carter, Apr – May 03

Binder 3:

- 116- TMS RFI, Taylor Welsh, TMS DAR, May 03
- 117- OSHA letter postponing investigation, 12 May 03
- 118- Grievance, denial of Union time, 28 May 03
- 119- EEO Mediation, Tim, 19 Jun 03
- 120- Grievance TMS contracting, standing WO Trolley rebuild, 24 Jun 03
- 121- Grievance lack of TMS training, 30 Jun 03
- 122- NLRB charge form, 1 Jul 03
- 123- Notice of Suspension, reading ELM, 7 Aug 03
- 124- Pre Arbitration Settlement, 27 Aug 08
- 125- NLRB status of case, 27 Aug 04
- 126- Grievance decision TMS contracting, 12 Apr 04
- 127- Department of Labor, Title 29, 186 violations, 30 Apr 04
- 128- Step 2 Grievance Decision, TMS Trolleys, 14 May 04
- 129- Step 1 Grievance Summary, TMS training, 15 Jun 04
- 130- Letter sent to Ethical Conduct Officer Jan 04 and CPI Jul 04

- 131- RFI higher level assignments, 9 Sep 04
- 132- NLRB case status, 21 Oct 04
- 133- Petition to VP Black, 2 Feb 05
- 134- Grievance Settlement, TMS Training, 8 Apr 05
- 135- Letter to NLRB, Apr – May 05
- 136- NLRB and OSHA letters 20 Aug 05
- 137- Letters sent Jun/Aug 05
- 138- OSHA complaint closed, 30 Aug 05
- 139- Postal Rate Commission, 15 Nov 05
- 140- NLRB letter and my response, 9 Dec 05
- 141- Suspension removed from OPF, 17 Feb 06
- 142- OSHA letter dismissing complaint, 27 Feb 06
- 143- Appeal sent to OSHA, 13 Mar 06
- 144- OSHA denial, 24 May 2006
- 145- Letter to VP Labor Relations, 24 Jun 06
- 146- NLRB withdrawn, 14 Jul 06
- 147- Letter to Senator Patty Murray/USPS response, 13 Aug 06
- 148- Letter to Office of Government Ethics, 24 Aug 06
- 149- OIG letter – employee misconduct, 28 Aug 06
- 150- Appeal to District Court, 15 Sep 06
- 151- Grievance Safety Talk instruction, 11 Feb 03
- 152- Grievance Handicapped accessible, 14 Nov 03
- 153- NLRB status update w/statement, 24 Aug 03
- 154- NLRB status w/statement, 20 Apr 04
- 155- TMS contracting rebuttal, 20 May 03
- 156- Letter to NLRB, step in, 16 Sep 04
- 157- RFI TMS denial, 24 Aug 05
- 158- Letter from Congressman McDermott, 20 Sept 05
- 159- Letter from APWU sex/nepotism, 24 Apr 07
- 160- Letter to Senator Murray, Stamp Vending machines, 20 Mar 08
- 161- SPBS part, Oct – Nov 08
- 162- TMS Tech Note, lockout, May 05
- 163- USPS TMS letter to APWU, Feb 99
- 164- Grievances, Security, 01-03
- 165- Letter Postal Police removal, Jun 2003
- 166- Grievance, air tool, fan, contracting, 23 May 03
- 167- Maintenance Q&A, TMS duties/training, May 04
- 168- FSM training, Mar 05
- 169- TMS life expectancy, RFI – 2011
- 170- EEO Investigation Services, 1 Dec 08
- 171- Setting the Record Straight, EVA, 02
- 172- EEO Investigation Office, assign investigator, 5 Dec 08
- 173- EEO IO, affidavit, 9 Dec 08